

YOUR GROUP INSURANCE PLAN BENEFITS

TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION GROUP

CLASS 0001

AD&D, OPTIONAL LIFE, DENTAL BASE, LTD, LIFE, STD, VISION

CALIFORNIA

The enclosed certificate is intended to explain the benefits provided by the Plan. It does not constitute the Policy Contract. Your rights and benefits are determined in accordance with the provisions of the Policy, and your insurance is effective only if you are eligible for insurance and remain insured in accordance with its terms.
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CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE

The Guardian

7 Hanover Square New York, New York 10004

We, The Guardian, certify that the employee named below is entitled to the insurance benefits provided by The Guardian described in this certificate, provided the eligibility and effective date requirements of the plan are satisfied.

Group Policy No.	Certificate No.	Effective Date
Issued To		

This CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE replaces any CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE previously issued under the above Plan or under any other Plan providing similar or identical benefits issued to the Planholder by The Guardian.

> Stuart J Shaw Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-3-R-STK-90-3 B110.0023

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CGP-3-TOC-96 B140.0003

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COMPLAINT NOTICE

This notice is to advise you that should any complaints arise regarding this insurance you may contact the Guardian at the following address or phone number:

The Guardian Sales Office 7676 Hazard Center Drive Hazard Center Office Tower, Suite 340 San Diego, California 92108 Telephone: (619) 298-7998 (800) 769-6759

Fax: (619) 296-3912

If you feel your complaints have not been resolved after contacting the Guardian you may contact the California Department of Insurance at the following address or phone number:

Department of Insurance 300 South Spring St. Los Angeles, CA 90013

Consumer Hotline: 1-800-927-4357

CGP-3-CADISC-91 B120.0011

Dental Services Not IMPORTANT: If you opt to receive dental services that are not covered Covered By This services under this plan, a participating dental provider may charge you his Plan or her usual and customary rate for those services. Prior to providing a patient with dental services that are not a covered benefit, the dentist should provide to the patient a treatment plan that includes each anticipated service to be provided and the estimated cost of each service. If you would like more information about dental coverage options, you may call member services at 1-888-618-2016 or your insurance broker. To fully understand your coverage, you may wish to carefully review this evidence of coverage document.

> CGP-3-CADISC B120.0074

GENERAL PROVISIONS

As used in this booklet:

"Accident and health" means any dental, dismemberment, hospital, long term disability, major medical, out-of-network point-of-service, prescription drug, surgical, vision care or weekly loss-of-time insurance provided by this plan.

"Covered person" means an employee or a dependent insured by this plan.

"Employer" means the employer who purchased this plan.

"Our," "The Guardian," "us" and "we" mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

"Plan" means the Guardian *plan* of group insurance purchased by your *employer*.

"You" and "your" mean an employee insured by this plan.

CGP-3-R-GENPRO-90

B160.0002

Limitation of Authority

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of The Guardian, has the authority to act for us to: (a) determine whether any contract, plan or certificate of insurance is to be issued; (b) waive or alter any provisions of any insurance contract or plan, or any requirements of The Guardian; (c) bind us by any statement or promise relating to any insurance contract issued or to be issued; or (d) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

CGP-3-R-LOA-90 B160.0004

Incontestability

This *plan* is incontestable after two years from its date of issue, except for non-payment of premiums.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a person insured under this *plan* shall be used in contesting the validity of his insurance or in denying a claim for a loss incurred, or for a disability which starts, after such insurance has been in force for two years during his lifetime.

If this *plan* replaces a plan your *employer* had with another insurer, we may rescind the *employer's plan* based on misrepresentations made by the *employer* in a signed application for up to two years from the effective date of this *plan*.

CGP-3-R-INCY-96 B160.0061

We have the right to have a doctor of our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under this plan as often as we feel necessary. And we have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death, where allowed by law. We'll pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

CGP-3-R-EA-90 B160.0006

Accident and Health Claims Provisions

Your right to make a claim for any accident and health benefits provided by this plan, is governed as follows:

Notice You must send us written notice of an injury or sickness for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the injury occurs or the sickness starts. This notice should include your name and plan number. If the claim is being made for one of your covered dependents, his or her name should also be noted.

Proof of Loss We'll furnish you with forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. But if we don't furnish the forms on time, we'll accept a written description and adequate documentation of the injury or sickness that is the basis of the claim as proof of loss. You must detail the nature and extent of the loss for which the claim is being made. You must send us written proof within 90 days of the loss.

> If this plan provides weekly loss-of-time insurance, you must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the end of each period for which we're liable. If this plan provides long term disability income insurance, you must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the date we request it. For any other loss, you must send us written proof within 90 days of the loss.

Late Notice of Proof

We won't void or reduce your claim if you can't send us notice and proof of loss within the required time. But you must send us notice and proof as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment of Benefits

We'll pay benefits for loss of income once every 30 days for as long as we're liable, provided you submit periodic written proof of loss as stated above. We'll pay all other accident and health benefits to which you're entitled as soon as we receive written proof of loss.

We pay all accident and health benefits to you, if you're living. If you're not living, we have the right to pay all accident and health benefits, except dismemberment benefits, to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; (e) your brothers and sisters; and (f) any unpaid provider of health care services. See "Your Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits" for how dismemberment benefits are paid.

When you file proof of loss, you may direct us, in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. We may honor such direction at our option. But we can't tell you that a particular provider must provide such care. And you may not assign your right to take legal action under this plan to such provider.

Accident and Health Claims Provisions (Cont.)

Limitations of You can't bring a legal action against this plan until 60 days from the date Actions you file proof of loss. And you can't bring legal action against this plan after three years from the date you file proof of loss.

Compensation

Workers' The accident and health benefits provided by this plan are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

> CGP-3-R-AHC-90 B160.0005

Coordination Between Continuation Sections

A covered person may be eligible to continue his group health benefits under this plan's "Federal Continuation Rights" section and under other continuation sections of this plan at the same time. If he chooses to continue his group health benefits under more than one section, the continuations: (a) start at the same time; (b) run concurrently; and (c) end independently, on their own terms.

A covered person covered under more than one of this plan's continuation sections: (a) will not be entitled to duplicate benefits; and (b) will not be subject to the premium requirements of more than one section at the same time.

CGP-3-R-COC-87 B240.0044

An Important Notice About Continuation Rights

The following "Federal Continuation Rights" section may not apply to the employer's plan. The employee must contact his employer to find out if: (a) the employer is subject to the "Federal Continuation Rights" section, and therefore; (b) the section applies to the employee.

CGP-3-R-NCC-87 B240.0064

YOUR CONTINUATION RIGHTS

Federal Continuation Rights

Important Notice This section applies only to any dental, out-of-network point-of-service medical, major medical, prescription drug or vision coverages which are part of this plan. In this section, these coverages are referred to as "group health benefits."

> This section does not apply to any coverages which apply to loss of life, or to loss of income due to disability. These coverages can not be continued under this section.

> Under this section, "qualified continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this plan as: (a) an active, covered employee; (b) the spouse of an active covered employee; or (c) the dependent child of an active, covered employee. A child born to, or adopted by, the covered employee during a continuation period is also a qualified continuee. Any other person who becomes covered under this plan during a continuation provided by this section is not a qualified continuee.

Conversion

Continuing the group health benefits does not stop a qualified continuee from converting some of these benefits when continuation ends. But, conversion will be based on any applicable conversion privilege provisions of this plan in force at the time the continuation ends.

Health Benefits End

If your group health benefits end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, you may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, if you were not terminated due to gross misconduct.

> The continuation: (a) may cover you or any other qualified continuee; and (b) is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Continuees

Extra Continuation If a qualified continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI for Disabled of the Social Security Act on or during the first 60 days after the date his or Qualified her group health benefits would otherwise end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, and such disability lasts at least until the end of the 18 month period of continuation coverage, he or she or any member of that person's family who is a qualified continuee may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period explained above for up to an extra 11 months.

> To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, a qualified continuee must give your employer written proof of Social Security's determination of the disabled qualified continuee's disability as described in "The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities". If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the qualified continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify your employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in "When Continuation Ends."

This extra 11 month continuation is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from all qualified continuees who are members of the disabled qualified continuee's family by your employer during this extra 11 month continuation period, provided the disabled qualified continuee has extended coverage.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-1 B235.0164

If You Die While If you die while insured, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits Insured would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

> CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-2 B235.0075

If Your Marriage If your marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation, any qualified Ends continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Eliaibility

If a Dependent If a dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of Child Loses dependent eligibility as defined in this plan, other than your coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such dependent child must be a qualified continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Concurrent If a dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to your Continuations termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month or 29 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month or 29 month continuation period, the dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of continuation due to any of the reasons stated above.

> The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare

If you become entitled to Medicare before a termination of employment or reduction of work hours, a special rule applies for a dependent. The continuation period for a dependent, after your later termination of employment or reduction of work hours, will be the longer of: (a) 18 months (29 months if there is a disability extension) from your termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or (b) 36 months from the date of your earlier entitlement to Medicare. If Medicare entitlement occurs more than 18 months before termination of employment or reduction of work hours, this special Medicare rule does not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities

A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify your employer, in writing, of: (a) your legal divorce or legal separation from your spouse; (b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this plan, of an insured dependent child; (c) a second event that would qualify a person for continuation coverage after a qualified continuee has become entitled to continuation with a maximum of 18 or 29 months; (d) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee entitled to receive continuation with a maximum of 18 months has become disabled during the first 60 days of such continuation; and (e) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee is no longer disabled.

Notice of an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section must be given to your employer by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date on which an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section occurs; (b) the date on which the qualified continuee loses (or would lose) coverage under this plan as a result of the event; or (c) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to your employer and this plan's procedures for providing such notice.

Notice of a disability determinaton must be given to your employer by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date of the Social Security Administration determination; (b) the date of the event that would qualify a person for continuation; (c) the date the qualified continuee loses or would lose coverage; or (d) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to your employer and this plan's procedures for providing such notice. But such notice must be given before the end of the first 18 months of continuation coverage.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-3 B235.0178

Your Employer's Responsibilities

A qualified continuee must be notified, in writing, of: (a) his or her right to continue this plan's group health benefits; (b) the premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and (c) the times and manner in which such payments must be made.

Your employer must give notice of the following qualifying events to the plan administrator within 30 days of the event: (a) your death; (b) termination of employment (other than for gross misconduct) or reduction in hours of employment; (c) Medicare entitlement; or (d) if you are a retired employee, a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code with respect to the employer. Upon receipt of notice of a qualifying event from your employer or from a qualified continuee, the plan administrator must notify a qualified continuee of the right to continue this plan's group health benefits no later than 14 days after receipt of notice.

If your employer is also the plan administrator, in the case of a qualifying event for which an employer must give notice to a plan administrator, your employer must provide notice to a qualified continuee of the right to continue this plan's group health benefits within 44 days of the qualifying event.

If your employer determines that an individual is not eligible for continued group health benefits under this plan, they must notify the individual with an explanation of why such coverage is not available. This notice must be provided within the time frame described above.

If a qualified continuee's continued group health benefits under this plan are cancelled prior to the maximum continuation period, your employer must notify the qualified continuee as soon as practical following determination that the continued group health benefits shall terminate.

Liability

Your Employer's Your employer will be liable for the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, us, if: (a) he or she fails to remit a qualified continuee's timely premium payment to us on time, thereby causing the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or (b) he or she fails to notify the qualified continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of To continue his or her group health benefits, the qualified continuee must Continuation give your employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. This must be done by the later of: (a) 60 days from the date a qualified continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from your employer as described above; or (b) the date coverage would otherwise end. And the qualified continuee must pay his or her first premium in a timely manner.

> The subsequent premiums must be paid to your employer, by the qualified continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by your employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

> The premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the qualified continuee stayed insured under the group plan on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by your employer. Except as explained in "Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees", an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by your employer.

> If the qualified continuee fails to give your employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of A qualified continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first Premiums payment after the qualified continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified due date. If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the plan requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the requirement for the premium that must be paid; unless your employer notifies the qualified continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. Payment is calculated to be made on the date on which it is sent to your employer.

When Continuation Ends

A qualified continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

- (1) with respect to continuation upon your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
- with respect to a qualified continuee who has an additional 11 months of continuation due to disability, the earlier of: (a) the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or (b) the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that the disabled qualified continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act;
- (3) with respect to continuation upon your death, your legal divorce, or legal separation, or the end of an insured dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end:
- (4) the date the employer ceases to provide any group health plan to any employee;

- (5) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
- (6) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which does not contain any pre-existing condition exclusion or limitation affecting him or her; or
- (7) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-4

B235.0198

Uniformed Services Continuation Rights

If you enter or return from military service, you may have special rights under this *plan* as a result of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 ("USERRA").

If your group health benefits under this *plan* would otherwise end because you enter into active military service, this *plan* will allow you, or your dependents, to continue such coverage in accord with the provisions of USERRA. As used here, "group health benefits" means any dental, out-of-network point-of service medical, major medical, prescription drug or vision coverages which are part of this *plan*.

Coverage under this plan may be continued while you are in the military for up to a maximum period of 24 months beginning on the date of absence from work. Continued coverage will end if you fail to return to work in a timely manner after military service ends as provided under USERRA. You should contact your employer for details about this continuation provision including required premium payments.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-4

B235.0195

ELIGIBILITY FOR LIFE AND DISMEMBERMENT COVERAGES

B264.0003

Employee Coverage

Eligible Employees To be eligible for employee coverage, you must be an active full-time employee. And you must belong to a class of employees covered by this plan.

Other Conditions You must:

- (a) be legally working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.
- (b) be regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by your *employer* (but not less than 30 hours per week), at:
 - your employer's place of business;
 - (ii) some place where your employer's business requires you to travel: or
 - (iii) any other place you and your employer have agreed upon for performance of occupational duties.

If you must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, we won't insure you until you enroll and agree to make the required payments. If you do this: (a) more than 31 days after you first become eligible; or (b) after you previously had coverage which ended because you failed to make a required payment, we also ask for proof that you're insurable. And you won't be covered until we approve that proof in writing.

Part or all of your insurance amounts may be subject to proof that you're insurable. The Life Schedule explains if and when we require proof. You won't be covered for any amount that requires such proof until you give the proof to us and we approve it in writing.

If your active full-time service ends before you meet any proof of insurability requirements that apply to you, you'll still have to meet those requirements if you're later re-employed.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0 B264.2292

Coverage Starts

When Your Employee benefits that don't require proof that you are insurable are scheduled to start on the effective date shown on the sticker attached to the inside front cover of this booklet.

> Employee benefits that require such proof won't start until you send us the proof and we approve it in writing. Once we have approved it, the benefits are scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of your application. A copy of the approved application is furnished to you.

But you must be fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation for your employer on a full-time basis at 12:01AM Standard Time for your place of residence on the scheduled effective date or dates. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are not fully capable of performing the major duties of your occupation on any date part of your insurance is scheduled to start, we will postpone that part of your coverage until the date you are so capable and are working your regular number of hours.

Sometimes, the effective date shown on the sticker or in the endorsement is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; or during an approved leave of absence, not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; and if you were performing the major duties of your regular occupation and working your regular number of hours on your last regularly scheduled work day, your coverage will start on the scheduled effective date. However, any coverage or part of coverage for which you must elect and pay all or part of the cost, will not start if you are on an approved leave and such coverage or part of coverage was not previously in force for you under a prior plan which this *plan* replaced.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0 B264.0690

Delayed Effective Date For Employee Optional Life Coverage

With respect to this plan's employee optional group term life insurance, if an employee is not actively at work on a full-time basis on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start, due to sickness or injury, we'll postpone coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to that condition. We'll postpone such coverage until he or she completes 10 consecutive days of active full-time service without missing a work day due to the same condition.

Coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to all other conditions will start on the date the *employee* returns to active *full-time* service.

CGP-3-DEF-97 B270.0384

When Your Your coverage ends on the date your active full-time service ends for any Coverage Ends reason. Such reasons include disability, death, retirement, layoff, leave of absence and the end of employment.

> It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for insurance under this plan, or when this plan ends for all employees. And it ends when this plan is changed so that benefits for the class of employees to which you belong ends.

> It ends on the date you are no longer working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Read this booklet carefully if your coverage ends. You may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time. And you may have the right to replace certain group benefits with converted policies.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B264.2361

Your Right To Continue Group Life Insurance During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice This section may not apply. You must contact your employer to find out if your employer must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

Continuation of Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment insurance may be continued Coverage at your employer's option. You must contact your employer to find out if you may continue this insurance.

If Your Group Group insurance may normally end for an employee because he or she Coverage Would ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the employee may End continue his or her group insurance if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the employee to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child, or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the employee's own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the employee is on active duty(or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The employee will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation **Ends**

Insurance may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- In the case of a leave granted to you to care for a covered servicemember: The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to you under this section for all reasons. If you take an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.
- In any other case: The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which your Employer's Plan is terminated or you are no longer eligible for coverage under this Plan.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- Active Duty: This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- Covered Servicemember: This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- Next Of Kin: This term means the nearest blood relative of the employee.
- Outpatient Status: This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- Serious Injury Or Illness: This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B264.2450

Dependent Life Coverage

CGP-3-DEP-90-1.0 B264.0056

Eligible Dependents Your eligible dependents are: your legal spouse who is under age 70, and For Optional your unmarried dependent children, until they reach age 23 and your Dependent Life unmarried dependent children, from age 23 until they reach age 25, who are **Benefits** enrolled as full-time students at accredited schools.

> CGP-3-DEP-90-3.0 B264.2669

And Step-Children

Adopted Children Your "unmarried dependent children" include your legally adopted children and, if they depend on you for most of their support and maintenance, your step-children. We treat a child as legally adopted if the child is in your legal custody under an interim court order of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Eligible

Dependents Not We exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

CGP-3-DEP-90-3.1 B264.2594

Handicapped Children

You may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who can't support himself. Subject to all of the terms of this section and the *plan*, such a child may stay eligible for dependent health benefits past this *plan*'s age limit.

The child will stay eligible as long as he stays unmarried and unable to support himself, if: (a) his conditions started before he reached this *plan*'s age limit; (b) he became insured by this *plan* before he reached the age limit, and stayed continuously insured until he reached such limit; (c) he depends on you for most of his support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, you must send us written *proof* that the child is handicapped and depends on you for most of his support and maintenance. You have 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic *proof* that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, we can't ask for this *proof* more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when yours does.

CGP-3-DEP-90-4.0 B264.0541

Proof Of Insurability

We require *proof* that a dependent is insurable, if you: (a) enroll a dependent and agree to make the required payments after the end of the *enrollment period;* (b) in the case of a newly acquired dependent, other than the first newborn child, have other eligible dependents who you have not elected to enroll; or (c) in the case of a *newly acquired dependent,* have other *eligible dependents* whose coverage previously ended because you failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

A dependent is not insured by any part of this *plan* that requires such *proof* until you give us this *proof*, and we approve it in writing.

If the dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, your dependents won't be covered by this *plan* again until you give us new *proof* that they're insurable and we approve that *proof* in writing.

CGP-3-DEP-90-5.0 B200.0288

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for your dependent coverage to begin you must already be insured for employee coverage, or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this *plan*, the date your dependent coverage starts depends on when you elect to enroll your *initial dependents* and agree to make any required payments.

If you do this on or before your *eligibility date*, the dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the first of the month which coincides with or next follows your *eligibility date* and the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this within the *enrollment period*, the coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the first of the month which coincides with or next follows the date you sign the enrollment form; and the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this after the *enrollment period* ends, your dependent coverage is subject to *proof of insurability* and won't start until we approve that *proof* in writing.

Once you have dependent coverage for your *initial dependents*, you must notify us when you acquire any new dependents and agree to make any additional payments required for their coverage.

A *newly acquired dependent* will be covered for those dependent benefits not subject to *proof of insurability* from the later of the date you notify us and agree to make any additional payments, and the date the *newly acquired dependent* is first eligible.

If *proof of insurability* is required for dependent benefits as explained above, those benefits are scheduled to start, subject to the "Exception" stated below, on the effective date shown in the "Endorsement" section of your application, provided that you send us the *proof* we require and we approve that *proof* in writing. A copy of the approved application is furnished to you.

CGP-3-DEP-90-6.0 B200.0314

Exception

If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a *hospital* or other health care facility; or is home-confined; or is unable to carry out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his dependent benefits would otherwise start, we will postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his discharge from such facility; until home confinement ends; or until he resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

CGP-3-DEP-90-7.0 B200.0692

When Dependent Coverage Ends

Dependent coverage ends for all of your dependents when your employee coverage ends. Dependent coverage also ends for all of your dependents when you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this *plan* ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this *plan* for all *employees* or for an *employee's* class.

If you are required to pay part of the cost of dependent coverage, and you fail to do so, your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he stops being an *eligible dependent*. This happens to a child at 12:01 a.m. on the date the child attains this *plan's* age limit, when he marries, or when a step-child is no longer dependent on the employee for support and maintenance. It happens to a spouse when a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment, and with respect to optional life coverage, it happens at 12:01 a.m. on the date the spouse reaches age 70.

Read this plan carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time. And they may have the right to replace certain group benefits with converted policies.

CGP-3-DEP-90-9.0 B200,0792

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

Effective July 1, 2010, this rider amends the dependent coverage provisions as follows:

Your domestic partner will be eligible for coverage under this plan subject to all of the terms of this plan and the limitations below. "Domestic partner" means an adult who has chosen to share his or her life with you in an intimate and committed relationship of mutual caring.

To qualify for such coverage, you and your domestic partner must be either:

- (a) registered domestic partners; or
- (b) non-registered domestic partners.

As used here:

"Registered domestic partners" means an employee and his or her domestic partner who: (a) have filed a Declaration of Domestic Partnership with the California Secretary of State; (b) were registered as a domestic partner in the registry for those partnerships; and (c) were issued a copy of the registered form and a Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership.

"Non-registered domestic partners" means an employee and his or her domestic partner who:

- are 18 years of age or older;
- are unmarried, constitute each other's sole domestic partner, and have not had another domestic partner in the last 12 months;
- share the same permanent address for at least 12 consecutive months and intend to do so indefinitely;
- share joint financial responsibility for basic living expenses including food, shelter and medical expenses;
- are not related by blood to a degree that would prohibit marriage in the employee's state of residence; and

- are financially interdependent which must be demonstrated by at least four of the following:
 - a. ownership of a joint bank account;
 - b. ownership of a joint credit account;
 - c. evidence of a joint mortgage or lease;
 - d. evidence of joint obligation on a loan;
 - e. joint ownership of a residence;
 - f. evidence of common household expenses such as utilities or telephone
 - g. execution of wills naming each other as executor and/or beneficiary;
 - h. granting each other durable powers of attorney;
 - i. granting each other health care powers of attorney;
 - j. designation of each other as beneficiary under a retirement benefit account; or
 - k. evidence of other joint financial responsibility.

Your registered domestic partner, or non-registered domestic partner, will be eligible for dependent optional life coverage under this plan.

To cover your non-registered domestic partner, you must complete a "Declaration of Domestic Partnership" attesting to the relationship and forward it to us.

A registered or non-registered domestic partner's dependent children will be eligible for coverage under this plan on the same basis as if the children were your dependent children.

Coverage for a registered domestic partner and his or her dependent children ends when the domestic partnership is dissolved as provided under California law.

Coverage for a non-registered domestic partner and his or her dependent children ends when the domestic partner no longer meets the qualifications of a non-registered domestic partner as described above. Upon termination of a non-registered domestic partnership, a "Statement of Termination" must be completed and filed with the employer. Once you submit a "Statement of Termination", you may not enroll another non-registered domestic partner for a period of 12 months from the date of the previous termination.

This rider is a part of this plan. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this plan.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuat J Shaw Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-3-A-DMST-CA-05 B264.0975

GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE SCHEDULE

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0002

Employee Basic Term Life Insurance

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0003

Life Insurance Amount

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0011

Reduction of Basic If an employee is less than age 65 when his or her insurance under this plan Life Insurance starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she Amount Based on reaches age 65, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her Age classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

> The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 65 but before he or she reaches age 70.

> If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 70, by 55% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

> The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70 but before he or she reaches age 75.

> If an employee is less than age 75 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 75, by 70% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

> The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 75 but before he or she reaches age 80.

> If an employee is less than age 80 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 80, by 80% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

> The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 80.

> CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0485

Limitations For However, regardless of any of the above reductions, we limit the amount of Future Entrants insurance for which you are eligible if your insurance under this plan starts both: (a) after this plan's effective date; and (b) after you reach age 70.

If you provide us with proof of insurability, and we approve it in writing, the amount of your insurance will be 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to your classification and/or option. But in no event will this reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

If we do not approve the proof, your insurance amount will be \$1,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0569

Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D)

CGP-3-R-SCH-90	B265.0029
Your Basic AD&D Insurance Amount	Insurance Amount
	CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0031
	Spousal Education and Retraining Benefit
Lifetime Maximum Benefit	\$20,000
Maximum Number	Full-Time Post Secondary Education
Of Benefit Payments	Part-Time Post Secondary Education
.,	CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0847
	Dependent Child Education Benefit
Lifetime Maximum Benefit	\$20,000.00 per eligible dependent
Maximum Number Of Benefit Payments	8 per lifetime per eligible dependent
Maximum Benefit Period	6 years from the date the first education benefit is made; per eligible dependent.
	CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0848
Reduction of Basic AD&D Amount Based on Age	If an employee is less than age 65 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 65, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.
	The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 65 but before he or she reaches age 70.

Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D) (Cont.)

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 70, by 55% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70 but before he or she reaches age 75.

If an employee is less than age 75 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 75, by 70% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 75 but before he or she reaches age 80.

If an employee is less than age 80 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 80, by 80% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 80.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0496

Future Entrants

Limitations For However, regardless of any of the above reductions, we limit the amount of insurance for which you are eligible if your insurance under this plan starts both: (a) after this plan's effective date; and (b) after you reach age 70.

> If you provide us with proof of insurability, and we approve it in writing, the amount of your insurance will be 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to your classification and/or option. But in no event will this reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

If we do not approve the proof, your insurance amount will be \$1,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0571

Employee Optional Contributory Term Life Insurance

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0055

Optional Life You may choose to be insured under the plan of optional term life insurance Election shown below. You must notify the employer of your election and pay the required premium.

> CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0799

Your Optional Term Plan A Life Insurance Amount

You may elect amounts of optional term life insurance in increments of \$10,000.00, but your amount may not be less than \$10,000.00 and may not exceed \$500,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0063

Reduction of If an employee is less than age 65 when his or her insurance under this plan Optional Life starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she Insurance Amount reaches age 65, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her Based on Age classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

> The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 65 but before he or she reaches age 70.

> If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 70, by 55% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

> The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70 but before he or she reaches age 75.

> If an employee is less than age 75 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 75, by 70% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

> The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 75 but before he or she reaches age 80.

> If an employee is less than age 80 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 80, by 80% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

> The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 80.

> CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0522

Proof of Insurability Requirements

Proof of insurability requirements apply to your optional term life insurance. Such requirements may apply to your full benefit amount or just part of it. When proof of insurability requirements apply, it means you must submit to us proof that you're insurable, and we must approve your proof in writing before your insurance, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require proof as follows:

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0431

Employee Optional Contributory Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

We require proof before an employee switches from his or her current increment of optional term life insurance to an increment which provides a greater amount of insurance.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0732

We require proof before we will insure any employee who enrolls for optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this plan.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0435

We require proof for amounts of optional term life insurance in excess of \$150,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0437

We require proof for amounts of optional term life insurance in excess of \$10,000.00, if an employee's scheduled optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 65.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0697

We require proof for all amounts of optional term life insurance, if an employee's scheduled optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 70.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0702

Dependent Optional Term Life Insurance

Life Election

Dependent Optional You may choose the plan of dependent spouse optional term life insurance, and the plan of dependent child optional term life insurance shown below. You must notify the employer of your elections and pay the required premium.

> CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0800

Your Optional **Dependent Spouse Term Life Insurance** Amount

Plan A

An amount equal to 50% of your optional term life insurance amount, to a maximum of \$250,000.00, but not less than \$5,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.4194

Your Optional **Dependent Child Insurance Amount**

Plan A

You may elect amounts of optional dependent child term life insurance in increments of \$1,000.00, but the amount may not be less than \$2,000.00 and may not exceed \$10,000.00.

GP-1-SI B265.0581

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent spouse exceed 50% of the insurance amount of an employee.

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent child exceed 10% of the insurance amount of an employee.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0844

Dependent Optional Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

Proof of Insurability Requirements

Proof of insurability requirements apply to your dependent optional term life insurance. Such requirements may apply to the full benefits amount or just part of them. When proof of insurability requirements apply, it means you must submit to us proof that a dependent is insurable, and we must approve the proof in writing before the insurance, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require proof as follows:

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0536

We require proof before you switch from your current increment of dependent optional term life insurance to an increment which provides a greater amount of insurance.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0734

We require proof before we will insure any spouse who is enrolled for dependent optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this plan.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0540

We require proof for any amount of dependent optional term life insurance in excess of \$ 50,000.00 with respect to your dependent spouse.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0542

We require proof for any amount of dependent optional term life insurance in excess of \$5,000.00 with respect to your dependent spouse, if your dependent spouse's scheduled dependent optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 65.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0864

We require proof before we will insure any child who is enrolled for dependent optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this plan.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0549

Your Group Term Life Insurance

Basic Life Benefit If you die while insured for this benefit, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount shown in the schedule.

Proof of Death We'll pay this insurance as soon as we receive written proof of death. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

Your Beneficiary

You decide who gets this insurance if you die. You should have named your beneficiary on your enrollment form. You can change your beneficiary at any time by giving your employer written notice, unless you've assigned this insurance. But the change won't take effect until your employer gives you written confirmation of the change.

If you named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, they'll share equally. If someone you named dies before you do, his share will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless you've told us otherwise.

If there is no beneficiary when you die, we'll pay the insurance to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; or (e) your brothers and sisters.

Insurance

Assigning Your Life If you assign this insurance, you permanently transfer all your rights under this insurance to the assignee. Only one of the following can be an assignee: (a) your spouse; (b) one of your parents or grandparents; (c) one of your children or grandchildren; (d) one of your brothers or sisters; or (e) the trustee(s) of a trust set up for the benefit of one or more of these relatives.

> We suggest you speak to your lawyer before you make any assignment. If you decide you want to assign this insurance, ask your employer for details or write to us.

or Incompetent

Payment to a Minor If your beneficiary is a minor or incompetent, we have the option of paying this insurance in monthly installments. We would pay them to the person who cares for and supports your beneficiary.

Settlement Option

If you or your beneficiary ask us, we'll pay all or part of this insurance in installments. Any request must be made to us in writing. The amounts of the installments and how they would be paid depend on what we offer at the time the request is made.

CGP-3-R-LB-90 B270.0113

Applicability This provision applies only to this plan's employee Basic group term life insurance. It does not apply to supplemental life insurance, if any is included in this plan. And it does not apply to Accidental Death and Dismemberment with Catastrophic Loss Insurance.

Important Restriction

You must provide proof of insurability satisfactory to us.

Portability Of Basic You may elect to continue all or part of your employee Basic group term life Group Term Life insurance, by choosing a portable certificate of coverage, subject to the **Insurance** following terms.

> You may port your coverage if coverage under this plan ends because you: (a) have terminated employment; or (b) stop being a member of an eligible class of employees.

> You may not port your coverage, if you: (a) have reached your 70th birthday on the day coverage under this plan ends; or (b) are eligible for this plan's Basic Group Term Life Insurance Extended Life Benefit.

> You may not port your coverage if coverage under this plan ends due to: (a) failure to pay any required premium; or (b) the end of this group plan.

> You may port: (a) the full amount(s) of your Basic term life insurance as of the day your coverage under this plan ends, or (b) 50% of such amount, if such amount under this plan is at least \$50,000.00.

Certificate Of

The Portable You can port to a portable certificate of coverage. The certificate provides group term insurance. It does not provide any: (a) accidental death and Coverage dismemberment benefits; (b) income replacement benefits; or (c) extended life benefits or waiver of premium privileges. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage may not be the same as the benefits of this group plan.

> The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (a) your rate class under this plan; and (b) your age bracket as shown in the Basic Life Portability Coverage Premium Notice.

How To Port To get a portable certificate of coverage, you must: (a) apply to us in writing: and (b) pay the required premium. You have 31 days from the date your coverage under this plan ends to do this. We require proof of insurability satisfactory to us.

Defined Term As used in this provision, the term "port" means to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group term life insurance.

> CGP-3-R-LP-00 B270.0389

Information About Conversion and Portability

No covered person is allowed to convert his or her coverage, and elect a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. If a situation arises in which a covered person would be eligible to both convert and port, he or she may only exercise one of these privileges. A covered person may never be insured under both a converted policy and a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. The covered person should read his or her plan, as well as any related materials carefully before making an election.

CGP-3-R-LPN-95 B270.0326

Your Optional Group Term Life Insurance

Life Benefit Subject to the limitations and exclusions below, if you die while insured for this benefit, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount shown in the schedule for the plan of benefits you have elected. Your life benefit may be subject to reductions based on your age. These reductions are also shown in the schedule. Your benefit amount, a portion thereof, or increases in such amount may not become effective until you submit proof of insurability to us, and we approve it in writing. These requirements are also shown in the schedule.

Proof of Death Subject to all of the terms of this plan, we'll pay this insurance as soon as we receive written proof of death which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

Suicide Exclusion We pay no benefits if your death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from your employee optional group term life insurance effective date under this plan. Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if your death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the increase.

Benefits

Seatbelt and Airbag If you die as a direct result of an automobile accident while properly wearing a seatbelt, we will increase your benefit amount by \$10,000.00. And if you die as a direct result of an automobile accident while both properly wearing a seatbelt, and sitting in a seat equipped with an airbag, we'll increase your benefit amount by an additional \$5,000.00, for a total increase of \$15,000.00.

Your Beneficiary

You decide who gets this insurance if you die. You should have named your beneficiary on your enrollment form. You can change your beneficiary at any time by giving your employer written notice, unless you've assigned this insurance. But the change won't take effect until your employer gives you written confirmation of the change.

If you named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, they'll share equally. If someone you named dies before you do, his or her share will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless vou've told us otherwise.

If there is no beneficiary when you die, we'll pay the insurance to one of the following: (a) your estate: (b) your spouse: (c) your parents: (d) your children: or (e) your brothers and sisters.

Your Optional Group Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

Insurance

Assigning Your Life If you assign this insurance, you permanently transfer all your rights under this insurance to the assignee. Only one of the following can be an assignee: (a) your spouse; (b) one of your parents or grandparents; (c) one of your children or grandchildren; (d) one of your brothers or sisters; or (e) the trustee(s) of a trust set up for the benefit of one or more of these relatives.

> We will recognize an assignee as the owner of the rights assigned only if: (a) the assignment is in writing and signed by you; and (b) a signed or certified copy of the written assignment has been received and approved by us.

> We will not be responsible for legal, tax or other effects of any assignment, or for any benefits we pay under this plan before we receive and approve any assignment.

> We suggest you speak to a lawyer before you make any assignment. If you decide you want to assign this insurance, write to us for details.

Payment to a Minor or Incompetent

If your beneficiary is a minor or incompetent, we have the option of paying this insurance in monthly installments. We would pay them to the person who cares for and supports your beneficiary.

Expense

Payment of Funeral We have the option of paying up to \$500.00 of this insurance to any person or Last Illness who incurs expenses for your funeral or last illness.

Settlement Option

If you or your beneficiary asks us, we'll pay all or part of this insurance in installments. Any request must be made to us in writing. The amounts of the installments and how they would be paid depend on what we offer at the time the request is made.

CGP-3-R-EOPT-96 B273.0353

Portability Privilege

Applicability This provision applies only to this plan's employee and dependent Optional group term life insurance. It does not apply to supplemental life insurance, if any is included in this plan. And it does not apply to Accidental Death and Dismemberment with Catastrophic Loss Insurance.

Restriction

Important You may not elect a portable certificate of coverage unless you have been covered by this group plan, or the one it replaced, for employee Optional group term life insurance for at least three consecutive months prior to the date your coverage under this plan ends.

Optional Group Term Life Insurance

Portability Of You may elect to continue all or part of your employee Optional group term life insurance and dependent Optional group term life insurance, by choosing a portable certificate of coverage, subject to the following terms.

> You may port your coverage if coverage under this *plan* ends because you: (a) have terminated employment; or (b) stop being a member of an eligible class of employees.

You may not port your coverage or coverage for any of your dependents, if you: (a) have reached your 70th birthday on the day coverage under this plan ends; or (b) are eligible for this plan's Optional Group Term Life Insurance Extended Life Benefit.

You may not port your coverage or coverage for any of your dependents if coverage under this plan ends due to: (a) failure to pay any required premium; or (b) the end of this group plan.

You may port: (a) the full amount(s) of your Optional term life insurance as of the day your coverage under this plan ends, or (b) 50% of such amount, if such amount under this *plan* is at least \$50,000.00.

You may port: (a) the full amount(s) of your dependent Optional term life insurance as of the day your coverage under this plan ends; or (b) 50% of such amount(s), if: (i) your dependent spouse amount under this plan is at least \$20,000.00; and (ii) your dependent child amount under this plan is at least \$4,000.00. However, if you port the full amount of your insurance, any dependent amount(s) ported must be a full amount. And, if you elect to port 50% of your insurance, any dependent amount(s) ported must be 50% of such amount(s).

You may port: (a) your insurance only; (b) your insurance and insurance of your covered spouse; (c) your insurance and the insurance of all of your covered dependents; or (d) if you are a single parent, your insurance and the insurance of all of your covered dependent children. No other combinations will be allowed.

To be eligible to port, a dependent must be insured as of the day your coverage under this plan ends.

Insured

If You Die While If you die while insured for dependent Optional term life insurance, your spouse may port the insurance of your dependents as described above. But, your spouse and dependents must be insured on the date of death. No dependents will be allowed to port if: (a) there is no surviving spouse; or (b) your surviving spouse has reached his or her 70th birthday on the day you die.

Coverage

The Portable You or your surviving spouse can port to a portable certificate of coverage. Certificate Of The certificate provides group term insurance. It does not provide any: (a) accidental death and dismemberment benefits: (b) income replacement benefits; or (c) extended life benefits or waiver of premium privileges. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage may not be the same as the benefits of this group plan.

> The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (a) your and/or your dependent's rate class under this plan; and (b) your or your surviving spouse's age bracket as shown in the Optional Life Portability Coverage Premium Notice.

How To Port To get a portable certificate of coverage, you or your surviving spouse must: (a) apply to us in writing; and (b) pay the required premium. You have 31 days from the date your coverage under this plan ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that you are insurable.

Defined Term As used in this provision, the term "port" means to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group term life insurance.

> CGP-3-R-LP-00 B273.0731

Information About Conversion and Portability

No covered person is allowed to convert his or her coverage, and elect a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. If a situation arises in which a covered person would be eligible to both convert and port, he or she may only exercise one of these privileges. A covered person may never be insured under both a converted policy and a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. The covered person should read his or her plan, as well as any related materials carefully before making an election.

CGP-3-R-LPN-95 B270.0326

THE FOLLOWING PROVISION APPLIES TO YOUR BASIC TERM LIFE INSURANCE:

B275.0076

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance

Eligibility Ends

If Employment or Your group life insurance ends if: (a) your employment ends; or (b) you stop being a member of an eligible class of employees. If either happens, you can convert your group life insurance to an individual life insurance policy. Conversion choices are based on your disability status.

> If you are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. You can convert the amount for which you were covered under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

> If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy, as explained in the section labeled "Interim Term Insurance". You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan.

> If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

If The Group Plan Your group life insurance also ends if: (a) this group plan ends; or (b) life Ends or Group Life insurance is dropped from the group plan for all employees or for your class. Insurance Is If either happens, you may be eligible to convert as explained below. **Dropped** Conversion choices are based on your disability status.

If you: (a) are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", when this coverage ends; and (b) you have been insured by a Guardian group life plan for at least five years, you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. But, the amount you can convert is limited to the lesser of: (a) \$2,000.00; or (b) the amount of your insurance under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy. You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan.

If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

The Converted Policy

The premium for the converted policy will be based on your age on the converted policy's effective date. The converted policy will start at the end of the period allowed for conversion. The converted policy does not include disability or dismemberment benefits.

Insurance

Interim Term If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you have the option to convert your coverage to an individual term life insurance policy. The individual term policy requires lower premiums than an individual permanent insurance policy.

> This Interim term policy is available for only one year from the date you become disabled. During this year, if you are approved for the Extended Life Benefit, the interim term insurance is cancelled, as of our approval date. If, after one year, you have not been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent life insurance policy, or coverage will end. Premiums for the individual permanent life insurance policy will be based on your age as of the date you convert from the interim term insurance policy.

How and When to To get a converted policy, you must apply to us in writing and pay the Convert required premium. You have 31 days after your group life insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that you are insurable.

Death During the If you die in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we'll pay your beneficiary Conversion Period the amount you could have converted. We'll pay whether or not you applied for conversion.

Notice of If you are entitled to obtain a converted policy under this section, full Conversion Right compliance with this provision for Notice of Conversion Right will be satisfied by written notice: (a) given to you by the employer; (b) mailed to you by the employer at your last known address; or (c) mailed to you by us at your last known address that is supplied to us by the employer.

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

This notice should be given at least 15 days before the end of the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described in "How and When to Convert." If the notice is not given at least 15 days before the end of such period, you will have an additional period of 25 days from the date notice is given to apply for the converted policy and pay the required premium. But, in no event shall the additional period extend more than 60 days beyond the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described above.

CGP-3-R-LCONV-99-CA

B275.0217

THE FOLLOWING PROVISION APPLIES TO YOUR OPTIONAL GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE:

B275.0077

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance

Eligibility Ends

If Employment or Your group life insurance ends if: (a) your employment ends; or (b) you stop being a member of an eligible class of employees. If either happens, you can convert your group life insurance to an individual life insurance policy. Conversion choices are based on your disability status.

> If you are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. You can convert the amount for which you were covered under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

> If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy, as explained in the section labeled "Interim Term Insurance". You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan.

> If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

Ends or Group Life Insurance Is

If The Group Plan Your group life insurance also ends if: (a) this group plan ends; or (b) life insurance is dropped from the group plan for all employees or for your class. If either happens, you may be eligible to convert as explained below. **Dropped** Conversion choices are based on your disability status.

> If you: (a) are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", when this coverage ends; and (b) you have been insured by a Guardian group life plan for at least five years, you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. But, the amount you can convert is limited to the lesser of: (a) \$2,000.00; or (b) the amount of your insurance under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy. You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan.

If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

The Converted The premium for the converted policy will be based on your age on the converted policy's effective date. The converted policy will start at the end of the period allowed for conversion. The converted policy does not include disability or dismemberment benefits.

Insurance

Interim Term If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you have the option to convert your coverage to an individual term life insurance policy. The individual term policy requires lower premiums than an individual permanent insurance policy.

> This Interim term policy is available for only one year from the date you become disabled. During this year, if you are approved for the Extended Life Benefit, the interim term insurance is cancelled, as of our approval date. If, after one year, you have not been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent life insurance policy, or coverage will end. Premiums for the individual permanent life insurance policy will be based on your age as of the date you convert from the interim term insurance policy.

How and When to To get a converted policy, you must apply to us in writing and pay the Convert required premium. You have 31 days after your group life insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that you are insurable.

Death During the Conversion Period

If you die in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount you could have converted. We'll pay whether or not you applied for conversion.

Conversion Right

Notice of If you are entitled to obtain a converted policy under this section, full compliance with this provision for Notice of Conversion Right will be satisfied by written notice: (a) given to you by the employer; (b) mailed to you by the employer at your last known address; or (c) mailed to you by us at your last known address that is supplied to us by the employer.

> This notice should be given at least 15 days before the end of the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described in "How and When to Convert." If the notice is not given at least 15 days before the end of such period, you will have an additional period of 25 days from the date notice is given to apply for the converted policy and pay the required premium. But, in no event shall the additional period extend more than 60 days beyond the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described above.

CGP-3-R-LCONV-99-CA

B275.0218

IMPORTANT NOTICE: USE OF THE BENEFIT PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION MAY HAVE TAX IMPLICATIONS AND MAY AFFECT GOVERNMENT BENEFITS OR CREDITORS. YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH YOUR TAX OR FINANCIAL ADVISOR BEFORE APPLYING FOR THIS BENEFIT.

PLEASE NOTE: THE AMOUNT OF GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE IS PERMANENTLY REDUCED BY THE GROSS AMOUNT OF THE ACCELERATED LIFE BENEFIT PAID TO YOU.

Benefit

Accelerated Life If you have a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months, you may apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. An Accelerated Life Benefit is a payment of part of your group term life insurance made to you before you die.

> We subtract the gross amount paid to you as an Accelerated Life Benefit from the amount of your group term life insurance under this plan. The remaining amount of your group term life insurance is permanently reduced by the gross amount paid to you.

> By "group term life insurance" we mean any Employee Optional Group Term Life Insurance for which you are insured under this plan. "Group term life insurance" does not mean Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits, any insurance provided under this plan for covered persons other than you or any scheduled increase in the amount of any Employee Group Term Life Insurance that is due within the six month period after the date you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

> By "gross amount" we mean the amount of an Accelerated Life Benefit elected by you, before the discount and the processing fee are subtracted.

> For the purposes of this provision, "terminal condition" means a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months.

> You may use the Accelerated Life Benefit in any way you choose. But you may receive only one Accelerated Life Benefit during your lifetime. If you live longer than 6 months, or if you recover from the condition, the benefit does not have to be repaid. But the amount of this benefit is not restored to your remaining group term life insurance. And you may not receive another Accelerated Life Benefit if you have a relapse or develop another terminal condition.

Maximum Benefit The amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit for which you may apply is based Amount on the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the benefit. The minimum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) \$10,000.00; or (b) 50% of the inforce amount. The maximum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) \$250,000.00; or (b) 50% of the inforce amount.

The amount for which you apply is discounted to the present value in six months from the date the benefit is paid, based on the maximum adjustable policy loan interest rate permitted in the state in which your employer is located.

A detailed statement of the method of computing the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit is filed with each state insurance department. This statement is available from The Guardian upon request.

Processing Fee A fee of up to \$150.00 may also be required for the administrative cost of evaluating and processing your Accelerated Life Benefit. This fee is deducted from the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

Payment of An If we approve your application for an Accelerated Life Benefit, we pay the Accelerated Life amount you have elected, less the discount and the processing fee. We pay Benefit the benefit to you in one lump sum. And what we pay is subject to all of the other terms of this plan.

How And When To To receive the Accelerated Life Benefit, you must send us written proof from Apply a licensed doctor who is operating within the scope of his or her license that your medical condition is expected to result in your death within 6 months of the date of the written medical proof. We must approve such proof in writing before the Accelerated Life Benefit will be paid.

> We can have you examined by a doctor of our choice to verify the terminal condition. We'll pay the cost of such examination. We will not pay the Accelerated Life Benefit if our doctor does not verify the terminal condition.

> If we approve you to receive an Accelerated Life Benefit, we give you a statement which shows: (a) the amount of the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit for which you are eligible; and (b) the amount by which your group term life insurance will be reduced if you elect to receive the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit; and (c) the amount of the processing fee.

> Even if you are receiving an Extended Life Benefit under this plan, you can still apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. However, once you convert your group term life insurance, the terms of the converted life policy will apply. Any amount to which you could otherwise convert is permanently reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

> Please read "Your Remaining Group Term Life Insurance" provision for restrictions that may apply.

If You Have **Group Term Life** Insurance

If you have already assigned your group term life insurance, according to the Assigned Your terms of this plan, you can't apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit.

> CGP-3-R-EALB-95 B275.0027

Incompetent

If You Are If you are determined to be legally incompetent, the person the court appoints to handle your legal affairs may apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit for you.

Your Remaining Insurance

The remaining amount of group term life insurance for which you are Group Term Life covered after receiving an Accelerated Life Benefit payment is subject to any increases or cutbacks that would otherwise apply to your insurance. Applicable cutbacks are applied to the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

> The premium cost of your remaining coverage is based on the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

You may be required to provide proof of insurability for increased amounts. If you are, we must approve that proof in writing before you are covered for the new amount.

The total amount of group term life insurance your beneficiary would otherwise receive upon your death is reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

If you die after electing the Accelerated Life Benefit, but before we send the benefit to you, your beneficiary will receive the amount of the group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

Restrictions We will not pay an Accelerated Life Benefit to you if you:

- are required by law to use the payment to meet the claims of creditors, whether or not you are in bankruptcy; or
- are required by court order to pay all or part of the benefit to another person; or
- are required by a government agency to use the payment to apply for, to receive or to maintain a governmental benefit or entitlement; or
- lose your coverage under the group plan for any reason after you elect the Accelerated Life Benefit but before we pay such benefit to you.

CGP-3-R-EALB-95-1 B270.0322

Your Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium

Important Notice This section applies to your basic life benefit. But, it does not apply to your accidental death and dismemberment benefits; nor to any of your dependent's insurance under this group plan. In order to continue dependent basic life insurance, you must convert your dependent coverage to an individual permanent policy.

If You Are Disabled You are disabled if you meet the definition of total disability, as stated below. If you meet the requirements in the "How and When to Apply" provision, we'll extend your basic life insurance under this section without payment of premiums from you or the employer.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, due to sickness or injury, you are:

- (a) not able to perform any work for wages or profit; and
- (b) you are receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability.

How And When To To apply for this extension, you must submit satisfactory written medical proof of your total disability within one year of the onset of that disability. Any claim filed after one year from the onset of total disability will be denied, unless we receive written proof that: (a) you lacked the legal capacity to file the claim; or (b) it was not reasonably possible for you to file the claim.

Also, in order to be eligible for this extension, you must:

- (a) become totally disabled before you reach age 60 and while insured by the group plan; and
- (b) remain totally disabled for nine continuous months.

You are encouraged to apply for this benefit immediately upon the onset of disability.

Continued Eligibility We may require periodic written proof that you remain totally disabled to For Extended Life maintain this extension. This written proof of your continued disability and Benefit doctor's care must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we make each such request.

> We can require that you take part in a medical assessment, with a medical professional of our choice, as often as we feel is reasonably necessary during the first two years we've extended your life benefits. But after two years, we can't have you examined more than once a year.

Extended Life **Benefit**

Until You've Been Your life insurance under the group plan may end after you've become totally Approved For This disabled, but before we've approved you for this extension. During this time period, you may either:

- (a) continue group premium payments, including any portion which would have been paid by the employer until you are approved or declined for this extended life benefit; or
- (b) convert to an individual permanent or term policy. Please read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance" for details on how to convert.

However, if this group plan terminates, and you are totally disabled and eligible, but not yet approved, for this extended benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent or term policy, and remain insured under such policy until you are approved by us for the extended benefit.

Converting does not stop you from claiming your rights under this section. But if you convert and we later approve you for this extended benefit, we'll cancel the converted policy as of our approval date. Once you are approved for this extended benefit, your group term life coverage will be reinstated at no further cost to you or the employer.

When This **Extension Begins**

Once approved by us, your extended benefit will be effective on the later of:

- (a) nine continuous months from the date active full-time service ends due to total disability; or
- (b) the date we approve you for this benefit.

CGP-3-R-LW-TD-99-1 B275.0056

Your Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium (Cont.)

Extension Ends

When This Your extension will end on the earliest of:

- (a) the date you are no longer disabled;
- (b) the date we ask you to be examined by our doctor, and you refuse;
- (c) the date you do not give us the proof of disability we require;
- (d) the date you are no longer receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability; or
- (e) the day before the date you reach age 65.

If the extension ends, and you are not insured by the group plan again as an active full-time employee, you can convert as if your employment just ended. Read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance".

Extension

If You Die While If you die while covered by this extension we'll pay your beneficiary the Covered By This amount for which you were covered as of your last day of active full-time work, subject to all reductions which would have applied had you stayed an active employee.

Proof Of Death We'll pay as soon as we receive

- (a) written proof of your death, that is acceptable to us; and
- (b) medical proof that you were continuously disabled until your death. This must be sent within one year of your death.

CGP-3-R-LW-TD-99-2 B275.0059

Your Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium

Important Notice This section applies to your optional life benefit. But, it does not apply to your accidental death and dismemberment benefits; nor to any of your dependent's insurance under this group plan. In order to continue dependent optional life insurance, you must convert your dependent coverage to an individual permanent policy.

If You Are Disabled

You are disabled if you meet the definition of total disability, as stated below. If you meet the requirements in the "How and When to Apply" provision, we'll extend your optional life insurance under this section without payment of premiums from you or the employer.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, due to sickness or injury, you are:

- (a) not able to perform any work for wages or profit; and
- (b) you are receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability.

How And When To To apply for this extension, you must submit satisfactory written medical proof of your total disability within one year of the onset of that disability. Any claim filed after one year from the onset of total disability will be denied, unless we receive written proof that: (a) you lacked the legal capacity to file the claim; or (b) it was not reasonably possible for you to file the claim.

Also, in order to be eligible for this extension, you must:

- (a) become totally disabled before you reach age 60 and while insured by the group plan; and
- (b) remain totally disabled for nine continuous months.

You are encouraged to apply for this benefit immediately upon the onset of disability.

Continued Eligibility We may require periodic written proof that you remain totally disabled to For Extended Life maintain this extension. This written proof of your continued disability and Benefit doctor's care must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we make each such request.

> We can require that you take part in a medical assessment, with a medical professional of our choice, as often as we feel is reasonably necessary during the first two years we've extended your life benefits. But after two years, we can't have you examined more than once a year.

Extended Life **Benefit**

Until You've Been Your life insurance under the group plan may end after you've become totally Approved For This disabled, but before we've approved you for this extension. During this time period, you may either:

- (a) continue group premium payments, including any portion which would have been paid by the employer until you are approved or declined for this extended life benefit; or
- (b) convert to an individual permanent or term policy. Please read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance" for details on how to convert.

However, if this group plan terminates, and you are totally disabled and eligible, but not yet approved, for this extended benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent or term policy, and remain insured under such policy until you are approved by us for the extended benefit.

Converting does not stop you from claiming your rights under this section. But if you convert and we later approve you for this extended benefit, we'll cancel the converted policy as of our approval date. Once you are approved for this extended benefit, your group term life coverage will be reinstated at no further cost to you or the employer.

When This **Extension Begins**

Once approved by us, your extended benefit will be effective on the later of:

- (a) nine continuous months from the date active full-time service ends due to total disability; or
- (b) the date we approve you for this benefit.

CGP-3-R-LW-TD-99-1 B275.0058

Your Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium (Cont.)

Extension Ends

When This Your extension will end on the earliest of:

- (a) the date you are no longer disabled;
- (b) the date we ask you to be examined by our doctor, and you refuse;
- (c) the date you do not give us the proof of disability we require;
- (d) the date you are no longer receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability; or
- (e) the day before the date you reach age 65.

If the extension ends, and you are not insured by the group plan again as an active full-time employee, you can convert as if your employment just ended. Read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance".

If You Die While If you die while covered by this extension we'll pay your beneficiary the Covered By This amount for which you were covered as of your last day of active full-time Extension work, subject to all reductions which would have applied had you stayed an active employee.

Proof Of Death We'll pay as soon as we receive

- (a) written proof of your death, that is acceptable to us; and
- (b) medical proof that you were continuously disabled until your death. This must be sent within one year of your death.

CGP-3-R-LW-TD-99-2 B275.0059

Your Dependent Spouse and Child Optional Term Life Insurance

The Benefit Subject to the limitations and exclusions shown below, if one of your dependents dies while insured for this benefit, we pay the amount shown in the schedule for the plan you have elected. We pay this in a lump sum when we receive written proof of death which is acceptable to us. Send the proof to us as soon as soon as possible.

> We pay you, if you're living. If you're not, and the dependent was your child, we pay your spouse. If your spouse is not living, we pay the child's living brothers and sisters in equal shares. If there are none, we pay the child's estate. If the dependent was your spouse, we pay your spouse's estate.

Suicide Exclusion We pay no benefits if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the dependent's optional term life insurance under this plan. Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the increase.

Your Dependent Spouse and Child Optional Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

Benefits

Seatbelt and Airbag If a dependent dies as a direct result of an automobile accident while properly wearing a seatbelt, we will increase the benefit amount by \$5,000.00. And if a dependent dies as a direct result of an automobile accident while both properly wearing a seatbelt, and sitting in a seat equipped with an airbag, we'll increase the benefit amount by an additional \$2,500.00, for a total increase of \$7,500.00.

or Incompetent

Payment to a Minor If the beneficiary is a minor or not competent, we have the right to pay in monthly installments. We would pay the person who cares for and supports the beneficiary. We completely discharge our liability for any amounts paid this way.

> CGP-3-R-DOPT-96 B293.0132

Converting This Dependent Term Life Insurance

Eligible

If Your Group Life Dependent term life insurance ends for all of your dependents when your Insurance Ends or group life insurance ends. Your insurance ends when: (a) your active You Stop Being full-time employment ends; (b) you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for employee group life insurance; (c) your group life insurance is extended under the Extended Life Benefit provision; or (d) you die.

> Dependent term life insurance also ends when you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for dependent term life insurance.

> If one of the above happens, each dependent who was insured may convert all or part of his or her insurance.

If This Plan Ends or Dependent term life insurance also ends for all of your dependents when this Life Insurance is plan ends. And it ends if either employee or dependent term life insurance is **Dropped** dropped from this plan for all employees or for your class.

> If one of the above happens, and your dependents have been insured by a Guardian group plan for at least five years, they can convert. But we limit the amount each dependent can convert to the lesser of: (a) \$2,000.00; and (b) the amount of his or her insurance under this plan less any group life benefits for which he or she becomes eligible in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If a Dependent Stops Being Eligible

A dependent's term life insurance ends when he or she stops being an eligible dependent as defined by this plan. If a dependent stops being eligible, that dependent can convert all or part of his or her insurance.

Policy

The Converted The dependent can convert to one of the individual life insurance policies we normally issue. That policy can't include disability benefits. And it can't be a term policy.

> The premium for the converted policy will be based on: (a) the dependent's risk and rate class under this plan; and (b) the dependent's age when the converted policy takes effect. The converted policy takes effect at the end of the period allowed for conversion.

Write to us for details.

Converting This Dependent Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

How and When to To get a converted policy, the dependent must apply to us in writing and pay Convert the required premium. He or she has 31 days after his or her group insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that he or she is insurable.

> If the dependent is a minor or not competent, the person who cares for and supports the dependent may apply for him or her.

Death During the Conversion Period

If a dependent dies in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we pay the amount he or she could have converted, as stated above. We do this whether or not he or she applied for conversion.

Notice of If your dependent is entitled to obtain a converted policy under this section, Conversion Right: full compliance with this provision for Notice of Conversion Right will be satisfied by written notice: (a) given to you by the employer; (b) mailed to you by the employer at your last known address; or (c) mailed to you by us at your last known address that is supplied to us by the employer.

> The notice should be given at least 15 days before the end of the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described in "How and When to Convert." If the notice is not given at least 15 days before the end of such period, the dependent will have an additional period of 25 days from the date notice is given to apply for the converted policy and pay the required premium. But, in no event shall the additional period extend more than 60 days beyond the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described above.

CGP-3-R-DEPL-03-N-CA

B295.0067

Your Basic Accidental Death And Dismemberment With Catastrophic Loss Benefits

The Benefit We'll pay the benefits described below if you suffer an irreversible covered loss due to an accident that occurs while you are insured. The loss must be a direct result of the accident, independent of all other causes. And, it must occur within 365 days of the date of the accident.

Covered Losses

Benefits will be paid only for losses identified in the following table. The Insurance Amount is shown in the Schedule.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT

Covered Loss	Benefit
Loss of Life	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a hand	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a foot	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of sight in one eye	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand	25% of Insurance Amount

CATASTROPHIC LOSS BENEFITS

Covered Loss	Benefit
Quadriplegia (total paralysis of upper and lower limbs, bilaterally)	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of speech and hearing (both ears)	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of cognitive function	100% of Insurance Amount
Comatose state, in excess of one month	100% of Insurance Amount
Hemiplegia (total paralysis of upper and lower limbs, unilaterally)	50% of Insurance Amount
Paraplegia (total paralysis of both lower limbs)	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of speech or hearing (both ears)	50% of Insurance Amount

For covered multiple losses due to the same accident, we will pay 100% of the Insurance Amount. We won't pay more than 100% of the Insurance Amount for all losses due to the same accident, except under the Common Carrier, Seatbelt and Airbag Benefit, and Repatriation Benefit provisions.

Loss of:

- cognitive function means a significant decline or loss in intellectual aptitude. Such loss must result from an accidental injury. It must be supported by clinical proof or standardized tests that precisely measure decline in the areas of: (i) short term memory; (ii) orientation to time, place and person; (iii) deductive or abstract reasoning; and (iv) judgement as it relates to awareness of safety.
- (b) a hand or foot means it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle.
- (c) sight means the total and permanent loss of sight.
- speech or hearing means that speech or hearing is lost entirely.

Payment Of For covered loss of life, we pay the beneficiary of your basic group term life Benefits insurance.

> For all other covered losses, we pay you, if you are living. If not, we pay the beneficiary of your basic group term life insurance.

> We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as we receive proof of loss which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

> CGP-3-R-ADCL1-00 B310.0982

Your Basic Accidental Death And Dismemberment With Catastrophic Loss Benefits (Cont.)

Seatbelt And Airbag If you die as a direct result of a motor vehicle accident while properly Benefits wearing a seatbelt, we will increase your benefit by \$10,000.00. And if you die as a direct result of a motor vehicle accident while both: (a) properly wearing a seatbelt; and (b) sitting in a seat equipped with an airbag; we'll increase your benefit by another \$5,000.00, for a total increase of \$15,000.00. This benefit will be applied after the Common Carrier provision.

Common Carrier If your loss is due to an accident which occurs while you are riding in a public conveyance, we increase the benefit payable. We pay two times the amount which otherwise applies to such loss. But, you must have been a fare-paying passenger.

Repatriation Benefit For covered loss of life due to an accident which occurs at least 75 miles from your home, we pay an extra sum. We pay up to \$5,000.00 for costs to prepare and transport your body to a mortuary chosen by you or an authorized agent.

Exclusions We won't pay for any loss caused directly or indirectly:

- by willful self-injury, suicide, or attempted suicide;
- by sickness, disease, mental infirmity, medical or surgical treatment;
- by your taking part in a riot or other civil disorder; or in the commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- by travel on any type of aircraft if you are an instructor or crew member; or have any duties at all on that aircraft;
- by declared or undeclared war or act of war or armed aggression;
- while you are a member of any armed force;
- while you are a driver in a motor vehicle accident, if you do not hold a current and valid driver's license;
- by your legal intoxication; this includes, but is not limited to, your operation of a motor vehicle; or
- by your voluntary use of a controlled substance, unless: (1) it was prescribed for you by a doctor; and (2) it was used as prescribed. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.

CGP-3-R-ADCL2-00 B310.0404

SPOUSAL EDUCATION AND RETRAINING BENEFIT

If you suffer a specified loss due to an accidental bodily injury, we will pay a spousal education and retraining benefit subject to all the terms below.

When And How The Spousal Education And Retraining Benefit Begins

We will pay a spousal education and retraining benefit when all of the following conditions are met:

a benefit is payable under this plan's Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment with Catastrophic Loss (ADDCL) Benefit, due to a specified loss; and

Your Basic Accidental Death And Dismemberment With Catastrophic Loss Benefits (Cont.)

- (b) on the date of the accidental injury which results in the specified loss, you and your spouse share the same place of residence;
- (c) we receive proof of the spouse's enrollment in an institute of higher learning. The spouse must: (i) be enrolled on the date of the accidental injury which results in the specified loss; or (ii) enroll within 12 months of this date.

Specified Loss means: (1) death; (2) a comatose state which lasts for a period in excess of one month; (3) spinal cord injury, resulting in: (a) quadriplegia; (b) paraplegia; or (c) hemiplegia; or (4) severe head injury resulting in loss of cognitive function. Loss of cognitive function means a significant decline or loss in intellectual aptitude. It must be supported by clinical proof or standardized tests that precisely measure decline in the areas of: (i) short term memory; (ii) orientation to time, place and person; (iii) deductive or abstract reasoning; and (iv) judgement as it relates to awareness of safety.

Institute of Higher Learning includes, but is not limited to: (a) universities; (b) colleges; (c) trade schools; and (d) professional schools. It does not include graduate level programs.

What We Pay

Subject to all the terms of this plan, the Spousal Education and Retraining Benefit per academic term is equal to the lesser of: (i) the spouse's net tuition expense for the term; (ii) 5% of the Employee Basic ADDCL Benefit paid as a result of the specified loss; and (iii) \$2,500.00.

Tuition Expense means charges incurred for courses or lab fees. It does not include: (a) cost of books; (b) other related course materials; (c) student activity fees; or (d) room and board.

Net Tuition Expense means tuition expense less any scholarships or grants to which the spouse is entitled.

We pay this benefit to the person who has primary responsibility for these expenses.

This benefit is paid per academic term. Benefit duration is based on whether the spouse is enrolled in a part-time or full-time course of study. See the Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance Schedule.

Retraining Benefit

Continued Eligibility We require periodic proof of the spouse's continued enrollment in an institute For The Spousal of higher learning. The spouse must maintain a grade point average of at Education And least 2.0 on a 4.0 scale, or the equivalent. We also require proof, per academic term, of: (a) the spouse's tuition expenses; and (b) any scholarships and grants the spouse is entitled to.

Education And **Retraining Benefit Ends**

When The Spousal The spousal education and retraining benefit ends on the earliest of the following dates:

- the date the spouse is no longer enrolled in an institute of higher learning:
- the date the spouse fails to maintain a minimum grade point average as required above;

Your Basic Accidental Death And Dismemberment With Catastrophic Loss Benefits (Cont.)

- (c) the date the spouse fails to furnish proof as required above;
- (d) the date the lifetime maximum benefit amount, shown in the schedule, is reached; and
- (e) the date the maximum number of benefit payments, shown in the schedule, is reached.

CGP-3-R-ESED-00 B310.0407

DAY CARE EXPENSE BENEFIT

If you suffer a specified loss due to an accidental bodily injury, we will pay a Day Care Expense Benefit subject to all the terms below.

Eligibility For The Day Care Expense Benefit

This plan provides a day care expense benefit when all of the following conditions are met:

- a benefit is payable under this plan's Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment with Catastrophic Loss Benefit (ADDCL), due to a specified loss; and
- (b) we receive proof of a qualified dependent's enrollment in a qualified day care program. Such enrollment must commence within 12 months of the date of the specified loss.

Specified Loss means: (1) death; (2) a comatose state which lasts for a period in excess of one month; (3) spinal cord injury, resulting in: (a) quadriplegia; (b) paraplegia; or (c) hemiplegia; or (4) severe head injury resulting in loss of cognitive function. Loss of cognitive function means a significant decline or loss in intellectual aptitude. It must be supported by clinical proof or standardized tests that precisely measure decline in the areas of: (i) short term memory; (ii) orientation to time, place and person; (iii) deductive or abstract reasoning; and (iv) judgement as it relates to awareness of safety.

Qualified Dependent: For purposes of the Day Care Expense Benefit a qualified dependent is: (a) your: (i) biological child; (ii) lawfully adopted child; (iii) stepchild; or (iv) any other child who is living with you in a regular parent-child relationship; (b) dependent upon you for main support and maintenance; and (c) under the age of seven on the date of the accidental injury which results in the specified loss.

Qualified Day Care Program: means a program of child care which: (i) is provided in a facility that is licensed as a day care center; or (ii) is operated by a licensed day care provider; and (iii) charges a fee for the care of children. A qualified day care program does not include child care provided by a parent, step-parent, grandparent, sibling, aunt or uncle.

What We Pay

Subject to all the terms of this plan, the Day Care Expense Benefit is equal to the lesser of: (i) \$10,000 annually; or (ii) the actual annual day care expenses for all of your qualified dependents.

We pay this benefit quarterly, in arrears, upon receipt of proof of qualified day care expenses. Proof should be submitted within 30 days following the end of each calendar year quarter.

Your Basic Accidental Death And Dismemberment With Catastrophic Loss Benefits (Cont.)

Payment will be made to the person who has primary responsibility for these expenses.

For The Day Care

Continued Eligibility We require periodic proof that a qualified dependent remains enrolled in a qualified day care program. We require periodic proof of the qualified Expense Benefit dependent's day care expenses.

Expense Benefit Ends

When The Day Care This plan's Day Care Expense Benefits end on the earliest of the following

- (a) the date the dependent is no longer qualified, as defined above;
- (b) the date the dependent is no longer enrolled in a qualified day care program;
- the date we do not receive proof of qualified day care expenses, as required by this plan; and
- (d) four years from the date the first day care expense benefit is paid.

CGP-3-R-EDCXB-00 B310.0412

DEPENDENT CHILD EDUCATION BENEFIT

If you suffer a specified loss due to an accidental bodily injury, we will pay an education benefit on behalf of a qualified dependent, subject to all the terms below.

When And How The Dependent Child **Education Benefit Begins**

We will pay a Dependent Child Education Benefit when all of the following conditions are met:

- A benefit is payable under this plan's Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment with Catastrophic Loss Benefit (ADDCL), due to a specified loss;
- We receive proof of a qualified dependent's enrollment in an institute of higher learning. The dependent must be a full-time student, as defined by the institute.

Specified Loss means: (1) death; (2) a comatose state which lasts for a period in excess of one month; (3) spinal cord injury which results in: (a) quadriplegia; (b) paraplegia; or (c) hemiplegia; or (4) severe head injury which results in loss of cognitive function. Loss of cognitive function means a significant decline or loss in intellectual aptitude. It must be supported by clinical proof or standardized tests that precisely measure decline in the areas of: (i) short term memory; (ii) orientation to time, place and person; (iii) deductive or abstract reasoning; and (iv) judgement as it relates to awareness of safety.

Your Basic Accidental Death And Dismemberment With Catastrophic Loss Benefits (Cont.)

Qualified Dependent: To be qualified for the Dependent Child Education Benefit, a dependent must meet the following conditions. The dependent must be: (a) your: (i) biological child; (ii) lawfully adopted child; (iii) stepchild; or (iv) any other child who is living with you in a regular parent-child relationship; (b) unmarried; and (c) dependent upon you for main support and maintenance. On the date of the accidental injury which results in the specified loss, the dependent must be: (a) 22 years of age or younger; and (b) enrolled as a full-time student in an institute of higher learning; or (c) in the 12th grade, and enroll as a full-time student in an institute of higher learning within 12 months of this date. The dependent must maintain a grade point average of at least 2.0 on a 4.0 scale, or the equivalent.

Institute of Higher Learning includes, but is not limited to: (a) universities; (b) colleges; (c) trade schools; and (d) professional schools. It does not include graduate level programs.

What We Pay

Subject to all the terms of this plan, the Dependent Child Education Benefit per academic term is equal to the lesser of: (i) the qualified dependent's net tuition expense for the term; (ii) 5% of the Basic ADDCL Benefit paid as a result of the specified loss; or (iii) \$2,500.00.

Tuition Expense means charges incurred for credit courses or lab fees. It does not include: (a) cost of books; (b) other related course materials; (c) student activity fees; or (d) room and board.

Net Tuition Expense means tuition expense less any scholarships or grants to which the dependent is entitled.

We pay this benefit per academic term for each qualified dependent.

We pay this benefit to the person who has primary responsibility for these expenses.

For Dependent **Education Benefit**

Continued Eligibility We require periodic proof that a dependent remains a qualified dependent, as defined above. We also require proof, per academic term, of: (a) the qualified dependent's tuition expenses; and (b) any scholarships and grants the dependent is entitled to.

Dependent Child **Education Benefit** Ends

When The A qualified dependent's Dependent Child Education Benefit ends on the earliest of the following dates:

- the date the dependent child is no longer a qualified dependent, as defined above:
- (b) the date the dependent fails to furnish proof as required above;
- (c) the date the lifetime maximum benefit amount, shown in the schedule, is reached:
- (d) the date the maximum number of benefit payments, shown in the schedule, is reached; and
- (e) the date the maximum benefit period, shown in the schedule, is reached.

CGP-3-R-EDCED-00 B310.0419

ELIGIBILITY FOR DISABILITY COVERAGE

B329.0002

Employee Coverage

Eligible Employees To be eligible for employee coverage, you must be an active full-time employee. And you must belong to a class of employees covered by this plan.

Other Conditions You must:

- (a) be legally working in the United States.
- (b) be regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by your *employer* (but not less than 30 hours per week), at:
 - your employer's place of business;
 - (ii) some place where your employer's business requires you to
 - (iii) any other place you and your employer have agreed upon for performance of occupational duties.

Note: If you are working outside the United States on a temporary assignment and you meet all other conditions of eligibility, you will be covered by this plan, provided that: you are on an assignment, not exceeding one year, in a country or region that is not under a travel warning issued by the US Department of State. Coverage may be available when you are: (1) on a longer temporary assignment; or (2) assigned in a region that is under a travel warning; however, coverage must be approved by us in writing.

If you must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, we won't insure you until you enroll and agree to make the required payments. If you do this: (a) more than 31 days after you first become eligible; or (b) after you previously had coverage which ended because you failed to make a required payment, we also ask for proof that you're insurable. And you won't be covered until we approve that proof in writing.

Part or all of your insurance amounts may be subject to proof that you're insurable. Other parts of this coverage explain if and when we require proof. You won't be covered for any amount that requires such proof until you give the *proof* to us and we approve it in writing.

If your active full-time service ends before you meet any proof of insurability requirements that apply to you, you'll still have to meet those requirements if you're later re-employed.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0 B329.0152

When Your Employee benefits that don't require proof that you are insurable are Coverage Starts scheduled to start on the effective date shown on the sticker attached to the inside front cover of this booklet.

Employee benefits that require such proof won't start until you send us the proof and we approve it in writing. Once we have approved it, the benefits are scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of your application. A copy of the approved application is furnished to you.

But you must be fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation for your employer on a full-time basis at 12:01AM Standard Time for your place of residence on the scheduled effective date or dates. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are not fully capable of performing the major duties of your occupation on any date part of your insurance is scheduled to start, we will postpone that part of your coverage until the date you are so capable and are working your regular number of hours.

Sometimes, the effective date shown on the sticker or in the endorsement is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; or during an approved leave of absence, not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; and if you were performing the major duties of your regular occupation and working your regular number of hours on your last regularly scheduled work day, your coverage will start on the scheduled effective date. However, any coverage or part of coverage for which you must elect and pay all or part of the cost, will not start if you are on an approved leave and such coverage or part of coverage was not previously in force for you under a prior plan which this *plan* replaced.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0 B264.0690

Delayed Effective Date For Disability Coverage

With respect to this *plan's* disability insurance, if an *employee* is not actively at work on a full-time basis on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start, due to sickness or injury, we'll postpone coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to that condition. We'll postpone such coverage until he or she completes 10 consecutive days of active full-time service without missing a work day due to the same condition.

Coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to all other conditions will start on the date the employee returns to active full-time service.

CGP-3-DEF-97 B329.0103

When Your Your short term disability coverage ends on the date your active full-time Coverage Ends service ends for any reason.

> It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for insurance under this plan, or when this plan ends for all employees. And it ends when this plan is changed so that benefits for the class of employees to which you belong ends.

> It ends on the date you are no longer working in the United States, unless you are on a temporary assignment: (1) not exceeding one year in a country or region that is not under a travel warning issued by the US Department of State; or (2) for which we have agreed, in writing, to provide coverage.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

However, if you are disabled, as defined by this plan when your active full-time service ends, coverage remains in force during: (a) the elimination period, subject to premium payment, if (i) the disability is not excluded under the plan; and (ii) benefits are not excluded due to application of this plan's pre-existing condition provision; and (b) the period for which benefits are payable under this plan.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B329.0178

When Your Your long term disability coverage ends on the date your active full-time Coverage Ends service ends for any reason.

> It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for insurance under this plan, or when this plan ends for all employees. And it ends when this plan is changed so that benefits for the class of *employees* to which you belong ends.

> It ends on the date you are no longer working in the United States, unless you are on a temporary assignment: (1) not exceeding one year in a country or region that is not under a travel warning issued by the US Department of State; or (2) for which was have agreed, in writing, to provide coverage.

> If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

> However, if you are disabled, as defined by this plan when your active full-time service ends, coverage remains in force during: (a) the elimination period, subject to premium payment, if (i) the disability is not excluded under the plan; and (ii) benefits are not excluded due to application of this plan's pre-existing condition provision; and (b) the period for which benefits are payable under this plan.

> CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B329.0175

Your Right To Continue Group Short and Long Term **Disability During A Family Leave Of Absence**

Important Notice This section may not apply. You must contact your employer to find out if your employer must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

Disability Coverage

Continuation of Your Short Term Disability and Long term Disability coverage may be Short Term And continued at your employer's option. You must contact your employer to find **Long Term** out if you may continue this coverage.

If Your Group Group Short Term Disability and Long Term Disability coverage may normally Coverage Would end for an employee because he or she ceases work due to an approved End leave of absence. But, the employee may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the employee to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child, or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the *employee*'s own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the employee is on active duty(or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The employee will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

Ends

When Continuation Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- In the case of a leave granted to you to care for a covered servicemember: The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to you under this section for all reasons. If you take an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.
- In any other case: The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which your Employer's Plan is terminated or you are no longer eligible for coverage under this Plan.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- Active Duty: This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- Covered Servicemember: This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- Next Of Kin: This term means the nearest blood relative of the employee.

- Outpatient Status: This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- Serious Injury Or Illness: This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B329.1108

SHORT TERM DISABILITY HIGHLIGHTS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the plan features about which people most often want to know. But it's not a complete description of your short term disability plan. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit, and exclude.

	CGP-3-STD05-HL	B335.0587
Elimination Period	For disability due to injury	14 days
	For disability due to sickness	14 days
	If you have outpatient surgery or are confined to a hospital as an a result of your injury or sickness, as of that date any remaining elimination period will be waived.	•
	CGP-3-STD05-HL	B335.0585
Maximum Payment Period	For disability due to injury	. 11 weeks
	For disability due to sickness	. 11 weeks
	Payments for a pre-existing condition will be limited to a maximum of 2 weeks.	
	CGP-3-STD05-HL	B335.0590
Benefit Percent		60%
	CGP-3-STD05-HL	B335.0592
Maximum Weekly Benefit		. \$1,250.00
	CGP-3-STD05-HL	B335.0598

SHORT TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

This insurance replaces part of your income if you become disabled due to sickness or injury.

We decide: (a) if you are eligible for this insurance; (b) if you meet the requirements for benefits to be paid; and (c) what benefits are to be paid by this plan. We also interpret how this plan is to be administered. What we pay and the terms for payment are explained below.

All terms in *italics* are defined terms with special meanings. Their definitions are shown at the end of this section. Other terms are defined where they are used.

Claim Provisions

Your Duties If you

If you become *disabled* due to *sickness* or *injury* while insured by this *plan*, you must:

- (a) Give notice of claim as soon as possible after the date of your *injury* or the start of your *sickness*. Prompt notice will permit us to start disability management services.
- (b) Give a complete account of the details of your sickness or injury. This will include: (i) the cause of your disability, if known; (ii) a description of your sickness or the accident that caused your injury; and (iii) a list of all doctors, hospitals, or other facilities where you have been treated for the cause of your disability.
- (c) Allow release of medical and/or income data needed to assess your claim.
- (d) Give periodic medical updates as required by this plan.
- (e) Take part in any medical, financial or vocational assessment as required by this *plan*.
- (f) Apply for other income benefits to which you may be entitled.
- (g) Promptly report to us the receipt or denial of such other income benefits. And, appeal any denials to the extent possible.
- (h) Promptly report to us changes in your personal status. This includes: (i) change of address or phone number; (ii) changes in how your disability affects your daily living; and (iii) changes in your level of social, volunteer or business activities.
- (i) If we overpay benefits, promptly report and repay any amount overpaid.
- (j) If you are working while *disabled*, promptly report to us the amount of your income from such work.
- (k) Give us proof of your earnings for the period prior to your *disability* and while you are *disabled*.

The term "disability management services" means medical and vocational analyses and services. The goal of these services is to maximize your potential to return to gainful work. Gainful work means work for which you are, or may become, qualified by: (a) training; (b) education; or (c) experience. Such work must also be consistent with the level of your insured earnings.

Notice You must give written notice of your intent to file a claim under this *plan* as described in this certificate's "Accident and Health Claims Provisions."

You will need to provide the information listed below:

- (a) Your full name, address, phone number, social security number, and group plan number.
- (b) Your last day at work, number of hours worked, and your own job.
- (c) Your employer contact and phone number.
- (d) The nature of your *disability*, and whether or not it is work-related.
- (e) Your doctor's name, address, and phone number.

For details, you can contact the plan sponsor or call Guardian at 1-800-268-2525.

Proof Of Loss You can obtain a claim form to file proof of loss from the *plan sponsor*. This form requires data from you, the plan sponsor, and the doctor(s) treating you for your sickness or injury. Proof of loss must be given to us within the time stated in this certificate's "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." If you do not receive a claim form within 15 days, you should send us written proof of loss without waiting for the form.

We require the items listed below as proof of loss:

- (a) Proof of the limits on your ability to perform your own job, starting on the date you first became disabled. This proof is required from all doctors who have treated you for the cause of your disability.
- (b) Proof that you have applied for all other sources of income to which you may be entitled, that may affect your payment from this plan.
- (c) Proof of receipt of other income that may affect your payment from this plan.
- (d) Your signed authorization for release of medical and/or financial data by the sources of such data.

Proof of loss and other claim data should be submitted to:

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America Group Short Term Disability Claims Department P.O. Box 26160 Lehigh Valley, PA 18002-6160

CGP-3-STD2K-1.0 B335.0005

How Payments Start To start getting payments from this *plan*, you must meet all of the conditions listed below:

- (a) You must: (i) become disabled while insured by this plan; and (ii) remain disabled and insured for this plan's elimination period.
- (b) You must be: (i) under a doctor's regular care for the cause of your disability, starting from the date you were first disabled; and (ii) receiving medical care appropriate to the cause of your disability and any other sickness or injury which exists during your disability.
- (c) You must send us written proof of: (i) your disability; (ii) your weekly earnings prior to the start of your disability; and (iii) any earnings from work while you are disabled.

Proof of earnings may consist of: (1) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (2) a statement from a certified public accountant; or (3) any other records we agree to accept.

Waiver Of Premium Premiums for this insurance are waived while you are entitled to receive a payment from this plan.

To Continue To continue to receive payments from this plan, you must give us current Receiving Payments proof of loss when we request it.

You must give proof that satisfies us as to the items listed below:

- (a) your continued disability;
- (b) continued regular care by a doctor that is appropriate for the cause of your disability and any other sickness or injury which exists during your disability;
- (c) earnings from work while you are disabled; and
- (d) any other income that you are entitled to receive.

You must also give us current signed authorizations for release of medical and financial data when we request it.

You must give us such items within 90 days of the date we make each such request. If you do not, we have the right to suspend or stop your payments under this plan.

Right To Request We may ask you to take part in a medical, financial or vocational assessment Medical, Financial as often as we feel is reasonably necessary. We will pay for all such Or Vocational assessments. If you do not take part in the assessment, we have the right to **Assessment** stop or suspend your payments under this *plan*.

Payment Of We pay benefits to you if you are legally competent. If you are not, we pay **Benefits** benefits to the legal representative of your estate.

> We pay benefits twice each month on a pro rata basis after the period for which they are payable.

> Benefits to which you are entitled may remain unpaid at your death. Such benefits may be paid at our discretion to: (a) your estate; or (b) your spouse, parents, children, or brothers and sisters.

> CGP-3-STD2K-2.0 B335.0006

When Payments Your benefits from this plan will end on the earliest of the dates shown End below:

- (a) The date you are no longer disabled.
- (b) The date you earn, or are able to earn, the maximum earnings allowed while disabled under this plan.
- (c) The date you are able to perform the major duties of your own job on a full-time basis with reasonable accommodation that an employer is willing to provide.
- (d) The date you no longer reside in the United States.
- (e) The date you die.
- (f) The end of the maximum payment period.
- (g) The date you fail to give us required current proof of loss. This includes taking part in any medical, financial or vocational assessment we may require.
- (h) The date you are no longer under the regular care of a doctor.
- (i) The date you become eligible for any other group short term disability income plan.

The term "reasonable accommodation" means any modification or adjustment to: (i) a job; (ii) an employment practice; (iii) a work process; or (iv) the work place. The modification or adjustment must make it possible for a disabled person to: (1) reach the same level of performance as a similarly situated non-disabled person; or (2) enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are available to a similarly situated non-disabled person. The modification or adjustment must not place an undue hardship on the employer.

B335.0014 CGP-3-STD2K-3.0

Maximum Payment The maximum payment period is the longest time that benefits are paid by Period this plan for your disability.

For disability due to injury the maximum payment period is 11 weeks.

For disability due to sickness, the maximum payment period is 11 weeks.

Payments for a pre-existing condition will be limited to a maximum of 2 weeks.

If This Plan Ends

This insurance ends when the group plan ends. It also ends when this insurance is dropped from the group plan for all insureds, or for your class. If you are disabled when this insurance ends, we will treat you as if your insurance did not end. But, your benefit will be based on all of the terms of this plan.

CGP-3-STD2K-3.1 B335.0016 Your benefit is determined by the plan of benefits and your *insured earnings* in effect on the date your *disability* starts.

Any changes to this *plan* that take place while you are *disabled* will not affect how we determine your benefit. This is also true for any changes that take place during a period of *active work* that occurs between an initial period of *disability* and a *recurring disability*.

Determining Your Weekly Benefit

Determining Your Your weekly benefit is determined as shown below.

- (a) Multiply your *insured earnings* by 60%. Round this amount to the nearest dollar.
- (b) If the amount determined above is less than this *plan's maximum* weekly benefit, that amount is your *gross weekly benefit*.
 - If the amount determined above is equal to or more than this *plan's* maximum weekly benefit, your gross weekly benefit is equal to the maximum weekly benefit.
- (c) From your *gross weekly benefit*, subtract the amount of any income listed in "Income We Integrate With" that you receive or are entitled to receive. The result is your *weekly benefit*.

The amount of your *gross weekly benefit* may be limited if the *plan sponsor* has not updated the amount of your *insured earnings* on the most recent reporting date prior to the start of your *disability*.

See the "Redetermination" section of this *plan* for details.

CGP-3-STD2K-4.0 B335.0018

Redetermination

As of each July 1st, we use your then current *insured earnings* to set rates and to project benefit amounts and limits under this *plan*. However, you must be *actively-at-work* on a full-time basis on that date. If you are not, we do not do this until the date you return to *active work* on a full-time basis. But, changes in earnings will not apply to a *recurring disability*.

CGP-3-STD2K-4.1 B335.0024

Income We Integrate With

You may receive, or be entitled to receive, income shown in the list below. We will integrate your *gross weekly benefit* with such income to determine your *weekly benefit* from this *plan*.

- Commissions received, due to be received, or paid after disability benefits start. This includes vested and nonvested renewal commissions.
- Disability benefits from any mandated benefit act or law. This includes all temporary disability or state disability benefits required by law.
- Disability benefits from all group plans of: (1) the plan sponsor; or (2) your employer. This includes payments made by a group life insurance plan due to your disability. This does not include payments made from a group life insurance plan's: (a) accelerated death benefit; or (b) like provision that allows payment of such plan's proceeds due to terminal illness.
- Disability benefits from any other group plan.

- Benefits as shown below from: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; or (3) any other like U.S. or Canadian plan or act.
 - All disability benefits for which: (i) you are qualified; and (ii) your spouse and children are qualified due to your disability;
 - (b) All unreduced retirement benefits for which: (i) you are qualified; and (ii) your spouse and children are qualified due to your qualification; and
 - all reduced retirement benefits paid to: (i) you; and (ii) your spouse and children due to your receipt of such benefits.

We will integrate your gross weekly benefit with such benefits to which your spouse and children are entitled due to your receipt of or qualification for disability benefits. We do this without regard to: (a) your marital status; (b) where you live; (c) where your spouse lives; (d) where your child lives; or (e) any custody arrangements made on behalf of your child.

- Retirement plan retirement benefits funded for your benefit by: (1) the plan sponsor; or (2) your employer.
- Retirement plan disability benefits.
- Retirement benefits or retirement plan disability benefits, due to your disability, from any government plan other than those shown above.
- Disability benefits from any: (1) no-fault motor vehicle coverage; (2) motor vehicle financial responsibility act; or (3) like law.
- Benefits from: (1) a Workers' Compensation law; (2) an occupational disease law; or (3) any other act or law of like intent. This includes: (a) the Jones' Act; (b) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (c) any Maritime doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure.
- Disability benefits from any third party when your disability is the result of the negligence or intentional tort liability of that third party.
- Payment from your *employer* as part of a termination agreement.

We integrate your gross weekly benefit with income shown above that you are entitled to receive without regard to the reason you are entitled to receive it.

Our right to reduce your benefit by such income shall not be negated by a transfer of claim liability to a third party. Payment by such third party by law, settlement, judgement, waiver or otherwise shall not negate our right.

CGP-3-STD2K-4.2 B335.0025

Payments Of Other Income

Lump Sum Income with which we integrate may be paid in a lump sum. In this case, we take the equivalent weekly rate stated in the award into account when we determine your weekly benefit. If no weekly rate is given, we divide the lump sum payment by the number of calendar days in the period for which it was awarded. This will determine the daily rate. Then, multiply the daily rate by seven. The result is the prorated weekly rate.

Cost Of Living Freeze

You may receive a cost of living increase in other income with which we integrate. In this case, we do not further reduce your weekly benefit by the amount of such increase.

Other Income

Application For You must apply for other income benefits to which you may be entitled. If these benefits are denied, you must appeal until: (a) all possible appeals have been made; or (b) we notify you that no further appeals are required.

> If we feel you are entitled to receive such income benefits, we will estimate the amount due to you and your spouse and children. We will take this estimated amount into account when we determine your weekly benefit. But, we will not take this estimated amount into account if you sign our reimbursement agreement. In this agreement you promise: (a) to apply for any benefits for which you may be eligible; (b) to appeal any denial of such benefits until all possible appeals have been made; and (c) to repay any amount we overpaid due to an award of such benefits.

> If we do reduce your gross weekly benefit by an estimated amount, we will adjust your weekly benefit when we receive written proof: (a) of the amount awarded; or (b) that the other income benefits have been denied; and no further appeals are possible. If we underpaid you, we pay the full amount of the underpayment in a lump sum.

We will assist you in applying for other income benefits.

CGP-3-STD2K-4.3 B335.0027

Payment

Partial Week You may be disabled for only part of a week. In this case, we compute your payment as 1/7th of the benefit to which you would be entitled for the week times the number of days you are disabled.

Recovery

Overpayment If we overpaid you, you must repay us in full. We have the right to reduce your payment or apply any benefits payable, including the minimum payment, toward recovery of the overpayment.

> CGP-3-STD2K-4.4 B335.0074

If You Work While Disabled

Income Earned Subject to the other terms of this plan, income earned during disability is **During Disability** treated as shown below while this *plan* pays benefits.

> We reduce your weekly benefit by 50% of your income earned during disability.

> CGP-3-STD2K-5.0 B335.0032

Maximum Income Earned During Disability

This plan limits the amount of income you may earn, or may be able to earn, and still be considered disabled.

If your income earned during disability is more than 80% of your insured earnings, payments from this plan will end. Payments from this plan will also end if you are able to earn more than that limit.

CGP-3-STD2K-5.1 B335.0033 Your benefits from this *plan* will end because you cease to be *disabled*. In this case, a later *disability* may be treated as a *recurring disability*. The terms listed below must be met:

- (a) You return to active work right after your benefits end;
- (b) Your *disability* recurs less than two weeks after you were last entitled to benefits;
- (c) Your later *disability* is due to the same cause of, or a cause related to the cause of, your earlier *disability*;
- (d) This plan does not end during your return to active work;
- (e) You do not become covered under any other group short term disability plan during the time you return to active work;
- (f) During the time you return to *active work*, you stay insured by this *plan* and premium payments are made on your behalf; and
- (g) Your benefits do not end because you have used up the *maximum* payment period.

Any changes in benefit or the *plan* which take place during your return to active work, will not apply to the recurring disability.

If the later *disability* is a *recurring disability*, you will not need to complete a new *elimination period* before becoming entitled to benefits. Your claim for *recurring disability* will be subject to the same terms of the *plan* as your earlier *disability*.

CGP-3-STD2K-6.0 B335.0034

Pre-Existing Conditions

A pre-existing condition is a *sickness* or *injury*, including all related conditions and complications, for which, in the look back period, you:

- (a) receive advice or treatment from a doctor;
- (b) take prescribed drugs; or
- (c) receive other medical care or treatment, including consultation with a doctor.

You may have been prescribed drugs by a *doctor* for a condition to be taken during the look back period. In that case, such condition or a related condition will be considered pre-existing.

The "look back period" is the three months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of your insurance under this *plan*; (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this *plan*; and (c) the effective date of a change in your benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this *plan*.

A pregnancy that exists on the date your insurance under this *plan* starts is also a pre-existing condition.

For any *disability* due to a pre-existing condition, we limit the *maximum* payment period to 2 weeks; unless the *disability* starts after you complete at least one full day of active work after the date you are insured under this plan for 12 months in a row.

You may become *disabled* due to a pre-existing condition after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this *plan*; or (b) a change in your benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this *plan*. In this case, your benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. This limit does not apply if your *disability* starts after you complete at least one full day of *active work* after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any *disability* that starts before your insurance under this plan.

CGP-3-STD2K-8.0 B335.0230

Prior Coverage Credit

Credit If this *plan* replaces a similar short term disability plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer, the pre-existing condition provision may not apply to you. This *plan* must start right after the old plan ends.

We credit any time used to meet the old plan's pre-existing condition provision toward meeting this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision. If the old plan did not have a pre-existing condition provision, we credit any time you were covered under the old plan toward meeting this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision. We do this if: (a) you were covered under the old plan when it ended; and (b) you are *actively-at-work* and enroll for insurance on the effective date of this *plan*.

But, we limit the *maximum weekly benefit* under this *plan* if: (a) it is more than the old plan's maximum; (b) you become *disabled* due to a pre-existing condition; and (c) this *plan* pays benefits for such *disability* because we credit time as explained above. In this case, we limit the *maximum weekly benefit* to an amount equal to the old plan's maximum.

We deduct all payments made by the old plan under an extension provision.

CGP-3-STD2K-8.1 B335.0040

Exclusions This *plan* does not pay benefits for *disability* caused by, or related to:

- (a) declared or undeclared war, act of war, or armed aggression;
- (b) service in the armed forces, National Guard, or military reserves of any state or country;
- (c) your taking part in a riot or civil disorder;
- (d) your commission of, or attempt to commit a crime; or
- (e) intentional self-inflicted injuries.

We do not cover any period of disability caused directly or indirectly by: (i) job related or on the job injury; or (ii) conditions for which benefits are payable by Workers' Compensation or like laws.

We do not pay benefits for any period of disability:

- (1) during which you are confined to a facility as a result of your conviction of a crime;
- (2) during which you are not receiving regular care by a doctor;
- (3) during which you are not receiving medical care appropriate to the cause of your disability and any other sickness or injury which exists during your disability;
- (4) which starts before you are insured by this *plan*; or
- (5) during which your loss of earnings is not solely due to your disability.

CGP-3-STD2K-9.0 B335.0041

Definitions

Actively Working

Active Work, You are able to perform and are performing all of the regular duties of your Actively-At-Work Or work for your employer, on a full-time basis at: (a) one of your employer's usual places of business; (b) some place where your employer's business requires you to travel; or (c) any other place you and your employer have agreed on for your work.

> CGP-3-STD2K-10.0 B335.0045

Disabled

Disability Or These terms mean you have physical, mental or emotional limits caused by a current sickness or injury. And, due to these limits, you are not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the major duties of your own job.

> You are not disabled if you earn, or are able to earn, more than this plan's maximum allowed income earned during disability.

> You may be required, on average, to work more than 40 hours per week. In this case, you are not disabled if you are able to perform the major duties of your own job for 40 hours per week.

> Loss of a professional or occupational license will not, in itself, constitute disability.

> CGP-3-STD2K-10.2 B335.0048

Doctor Any medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (a) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice. We do not recognize you, or your spouse, child, parent, sibling, or business associate, as a doctor with respect to your claim for this plan's benefits.

Elimination Period

The period of time you must be disabled, due to a covered disability, before this *plan's* benefits are payable.

Any days during which you return to active work will not count toward the elimination period. The elimination period will be extended by one day for each day of active work. If you become eligible under any other group short term disability plan while you are at active work, you will not be entitled to benefits from this plan.

Employer

The business entity that employs you and is: (a) the plan sponsor; or (b) associated with the plan sponsor.

CGP-3-STD2K-10.3 B335.0050

Government Plan

Any of the following: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; (3) the Canadian Pension Plan; or (4) any other plan provided under the laws of a state, province or any other political subdivision. It also includes: (a) any public employee retirement plan; or (b) any plan provided in place of the above named plan or acts. It does not include: (i) any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law; (ii) the Jones' Act; (iii) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (iv) the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Gross Weekly Benefit

This plan's weekly benefit before it is integrated with other income and earnings.

Income Earned **During Disability**

The weekly income you earn from working while disabled. It includes any income you earn while disabled but which is returned to your employer, partnership, or any other similar business arrangement to cover any business or overhead expenses.

Injury A bodily injury due to an accident that occurs, independent of all other causes, while you are insured by this plan. We will cover a disability caused by an injury when the disability starts within 90 days of the date of such injury.

CGP-3-STD2K-10.4 B335.0051

Insured Earnings Only your earnings from the *employer* will be included as *insured earnings*.

The full amount of your insured earnings is used to calculate benefit amounts and limits under this plan. We base all calculations on the amount of your insured earnings as reported by the plan sponsor on the most current reporting date prior to the start of your disability. See the "Redetermination" section of this plan.

Insured earnings includes your contributions deposited into a cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section 401(k), 403(b) or 457. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plan are excluded.

For all covered persons, insured earnings means your rate of weekly earnings, excluding bonuses, commissions, expense accounts and any other extra compensation, as reported by the plan sponsor. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week.

CGP-3-STD2K-10.5 B335.0554

Period

Maximum Payment The longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan*.

No-Fault Motor A motor vehicle plan that pays disability or medical benefits no matter who **Vehicle Coverage** was at fault in an accident.

Own Job Your job for the employer. We use the job description provided by the plan sponsor to determine the duties and requirements of your own job.

Plan Sponsor The employer, association, union, trustee, or other group to which this plan is issued.

Recurring Disability

A later disability that: (a) is related to an earlier disability for which this plan paid benefits; and (b) meets the conditions described in "Recurring Disability."

Regular Care You are being treated by, or in consultation with, a doctor at a frequency that is consistent with your condition. The requirement for regular care does not apply if you have reached your maximum point of recovery yet are still disabled under the terms of this plan.

> CGP-3-STD2K-10.6 B335.0060

Retirement Plan A defined benefit or defined contribution plan funded wholly or in part by the employer's deposits for your benefit. The term does not include: (a) profit sharing plans; (b) thrift plans; (c) non-qualified deferred compensation plans: (d) individual retirement accounts; (e) tax sheltered annuities; or (f) stock ownership plans.

> Retirement Plan "retirement benefits" are lump sum or periodic payments at normal or early retirement. Some retirement plans make payments for disability(as defined by those plans) that start before normal retirement age. When such payments reduce the amount that would have been paid at normal retirement age, they are retirement benefits. When such payments do not reduce the normal retirement amount, they are "disability benefits."

Sickness An illness or disease. Pregnancy is treated as a *sickness* under this *plan*.

Guardian

We, Us, And The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

Weekly Benefit This plan's gross weekly benefit reduced by other income.

If you are working while *disabled,* your *weekly benefit* will be further reduced based on the amount of your *income earned during disability.* See "If You Work While Disabled."

You The person insured by this *plan*.

CGP-3-STD2K-10.7 B335.0065

LONG TERM DISABILITY HIGHLIGHTS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the plan features about which people most often want to know. But it's not a complete description of your long term disability plan. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit, and exclude.

CGP-3-LTD2K-HL B380.0244

Own Occupation Period

The first 24 months of benefit payments from this plan.

CGP-3-LTD2K-HL B380.0245

CGP-3-LTD2K-HL B380.0247

Maximum Payment Period

See the following table:

For a disability starting before the *employee* reaches age 60, the *maximum* payment period will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's	Social Security
Year of Birth	Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	65
1938	
1939	65 and 4 months
1940	65 and 6 months
1941	65 and 8 months
1942	65 and 10 months
1943-1954	66
1955	66 and 2 months
1956	66 and 4 months
1957	66 and 6 months
1958	66 and 8 months
1959	66 and 10 months
After 1959	67

For a disability starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will be determined according to the following table:

Age When Disability Starts	Maximum
Disability Starts	Payment Period
Age 60	 5.00 years
	 -
Age 62	 3.50 years
Age 63	 3.00 years
Age 64	 2.50 years
Age 65	 2.00 years
Age 66	 1.75 years

	Age 67 1.50 years Age 68 1.25 years Age 69 or older 1.00 year	
	But if an employee whose disability starts after age 60 reaches the maximum payment from this table before he reaches the So Normal Retirement Age, we will extend his maximum payment per reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.	cial Security
	CGP-3-LTD2K-HL	B380.0250
Benefit Percent		60%
	CGP-3-LTD2K-HL	B380.0255
Maximum Monthly		\$5,000.00
Benefit	CGP-3-LTD2K-HL	B380.0259
Survivor Benefit	3 times the last monthly benefit after it is reduced for income edisability you received.	arned during
	CGP-3-LTD2K-HL	B380.0265

LONG TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

This insurance replaces part of your income if you become disabled due to sickness or injury.

We decide: (a) if you are eligible for this insurance; (b) if you meet the requirements for benefits to be paid; and (c) what benefits are to be paid by this plan. We also interpret how this plan is to be administered. What we pay and the terms for payment are explained below.

All terms in *italics* are defined terms with special meanings. Their definitions are shown at the end of this section. Other terms are defined where they are used.

Claim Provisions

Your Duties If you become disabled due to sickness or injury while insured by this plan. you must:

- Give notice of claim as soon as possible after the date of your injury or the start of your sickness. Prompt notice will permit us to start case management. See the "Rehabilitation and Case Management" section of this plan for details.
- (b) Give a complete account of the details of your sickness or injury. This will include: (i) the cause of your disability, if known; (ii) a description of your sickness or the accident that caused your injury; and (iii) a list of all doctors, hospitals, or other facilities where you have been treated for the cause of your disability.
- Allow release of medical and/or income data needed to assess your claim.
- (d) Give periodic medical updates as required by this *plan*.
- (e) Take part in any medical, financial or vocational assessment as required by this plan.
- Apply for other income benefits to which you may be entitled.
- Promptly report to us the receipt or denial of such other income benefits. And, appeal any denials to the extent possible.
- Promptly report to us changes in your personal status. This includes: (i) change of address or phone number; (ii) changes in how your disability affects your daily living; and (iii) changes in your level of social, volunteer or business activities.
- (i) If we overpay benefits, promptly report and repay any amount overpaid.
- If you are working while disabled, promptly report to us the amount of your income from such work.
- Give us proof of your earnings for the period prior to your disability and (k) while you are disabled.

Notice You must send us written notice of your intent to file a claim under this *plan* as described in this certificate's "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." Notice must include:

- (a) your full name; phone number; social security number, and group number;
- (b) the date of your last day worked; the number of hours you worked; and your job title;
- (c) your *employer* contact and phone number;
- (d) a statement of the nature of your disability; and whether or not it is work-related;
- (e) your doctor's name, address and phone number.For details, you can call Guardian at 1-800-538-4583.

Proof Of Loss

When we receive your notice, we will provide you with a claim form for filing proof of loss. This form requires data from you, the *plan sponsor*, and the *doctor(s)* treating you for your *sickness* or *injury*. Proof of loss must be given to us within the time stated in this certificate's "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." If you do not receive a claim form within 15 days of the date you sent your notice, you should send us written proof of loss without waiting for the form.

We require the items listed below as proof of loss:

- (a) During the elimination period and the own occupation period, medical evidence in support of the limits on your ability to perform your own occupation, starting on the date you first became disabled. This proof is required from all doctors who have treated you for the cause of your disability.
 - After the *own occupation* period, medical evidence in support of the limits on your ability to perform any *gainful work*.
- (b) Proof that you have applied for all other sources of income to which you may be entitled, that may affect your payment from this *plan*.
- (c) Proof of receipt of other income that may affect your payment from this *plan*.
- (d) Your signed authorization for release of medical and/or financial data by the sources of such data.

Proof of loss and other claim data should be submitted to:

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America Group Long Term Disability Claims Department P.O. Box 26025 Lehigh Valley, PA 18002-6025

CGP-3-LTD2K01-1.0 B380.0425

How Payments Start To start getting payments from this *plan*, you must meet all of the conditions listed below:

- You must: (i) become disabled while insured by this plan; and (ii) remain disabled and insured for this plan's elimination period.
- You must be: (i) under a doctor's regular care for the cause of your disability, starting from the date you were first disabled; and (ii) receiving medical care appropriate to the cause of your disability and any other sickness or injury which exists during your disability.
- You must send us written documentation of: (i) medical evidence in support of the limits causing your disability; (ii) your monthly earnings prior to the start of your disability; and (iii) any earnings from work while you are disabled.

Proof of earnings may consist of: (1) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (2) a statement from a certified public accountant; or (3) any other records we agree to accept.

Waiver Of Premium Premiums for this insurance are waived while you are entitled to receive a payment from this plan.

To Continue To continue to receive payments from this plan, you must give us current Receiving Payments proof of loss when we request it.

You must give proof that satisfies us as to the items listed below:

- medical evidence in support of the limits causing your continued disability;
- continued regular care by a doctor that is appropriate for the cause of your disability and any other sickness or injury which exists during your disability;
- earnings from work while you are disabled: and
- (d) any other income that you are entitled to receive.

You must also give us current signed authorizations for release of medical and financial data when we request it.

You must permit such assessments and give us such items within 90 days of the date we make each such request. If you do not, we have the right to suspend or stop your payments under this plan.

Right To Request We may ask you to take part in a medical, financial or vocational assessment Medical Financial as often as we feel is reasonably necessary. We will pay for all such Or Vocational assessments. If you do not take part in the assessment, we have the right to **Assessment** stop or suspend your payments under this *plan*.

> CGP-3-LTD2K01-2.0 B380.0429

Payment Of We pay benefits to you if you are legally competent. If you are not, we pay **Benefits** benefits to the legal representative of your estate.

We pay benefits once each month at the end of the period for which they are payable.

Benefits to which you are entitled may remain unpaid at your death. Such benefits may be paid at our discretion to: (a) your estate; or (b) your spouse, parents, children, or brothers and sisters.

CGP-3-LTD2K-2.1 B380.0015

When Benefits End

When Payments End

Your benefits from this *plan* will end on the earliest of the dates shown below:

- (a) The date you are no longer disabled.
- (b) The date you earn, or are able to earn, the maximum earnings allowed while *disabled* under this *plan*.
- (c) The date you are able to perform the major duties of your *own occupation* on a full-time basis with reasonable accommodation that an employer is willing to provide.
- (d) After the *own occupation* period, the date you are able to perform the major duties of any *gainful work* on a full-time basis with reasonable accommodation that an employer is willing to provide.
- (e) The date you no longer reside in the United States.
- (f) The date you die.
- (g) The end of the maximum payment period.
- (h) The date you fail to give us required current proof of loss. This includes taking part in any medical, financial or vocational assessment we may require.
- (i) The date you are no longer under the *regular care* of a *doctor*.
- (j) The date payments end in accord with a rehabilitation agreement.
- (k) The date you refuse to take part in a rehabilitation program.

The term "reasonable accommodation" means any modification or adjustment to: (i) a job; (ii) an employment practice; (iii) a work process; or (iv) the work place. The modification or adjustment must make it possible for a disabled person to: (1) reach the same level of performance as a similarly situated non-disabled person; or (2) enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are available to a similarly situated non-disabled person. The modification or adjustment must not place an undue hardship on the employer.

CGP-3-LTD2K-3.0 B380.0019

Maximum Payment The maximum payment period is the longest time that benefits are paid by **Period** this *plan* for your *disability*. It is determined by the table shown below.

> But, it may be less than that shown due to the nature of your disability. See "Special Limitations."

For a disability starting before the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's	Social Security
Year of Birth	Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	. 65
1938	. 65 and 2 months
1939	. 65 and 4 months
1940	. 65 and 6 months
1941	. 65 and 8 months
1942	. 65 and 10 months
1943-1954	. 66
1955	. 66 and 2 months
1956	. 66 and 4 months
1957	. 66 and 6 months
1958	. 66 and 8 months
1959	. 66 and 10 months
After 1959	. 67

For a disability starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will be determined according to the following table:

Age When Disability Starts	Maximum Payment Period
Dioability Ctarto	r aymont r onou
Age 60	 5.00 years
Age 61	 4.00 years
Age 62	 3.50 years
Age 63	 3.00 years
Age 64	 2.50 years
Age 65	 2.00 years
Age 66	 1.75 years
Age 67	 1.50 years
Age 68	 1.25 years
Age 69 or older	 1.00 year

But if an employee whose disability starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend his maximum payment period until he reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

CGP-3-LTD2K-3.1 B380.0025

Special Limitations We limit the *maximum payment period*, if you are *disabled* due to a condition listed below.

> The maximum payment period for all such periods of disability is 24 months. This is a combined maximum for all such conditions and all periods of disability.

We limit the *maximum payment period* for *disabilities* caused or contributed to by the following conditions:

- Mental or emotional conditions
- Drug or alcohol abuse
- Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders including, but not limited to:
 - Sprains or strains of joints and muscles
 - Soft tissue conditions
 - Repetitive motion syndromes or injuries
 - Fibromyalgia
- Chronic fatigue conditions including, but not limited to:
 - Chronic fatigue syndrome
 - Chronic fatigue immunodeficiency syndrome
 - Epstein-barr syndrome
- Chemical and environmental sensitivities
- Headache
- Chronic pain, myofascial pain
- Gastro-esophageal reflux disorder
- Irritable bowel syndrome
- Vestibular dysfunction, vertigo, dizziness

This limitation will not apply to *disabilities* caused or contributed to by the following conditions:

- Schizophrenia
- Dementia
- Organic brain syndromes
- Amnesia syndromes
- Organic delusional or hallucinogenic syndromes
- Arthritis
- Ruptured intervertebral discs
- Spinal fractures
- Osteopathies
- Spinal tumors, malignancy or vascular malformations
- Radiculopathies, documented by EMG
- Spondylolisthesis, Grade II or higher

- Myelopathies
- Demyelinating diseases
- Traumatic spinal cord necrosis

No benefits will be paid for *disability* due to a *mental or emotional condition* or drug or alcohol abuse if you are not receiving treatment for the cause of the *disability* from a provider, or in a facility that is: (a) licensed by the state to provide treatment for such condition; and (b) accredited or approved by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Facilities or Medicare.

If payments under this *plan* would end due to the limits in this section, we may extend such payments, as shown below. But, you must meet all of the following conditions: (a) you must be *disabled* due to a condition named above; (b) you must be an inpatient in a qualified institution because of your *disability*; and (c) you must have been treated as an inpatient for at least 14 days in a row. In such case, we extend payments until the earliest of: (i) 90 days from the date of your discharge; (ii) the end of this *plan's maximum payment period*; or (iii) the date your *disability* ends.

The term "qualified institution" means a legally operated hospital or other public or private facility licensed to provide inpatient medical care and treatment for the cause of your *disability*.

If This Plan Ends

This insurance ends when the group plan ends. It also ends when this insurance is dropped from the group plan for all insureds, or for your class. If you are *disabled* when this insurance ends, we will treat you as if your insurance did not end. But, your benefit will be based on all of the terms of this *plan*.

CGP-3-LTD2K01-3.2 B380.0430

To Determine Your Benefit

Your benefit is determined by the plan of benefits and your *insured earnings* in effect on the date your *disability* starts.

Any changes to this *plan* that take place while you are *disabled* will not affect how we determine your benefit. This is also true for any changes that take place during a period of *active work* that occurs between an initial period of *disability* and a *recurring disability*.

Determining Your Monthly Benefit

Your *monthly benefit* is determined as shown below.

- (a) Multiply your *insured earnings* by 60%. Round this amount to the nearest dollar.
- (b) If the amount determined above is less than this *plan's maximum monthly benefit*, that amount is your *gross monthly benefit*.

If the amount determined above is equal to or more than this *plan's* maximum monthly benefit, your gross monthly benefit is equal to the maximum monthly benefit.

From your gross monthly benefit, subtract the amount of any income listed in "Income We Integrate With" that you receive or are entitled to receive. The result is your monthly benefit.

The amount of your gross monthly benefit may be limited if the plan sponsor has not updated the amount of your insured earnings to reflect your then current insured earnings on the most recent reporting date prior to the start of your disability.

See the "Redetermination" of this *plan* for details.

CGP-3-LTD2K-4.0 B380.0033

Redetermination

This plan redetermines insured earnings for each covered person on July 1st . Each July 1st , the plan sponsor must report current insured earnings for all covered persons under the plan. Changes to a covered person's insured earnings are subject to any proof of insurability requirements of this plan. As of this plan's redetermination date, we use a covered person's insured earnings on record with us to: (a) set rates; (b) project benefit amounts and limits; and (c) calculate premium payable under this plan. However, the covered person must be actively-at-work on a full-time basis on that date. If he or she is not, we do not do this until the date he or she returns to active work on a full-time basis. But, changes in earnings will not apply to a recurring disability.

CGP-3-LTD2K01-4.2 B380.0436

Integrate With

Income We You may receive, or be entitled to receive, income shown in the list below. We will integrate your gross monthly benefit with such income to determine your monthly benefit from this plan.

- Commissions received, due to be received, or paid after disability benefits start. This includes vested and nonvested renewal commissions.
- Disability benefits from any mandated benefit act or law. This includes all temporary disability or state disability benefits required by law.
- Disability benefits from all group plans of: (1) the plan sponsor; or (2) your employer. This includes payments made by a group life insurance plan due to your disability. This does not include payments made from a group life insurance plan's: (a) accelerated death benefit; or (b) like provision that allows payment of such plan's proceeds due to terminal illness.
- Disability benefits from any other group plan.
- Income from a sick leave or salary continuance plan. This applies whether such plan is sponsored on a formal or informal basis. This includes lump sum or recurrent payments of accrued sick leave benefits.
- Benefits as shown below from: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; or (3) any other like U.S. or Canadian plan or act.
 - All disability benefits for which: (i) you are qualified; and (ii) your (a) spouse and children are qualified due to your disability;

- All unreduced retirement benefits for which: (i) you are qualified; (b) and (ii) your spouse and children are qualified due to your qualification; and
- all reduced retirement benefits paid to: (i) you; and (ii) your (c) spouse and children due to your receipt of such benefits.

We will integrate your gross monthly benefit with such benefits to which your spouse and children are entitled due to your receipt of, or qualification for, disability benefits. We do this without regard to: (a) your marital status; (b) where you live; (c) where your spouse lives; (d) where your child lives; or (e) any custody arrangements made on behalf of your child.

- Retirement plan retirement benefits funded for your benefit by: (1) the plan sponsor; or (2) your employer.
- Retirement plan disability benefits.
- Retirement benefits or retirement plan disability benefits, due to your disability, from any government plan other than those shown above.
- Disability benefits from any: (1) no-fault motor vehicle coverage; (2) motor vehicle financial responsibility act; or (3) like law.
- Benefits from: (1) a Workers' Compensation law; (2) an occupational disease law; or (3) any other act or law of like intent. This includes: (a) the Jones' Act; (b) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (c) any Maritime doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure.
- Disability benefits from any third party when your disability is the result of the negligence or intentional tort liability of that third party.
- Payment from your *employer* as part of a termination agreement.

We integrate your gross monthly benefit with income shown above that you are entitled to receive without regard to the reason you are entitled to receive it.

Our right to reduce your benefit by such income shall not be negated by a transfer of claim liability to a third party. Payment by such third party by law, settlement, judgement, waiver or otherwise shall not negate our right.

CGP-3-LTD2K-4.3 B380.0058

Income

Lump Sum Income with which we integrate may be paid in a lump sum. In this case, we Payments Of Other take the equivalent monthly rate stated in the award into account when we determine your monthly benefit. If no monthly rate is given, we pro-rate the lump sum over the lesser of: (a) 60 months; or (b) the maximum payment period.

Freeze

Cost Of Living You may receive a cost of living increase in other income with which we integrate. In this case, we do not further reduce your monthly benefit by the amount of such increase.

Other Income

Application For You must apply for other income benefits to which you may be entitled. If these benefits are denied, you must appeal until: (a) all possible appeals have been made; or (b) we notify you that no further appeals are required.

> If we feel you are entitled to receive such income benefits, we will estimate the amount due to you and your spouse and children. We will take this estimated amount into account when we determine your monthly benefit. But, we will not take this estimated amount into account if you sign our reimbursement agreement. In this agreement you promise: (a) to apply for any benefits for which you may be eligible; (b) to appeal any denial of such benefits until all possible appeals have been made; and (c) to repay any amount we overpaid due to an award of such benefits.

> If we do reduce your gross monthly benefit by an estimated amount, we will adjust your monthly benefit when we receive written proof: (a) of the amount awarded; or (b) that the other income benefits have been denied; and no further appeals are possible. If we underpaid you, we pay the full amount of the underpayment in a lump sum.

We will assist you in applying for other income benefits.

CGP-3-LTD2K-4.4 B380.0062

Minimum Payment The minimum monthly payment for *disability* under this *plan* is \$100.00.

Partial Month Payment

You may be disabled for only part of a month. In this case, we compute your payment as 1/30th of the benefit to which you would be entitled for the full month times the number of days you are disabled. Payment will not be made for more than 30 days in any month.

Recovery

Overpayment If we overpaid you, you must repay us in full. We have the right to reduce your payment or apply any benefits payable, including the minimum payment, toward recovery of the overpayment.

> CGP-3-LTD2K-4.5 B380.0064

If You Work While Disabled

During Disability

Income Earned Subject to the other terms of this *plan*, if you are working to your *maximum* capacity, income earned during disability is treated as shown below while this plan pays benefits. In all cases, your insured earnings are adjusted each year by an indexing factor. See the "Indexing" section of this plan for how this is done.

- For each of the first 24 months after you return to work, add your gross monthly benefit and your income earned during disability.
 - If the sum is not more than 100% of your insured earnings, we do not reduce your monthly benefit for that month.
 - If the sum is more than 100% of your insured earnings, we reduce your monthly benefit for that month by the amount over 100% of your insured earnings.

- 2. For each month after 24 months of work while disabled:
 - (a) If your *income earned during disability* is less than 20% of your *insured earnings*, we do not reduce your *monthly benefit* for that month.
 - (b) If your *income earned during disability* is 20% or more of your *insured earnings*, we reduce your *monthly benefit* for that month by 50% of your *income earned during disability*.

CGP-3-LTD2K01-5.0 B380.0442

Part-Time Earnings Capacity

If you are able to work *part-time* while *disabled*, but you are not working to your *maximum capacity*, we adjust the *monthly benefit* as follows.

During the *own occupation* period, we reduce your *monthly benefit* by 50% of the income you would currently be able to earn, if working to your *maximum capacity*, in your *own occupation*. After the *own occupation* period, we reduce your *monthly benefit* by 50% of the income you would currently be able to earn, if working to your *maximum capacity*, in any *gainful occupation*.

Maximum Income Earned During Disability

This *plan* limits the amount of income you may earn, or may be able to earn, and still be considered *disabled*.

If your *income earned during disability* is more than 80% of your *insured earnings*, payments from this *plan* will end. Payments from this *plan* will also end if you are able to earn more than 80% of your *insured earnings*.

In all cases, your *insured earnings* are adjusted each year by an indexing factor. See the "Indexing" section of this *plan* for how this is done.

CGP-3-LTD2K01-5.1 B380.0519

Indexing

If you return to work while *disabled,* we adjust your *insured earnings* each year. We do this by means of an indexing factor. This factor increases the amount of income you may earn and still be considered *disabled.* This adjustment does not increase your *gross monthly benefit, monthly benefit,* or any other benefit under this *plan.*

We make the first indexing adjustment after you: (a) have returned to work; and (b) have received 12 monthly payments in a row from this *plan*.

To make the first adjustment, we multiply your *insured earnings* by the indexing factor for that year. To make adjustments in each later year, we multiply the amount of your last indexed *insured earnings* by the indexing factor for the current year.

The indexing factor is the lesser of: (a) 10%; or (b) one-half of the percentage change in the *CPI-W* for the prior calendar year.

CGP-3-LTD2K-5.2 B380.0073

Your benefits from this plan will end because you cease to be disabled. In this case, a later disability may be treated as a recurring disability. The terms listed below must be met:

- You return to active work right after your benefits end;
- (b) Your disability recurs less than six months after you were last entitled to benefits:
- Your later disability is due to the same cause of, or a cause related to the cause of, your earlier disability;
- This plan does not end during your return to active work;
- You do not become covered under any other similar group income replacement plan during the time you return to active work; and
- During the time you return to active work, you stay insured by this plan and premium payments are made on your behalf.
- (g) Your benefits do not end because you have used up the maximum payment period.

Any changes in benefit or the plan which take place during your return to active work, will not apply to the recurring disability.

If the later disability is a recurring disability, you will not need to complete a new elimination period before becoming entitled to benefits. Your claim for recurring disability will be subject to the same terms of the plan as your earlier disability.

CGP-3-LTD2K-6.0 B380.0075

Additional Benefits

CGP-3-LTD2K-7.0 B380.0318

The Survivor We may pay a survivor benefit if you die after you: (a) had been disabled for Benefit at least six months in a row; and (b) were entitled to receive at least one full monthly benefit. When we receive proof of your death, we pay your eligible survivor a lump sum benefit.

> We pay a benefit equal to 3 times the amount of your last monthly benefit after it is reduced by income earned during disability. But, we first apply such benefit to reduce any overpayment you may owe us.

If you have no eligible survivor, no survivor benefit is paid.

Your eligible survivor is your spouse, if living.

If your spouse is not living, your eligible survivor is your: (a) unmarried child under age 20; and (b) unmarried child under age 26 who is enrolled as a full-time student at an accredited school. If there is more than one such child when you die, this benefit will be paid to each child in equal shares.

CGP-3-LTD2K-7.1 B380.0081

Income Recovery This plan may pay an Income Recovery Benefit, if monthly benefits cease Benefit because you are no longer disabled.

When And How The **Income Recovery Benefit Starts**

To be eligible for the Income Recovery Benefit, you must be:

- able to perform the major duties of your own occupation; and
- working in your own occupation the same number of hours as you did prior to disability; and
- unable to earn this plan's maximum allowable income earned during disability, due to the sickness or injury which caused the prior disability.

What We Pay

We pay this benefit monthly, in arrears. We determine the amount we pay in two steps. In step one, we compute the following: (a) your gross monthly benefit as of the last month you were disabled under the terms of this plan; less (b) any other income this plan integrates with that you are entitled to receive. In step two we make a current earnings adjustment. We add: (a) your gross monthly benefit as of the last month you were disabled under the terms of this plan; and (b) your current monthly earnings. If such sum exceeds 100% of your insured earnings, we pay the amount in step one less the excess over 100%. If such sum does not exceed 100%, we pay the amount in step one.

When The Income **Recovery Benefit Ends**

We stop paying this benefit on the earliest of:

- the date you are able to earn this plan's maximum allowable income earned during disability;
- (b) the date you become disabled;
- (c) the date you stop working;
- (d) the date 12 consecutive months after the first Income Recovery Benefit is paid; or
- (e) the end of the maximum payment period.

We will not pay more than 12 monthly Income Recovery Benefit payments following any one period of disability, including any recurrent disability.

CGP-3-LTD2K01-7.5 B380.0452

Services Available

Social Security We may feel you are qualified for Social Security disability benefits. If so, we Assistance may offer to help you apply for them. If such benefits are under review by Social Security, we may also offer to help you keep them.

We may offer to help:

- (a) Fill out your application for such benefits, and any related forms;
- Find suitable legal counsel; and (b)
- Give medical and vocational data needed to file your claim.

You must apply for all income benefits for which you may be eligible, whether or not you use our help. Using our help does not cancel your duties shown in the "Application for Other Income" section of this plan.

Rehabilitation And **Case Management**

Case management starts when we are notified of your disability.

We will review your disability to see if certain services are likely to help you return to gainful work. If needed, we may ask for more medical or vocational information.

When our review is complete, we may offer you a rehabilitation program. We have the right to suspend or end your monthly benefit if you do not accept it.

The rehabilitation program will start when a written rehabilitation agreement is signed by: (1) you; (2) us; and (3) your employer, if needed. The program may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) vocational assessment of your work potential;
- coordination and transition planning with an employer for your return to work;
- consulting with your doctor on your return to work and need for accommodations:
- (d) training in job seeking skills and resume preparation;
- (e) retraining;
- (f) child care expense aid; and
- aid in worksite alteration made to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act. This includes a one-time payment of up to \$2,500.00.

We have the right to determine which services are appropriate.

If you accept the rehabilitation agreement, we will pay an enhanced benefit. The enhanced benefit will be 110% of the monthly benefit that would otherwise be paid. This enhanced benefit will be payable as of the first monthly benefit after the rehabilitation program starts.

We stop paying the enhanced benefit on the earliest of:

- (a) The date your benefits from this *plan* end,
- The date you violate the terms of the rehabilitation agreement; (b)
- (c) The date you end the rehabilitation program; and
- The date the *rehabilitation agreement* ends.

If you end a rehabilitation program without our consent, you must repay any enhanced benefits paid.

CGP-3-LTD2K-8.0 B380.0089

Pre-Existing Conditions

Pre-Existing A pre-existing condition is a *sickness* or *injury*, including all related conditions **Conditions** and complications, for which, in the look back period, you:

(a) receive advice or treatment from a doctor;

- (b) take prescribed drugs; or
- receive other medical care or treatment, including consultation with a doctor.

You may have been prescribed drugs by a doctor for a condition to be taken during the look back period. In that case, such condition or a related condition will be considered pre-existing.

The "look back period" is the three months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of your insurance under this plan; (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this plan; and (c) the effective date of a change in your benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this plan.

A pregnancy that exists on the date your insurance under this plan starts is also a pre-existing condition.

No benefits are payable for disability due to a pre-existing condition, unless the disability starts after you complete at least one full day of active work after the date you are insured under this plan for 12 months in a row.

You may become disabled due to a pre-existing condition after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this plan; or (b) a change in your benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this plan. In this case, your benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. This limit does not apply if your disability starts after you complete at least one full day of active work after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any disability that starts before your insurance under this plan.

CGP-3-LTD2K-9.0 B380 0090

Prior Coverage If this plan replaces a similar income replacement plan the plan sponsor had Credit with another insurer, the pre-existing condition provision may not apply to you. This plan must start right after the old plan ends.

> We credit any time used to meet the old plan's pre-existing condition provision toward meeting this plan's pre-existing condition provision. If the old plan did not have a pre-existing condition provision, we credit any time you were covered under the old plan toward meeting this plan's pre-existing condition provision. We do this if: (a) you were covered under the old plan when it ended; and (b) you are actively-at-work and enroll for insurance on the effective date of this plan.

> But, we limit the maximum monthly benefit under this plan if: (a) it is more than the old plan's maximum; (b) you become disabled due to a pre-existing condition; and (c) this plan pays benefits for such disability because we credit time as explained above. In this case, we limit the maximum monthly benefit to an amount equal to the old plan's maximum.

We deduct all payments made by the old plan under an extension provision.

CGP-3-LTD2K-9.1 B380.0092

Exclusions This *plan* does not pay benefits for *disability* caused by, or related to:

- declared or undeclared war, act of war, or armed aggression;
- (b) service in the armed forces, National Guard, or military reserves of any state or country;
- (c) your taking part in a riot or civil disorder;
- (d) your commission of, or attempt to commit a crime; or
- (e) intentional self-inflicted injuries.

We do not pay any benefits for any period of *disability*:

- (1) during which you are confined to a facility as a result of your conviction of a crime:
- during which you are not receiving regular care by a doctor; (2)
- during which you are not receiving medical care appropriate to the cause of your disability and any other sickness or injury which exists during your disability;
- (4) which starts before you are insured by this *plan*; or
- during which your loss of earnings is not solely due to your disability.

CGP-3-LTD2K-10.0 B380.0093

Definitions

Active Work, You are able to perform and are performing all of the regular duties of your Actively-At-Work Or work for your employer, on a full-time basis at: (a) one of your employer's Actively Working usual places of business; (b) some place where your employer's business requires you to travel; or (c) any other place you and your employer have agreed on for your work.

> CGP-3-LTD2K-12.0 B380.0098

CPI-W

That part of the United States Department of Labor Consumer Price Index that measures the relative value of the cost of a typical urban wage earner's purchase of certain goods and services. The change in cost is expressed as a percentage of the cost of those goods and services in a base period. When we compute the change in CPI-W, we use the value of the CPI-W published in December of that year and the value published in December of the prior year. If the Department of Labor stops publishing the CPI-W, we have the right to use some other similar standard.

CGP-3-LTD2K-12.2 B380.0100

Disabled

Disability Or These terms mean you have physical, mental or emotional limits caused by a current sickness or injury. And, due to these limits, you are not able to perform the major duties of your own occupation or any gainful work as shown below:

- (1) During the elimination period and the own occupation period, you are not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the major duties of your own occupation.
- (2) After the end of the own occupation period, you are not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the major duties of any gainful work.

You are not disabled if you earn, or are able to earn, more than this plan's maximum allowed income earned during disability.

You may be required, on average, to work more than 40 hours per week. In this case, you are not disabled if you are able to work for 40 hours per

Loss of a professional or occupational license will not, in itself, constitute disability.

CGP-3-LTD2K-12.3 B380.0102

Doctor Any medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (a) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice. We do not recognize you, or your spouse, child, parent, sibling, or business associate, as a doctor with respect to your claim for this plan's benefits.

Elimination Period The period of time you must be disabled, due to a covered disability, before this *plan's* benefits are payable.

> Any days during which you return to active work will not count toward the elimination period. The elimination period will be extended by one day for each day of active work. If you become eligible under any other similar group income replacement plan while you are at active work, you will not be entitled to benefits from this plan.

Employer

The business entity that employs you and is: (a) the plan sponsor; or (b) associated with the plan sponsor.

CGP-3-LTD2K-12.10 B380.0112

Gainful Occupation Work for which you are, or may become, qualified by: (a) training; (b) or Gainful Work education; or (c) experience. When you are able to perform such work on a full-time basis, you can be expected to earn at least 80% of your indexed insured earnings, within 12 months of returning to work.

Government Plan Any of the following: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; (3) the Canadian Pension Plan; or (4) any other plan provided under the laws of a state, province or any other political subdivision. It also includes: (a) any public employee retirement plan; or (b) any plan provided in place of the above named plan or acts. It does not include: (i) any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law; (ii) the Jones' Act; (iii) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (iv) the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Gross Monthly This plan's monthly benefit before it is reduced by other income and Benefit earnings.

Income Earned The monthly income you earn from working while disabled. It includes any During Disability income you earn while disabled but which is returned to your employer, partnership, or any other similar business arrangement to cover any business or overhead expenses.

Injury A bodily *injury* due to an accident that occurs, independent of all other causes, while you are insured by this plan. We will cover a disability caused by an injury when the disability starts within 90 days of the date of such injury.

CGP-3-LTD2K01-12.11 B380.0458

Insured Earnings Only your earnings from the *employer* will be included as *insured earnings*.

We calculate benefit amounts and limits based on the amount of your insured earnings on record with us as of the Redetermination date immediately prior to the start of your disability. See the "Redetermination" section of this plan.

Insured earnings includes your contributions deposited into a cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section 401(k), 403(b) or 457. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plan are excluded.

For all covered persons, insured earnings means your rate of monthly earnings, excluding bonuses, commissions, expense accounts, and any other extra compensation, as reported by the plan sponsor. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Such earnings are multiplied by 4.333.

CGP-3-LTD2K01-12.12 B380.2124

Maximum Capacity

During the own occupation period, the fullest extent of work you are able to do in your own occupation. After the own occupation period, the fullest extent of work you are able to do in any gainful occupation. We decide the fullest extent of work you are able to do based on objective data provided by: (a) your treating doctor; (b) impartial medical or vocational exams; (c) peer review specialists; (d) functional capacities exams; and (e) other medical and vocational specialists whose area of expertise is appropriate to your disability.

Period

Maximum Payment The longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan*.

Mental Or Emotional Include, but are not limited to: (a) neurosis; (b) psychoneurosis; (c) **Conditions** psychosis; (d) psychopathy; and (e) any other mental or emotional disorder.

Monthly Benefit This plan's gross monthly benefit reduced by other income. If you are working while disabled, your monthly benefit will be further reduced based on the amount of your income earned during disability. See the "If You Work While Disabled" provision of this *plan* for how this is done.

> CGP-3-LTD2K01-12.13 B380.0489

No-Fault Motor A motor vehicle plan that pays disability or medical benefits no matter who **Vehicle Coverage** was at fault in an accident.

Own Occupation Your occupation as done in the general labor market in the national economy. To determine the duties and requirements of your own occupation, we use: (a) the job description provided by the plan sponsor; and (b) the duties and requirements of that occupation as shown in the most recent version of the Dictionary of Occupational Titles. That document is published by the Department of Labor. If the Department stops publishing that document, we have the right to use some other similar standard.

Part-Time The ability to work and earn between 40% and 80% of *insured earnings*.

Plan Sponsor The employer, association, union, trustee, or other group to which this plan is issued.

Recurring Disability

A later disability that: (a) is related to an earlier disability for which this plan paid benefits; and (b) meets the conditions described in "Recurring Disability."

Regular Care A person is being treated by, or in consultation with, a doctor at a frequency that is consistent with his or her condition. The requirement for regular care does not apply if he or she has reached his or her maximum point of recovery yet is still disabled under the terms of this plan.

CGP-3-LTD2K01-12.14

B380.0523

Rehabilitation A formal agreement between; (a) you; (b) us; and (c) your employer, if Agreement needed. It outlines the rehabilitation program in which you agree to take part.

Rehabilitation A program of work or job-related training for you that we approve in writing. **Program** Its aim is to restore your wage earning abilities.

Retirement Plan A defined benefit or defined contribution plan funded wholly or in part by the employer's deposits for your benefit. The term does not include: (a) profit sharing plans; (b) thrift plans; (c) non-qualified deferred compensation plans: (d) individual retirement accounts; (e) tax sheltered annuities; or (f) stock ownership plans.

> Retirement Plan "retirement benefits" are lump sum or periodic payments at normal or early retirement. Some retirement plans make payments for disability (as defined by those plans) that start before normal retirement age. When such payments reduce the amount that would have been paid at normal retirement age, they are retirement benefits. When such payments do not reduce the normal retirement amount, they are "disability benefits."

Sickness An illness or disease. Pregnancy is treated as a sickness under this plan.

Guardian

We, Us, And The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

You The person insured by this *plan*.

CGP-3-LTD2K-12.15

B380.0135

ELIGIBILITY FOR DENTAL COVERAGE

B489.0002

Employee Coverage

Eligible Employees To be eligible for employee coverage you must be an active full-time employee. And you must belong to a class of employees covered by this plan.

Other Conditions

If you must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, we won't insure you until you enroll and agree to make the required payments. If you do this: (a) more than 31 days after you first become eligible; or (b) after you previously had coverage which ended because you failed to make a required payment, we consider you to be a late entrant.

If you initially waived dental coverage under this plan because you were covered under another group plan, and you now elect to enroll in the dental coverage under this plan, the Penalty for Late Entrants provision will not apply to you with regard to dental coverage provided your coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events: (a) termination of your spouse's employment; (b) loss of eligibility under your spouse's plan; (c) divorce; (d) death of your spouse; or (e) termination of the other plan.

But you must enroll in the dental coverage under this plan within 30 days of the date that any of the events described above occur.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0 B489.0122

Dental Plan Election Procedures

Since Managed DentalGuard is offered to you as an alternative to this dental coverage, you may change your election, and enroll in Managed DentalGuard as follows.

If you drop your coverage under this plan, at any time other than during an open enrollment period, you may not enroll in Managed DentalGuard until the open enrollment period which starts at least 12 months after the date coverage is dropped.

If you remain covered under this plan, you may change your election, and enroll in Managed DentalGuard during an open enrollment period. Your coverage under this plan ends on the date coverage under Managed DentalGuard begins.

An "open enrollment period" is a 30 day period occurring once every 12 months after this plan's effective date, or at time intervals agreed upon by the *employer* and us.

If you change your election, your covered dependents will automatically be switched to Managed DentalGuard at the same time as you.

CGP-3-FC-90-1.0 B489.0137

Coverage Starts

When Your Employee benefits are scheduled to start on your effective date.

But you must be actively at work on a full-time basis on the scheduled effective date. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are not actively at work on the date your insurance is scheduled to start, we will postpone your coverage until the date you return to active full-time work.

Sometimes, your effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But coverage will still start on that date if you were actively at work on a full-time basis on your last regularly scheduled work day.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0 B489.0070

Coverage Ends

When Your Your coverage ends on the last day of the month in which your active full-time service ends for any reason, other than disability. Such reasons include retirement, layoff, leave of absence and the end of employment.

Your coverage ends on the date you die.

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for insurance under this plan, or when this plan ends for all employees. And it ends when this plan is changed so that benefits for the class of employees to which you belong ends.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Read this booklet carefully if your coverage ends. You may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B489.0075

Your Right To Continue Group Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice This section may not apply. You must contact your *employer* to find out if your employer must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

If Your Group Group coverage may normally end for an employee because he or she Coverage Would ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the employee may End continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the employee to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child, or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the employee's own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the employee is on active duty(or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The employee will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

Ends

When Continuation Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period, in the case of an employee who cares for a covered servicemember. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to the employee under this section for all reasons.
- The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in: (a) any 12 month period, in the case of any other employee; or (b) any later 12 month period in the case of an employee who cares for a covered servicemember.
- The date on which your coverage would have ended had you not been on leave.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- Active Duty: This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- Covered Servicemember: This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- Next Of Kin: This term means the nearest blood relative of the employee.

Your Right To Continue Group Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence (Cont.)

- Outpatient Status: This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- Serious Injury Or Illness: This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B449.0727

Dependent Coverage

B200.0271

For Dependent Dental Benefits

Your *eligible dependents* are: (a) your legal spouse; (b) your unmarried dependent children who are under age 26; and (c) your unmarried dependent children from age 26 until their 26th birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at accredited schools.

An unmarried dependent child who is not able to remain enrolled as a full-time student due to a *medically necessary* leave of absence may continue to be an *eligible dependent* until the earlier of: (a) the date that is one year after the first day of the *medically necessary* leave of absence; or (b) the date on which coverage would otherwise end under this *plan*. You must provide written certification by a treating physician which states that the child is suffering from a serious illness or injury and that the leave of absence is *medically necessary*.

CGP-3-DEP-90-2.0 B489.0301

Adopted Children And Step-Children

Your "unmarried dependent children" include your legally adopted children and, if they depend on you for most of their support and maintenance, your step-children.

We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in your physical custody for the purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued. We cover your adopted child from the moment of his or her placement if you are already covered for dependent child coverage when the child is placed for adoption. If you do not have dependent coverage when the child is placed for adoption, we cover the child for the first 31 days from the moment of his or her placement. To continue the child's coverage past the 31 days, you must enroll the child and agree to make any required premium payments within 31 days of the date of placement. If you fail to do this, the child's coverage will end at the end of the 31 days. The child won't be covered by this plan again until you enroll the child. Then the child will be covered as of the date you sign the enrollment form and will be a late entrant and subject to any applicable late entrant penalties.

If this plan has pre-existing restrictions, they will not apply to a minor child adopted by you after this plan starts.

Dependents Not We exclude any dependent who is insured by this plan as an employee. And **Eligible** we exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

> CGP-3-DEP-90-3.1 B489.0231

Handicapped Children

You may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who can't support himself or herself. Subject to all of the terms of this coverage and the plan, such a child may stay eligible for dependent benefits past this coverage's age limit.

The child will stay eligible as long as he or she stays unmarried and unable to support himself or herself, if: (a) his or her conditions started before he or she reached this coverage's age limit; (b) he or she became insured by this coverage before he or she reached the age limit, and stayed continuously insured until he or she reached such limit; and (c) he or she depends on you for most of his or her support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, you must send us written proof that the child is handicapped and depends on you for most of his or her support and maintenance. You have 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, we can't ask for this proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when yours does.

CGP-3-DEP-90-4.0 B449.0042

Waiver Of Dental If you initially waived dental coverage for your spouse or eligible dependent Late Entrants children under this plan because they were covered under another group plan, and you now elect to enroll them in the dental coverage under this plan, the Penalty for Late Entrants provision will not apply to them with regard to dental coverage provided their coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events: (a) termination of your spouse's employment; (b) loss of eligibility under your spouse's plan; (c) divorce; (d) death of your spouse; or (e) termination of the other plan.

> But you must enroll your spouse or eligible dependent children in the dental coverage under this plan within 30 days of the date that any of the events described above occur.

> In addition, the Penalty for Late Entrants provision for dental coverage will not apply to your spouse or eligible dependent children if: (a) you are under legal obligation to provide dental coverage due to a court-order; and (b) you enroll them in the dental coverage under this plan within 30 days of the issuance of the court-order.

> CGP-3-DEP-90-5.0 B200.0749

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for your dependent coverage to begin you must already be insured for employee coverage or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this plan, the date your dependent coverage starts depends on when you elect to enroll your initial dependents and agree to make any required payments.

If you do this on or before your *eligibility date*, the dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the first of the month which coincides with or next follows your *eligibility date* and the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this within the *enrollment period*, the coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the first of the month which coincides with or next follows the date you sign the enrollment form; and the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this after the *enrollment period* ends, each of your *initial dependents* is a late entrant and is subject to any applicable late entrant penalties. The dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the first of the month which coincides with or next follows the date you sign the enrollment form.

Once you have dependent coverage for your *initial dependents*, you must notify us when you acquire any new dependents and agree to make any additional payments required for their coverage.

If you do this within 31 days of the date the *newly acquired dependent* becomes eligible, the dependent's coverage will start on the date the dependent first becomes eligible. If you fail to notify us on time, the *newly acquired dependent*, when enrolled, is a late entrant and is subject to any applicable late entrant penalties. The late entrant's coverage is scheduled to start on the date you sign the enrollment form.

CGP-3-DEP-90-6.0 B489.0055

Exception

If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a *hospital* or other health care facility; or is home-confined; or is unable to carry out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his dependent benefits would otherwise start, we will postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his discharge from such facility; until home confinement ends; or until he resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

CGP-3-DEP-90-7.0 B200.0692

Newborn Children

We cover your newborn child from the moment of birth if you are already covered for dependent child coverage when the child is born. If you do not have dependent coverage when the child is born, we cover the child for the first 31 days from the moment of his or her birth. To continue the child's coverage past the 31 days, you must enroll the child and agree to make any required premium payments within 31 days of the date the child is born. If you fail to do this, the child's coverage will end at the end of the 31 days. The child won't be covered by this plan again until you enroll the child. Then the child will be covered as of the date you sign the enrollment form and will be a late entrant and subject to any applicable late entrant penalties.

CGP-3-DEP-90-8.0 B489.0232

When Dependent Coverage Ends

Dependent coverage ends for all of your dependents when your coverage ends. But if you die while insured, we'll automatically continue dependent benefits for those of your dependents who were insured when you died. We'll do this for six months at no cost, provided: (a) the group plan remains in force; (b) the dependents remain *eligible dependents*; and (c) in the case of a spouse, the spouse does not remarry.

If a surviving dependent elects to continue his or her dependent benefits under this *plan's* "Federal Continuation Rights" provision, or under any other continuation provision of this *plan*, if any, this free continuation period will be provided as the first six months of such continuation. Premiums required to be paid by, or on behalf of a surviving dependent will be waived for the first six months of continuation, subject to restrictions (a), (b) and (c) above. After the first six months of continuation, the remainder of the continuation period, if any, will be subject to the premium requirements, and all of the terms of the "Federal Continuation Rights" or other continuation provisions.

Dependent coverage also ends for all of your dependents when you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this *plan* ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this *plan* for all *employees* or for an *employee's* class.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of dependent coverage, and you fail to do so, your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he or she stops being an *eligible dependent*. This happens to a child at 12:01 a.m. on the date the child attains this coverage's age limit, when he or she marries, or when a step-child is no longer dependent on you for support and maintenance. It happens to a spouse when a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment.

Read this *plan* carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time.

CGP-3-DEP-90-9.0 B489.0048

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

Effective January 1, 2008, this rider amends the dependent coverage provisions as follows:

Your domestic partner will be eligible for coverage under this plan subject to all of the terms of this plan and the limitations below. "Domestic partner" means an adult who has chosen to share his or her life with you in an intimate and committed relationship of mutual caring.

To qualify for such coverage, you and your domestic partner must be either:

- (a) registered domestic partners; or
- (b) non-registered domestic partners.

As used here:

"Registered domestic partners" means an employee and his or her domestic partner who: (a) have filed a Declaration of Domestic Partnership with the California Secretary of State; (b) were registered as a domestic partner in the registry for those partnerships; and (c) were issued a copy of the registered form and a Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership.

"Non-registered domestic partners" means an employee and his or her domestic partner who:

- are 18 years of age or older;
- are unmarried, constitute each other's sole domestic partner, and have not had another domestic partner in the last 12 months;
- share the same permanent address for at least 12 consecutive months and intend to do so indefinitely;
- share joint financial responsibility for basic living expenses including food, shelter and medical expenses;
- are not related by blood to a degree that would prohibit marriage in the employee's state of residence; and

- are financially interdependent which must be demonstrated by at least four of the following:
 - a. ownership of a joint bank account;
 - b. ownership of a joint credit account;
 - c. evidence of a joint mortgage or lease;
 - d. evidence of joint obligation on a loan;
 - e. joint ownership of a residence;
 - f. evidence of common household expenses such as utilities or telephone
 - g. execution of wills naming each other as executor and/or beneficiary;
 - h. granting each other durable powers of attorney;
 - i. granting each other health care powers of attorney;
 - j. designation of each other as beneficiary under a retirement benefit account; or
 - k. evidence of other joint financial responsibility.

Your registered domestic partner, or non-registered domestic partner, will be eligible for dental coverage under this plan.

To cover your non-registered domestic partner, you must complete a "Declaration of Domestic Partnership" attesting to the relationship and forward it to us.

A registered or non-registered domestic partner's dependent children will be eligible for coverage under this plan on the same basis as if the children were your dependent children.

Coverage for a registered domestic partner and his or her dependent children ends when the domestic partnership is dissolved as provided under California law.

Coverage for a non-registered domestic partner and his or her dependent children ends when the domestic partner no longer meets the qualifications of a non-registered domestic partner as described above. Upon termination of a non-registered domestic partnership, a "Statement of Termination" must be completed and filed with the employer. Once you submit a "Statement of Termination", you may not enroll another non-registered domestic partner for a period of 12 months from the date of the previous termination.

A non-registered domestic partner and his or her children will not be eligible for:

- (a) survivor benefits upon your death as explained under the "When Dependent' Coverage Ends" section;
- (b) continuation of dental coverage as explained under the "Federal Continuation Rights" section and under any other continuation rights section of this plan, unless you are also eligible for and elect continuation.

A registered domestic partner will have all of the rights of a spouse under this plan except that the continuation of dental coverage as explained under the "Federal Continuation Rights" section is available to a registered domestic partner and his or her children only if you are also eligible for and elect continuation.

This rider is a part of this plan. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this plan.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuat J Shaw Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-3-A-DMST-CA-05 B489.0223

DENTAL HIGHLIGHTS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the Dental Expense Insurance plan features which people most often want to know about. But it's not a complete description of your Dental Expense Insurance plan. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit and exclude.

• Benefit Year Cash Deductible for Non-Orthodontic Services

For Group I Services	None
For Group II and III Services	\$50.00
	for each covered person

CGP-3-DENT-HL-90 B497.0507

• Payment Rates:

For Group I Services .														 80%
For Group II Services														 80%
For Group III Services														 50%

CGP-3-DENT-HL-90 B497.0087

Benefit Year Payment Limit for Non-Orthodontic Services

For Group I, II and III Services Up to \$1,500.00

Note: A covered person may be eligible for a rollover of a portion of his or her unused Benefit Year Payment Limit for Non-Orthodontic Services. See "Rollover of Benefit Year Payment Limit for Non-Orthodontic Services" for details.

CGP-3-DENT-HL-90 B497.143

Once each year, during the group enrollment period, you may elect to enroll in one of the dental expense *plan* options offered by your employer. The group enrollment period is a time period agreed to by your employer and us. Coverage starts on the first day of the month that next follows the date of enrollment. You and your eligible dependents are not subject to late entrant penalties if they enroll during the group enrollment period.

Once each year, during a special election period you may select to transfer to another dental expense plan option offered by your employer. The special election period is a time period agreed to by your employer and us. Coverage under the new plan option starts of the first day of the month that follows election. Coverage under the former plan option ends on that date.

The group enrollment period and the special election periods are time periods agreed to by your employer and us. Such open enrollment period and special election period may occur during the same time period.

CGP-3-DENT-HLTS B497.2409

DENTAL EXPENSE INSURANCE

This insurance will pay many of a covered person's dental expenses. We pay benefits for covered charges incurred by a covered person. What we pay and terms for payment are explained below.

CGP-3-DG2000 B498,0007

DentalGuard Preferred - This Plan's Dental Preferred Provider Organization

This *plan* is designed to provide high quality dental care while controlling the cost of such care. To do this, the *plan* encourages a *covered person* to seek dental care from *dentists* and dental care facilities that are under contract with *Guardian's dental preferred provider organization (PPO)*, which is called DentalGuard Preferred.

The dental PPO is made up of *preferred providers* in a covered person's geographic area. Use of the dental PPO is voluntary. A *covered person* may receive dental treatment from any dental provider he or she chooses. And he or she is free to change providers anytime.

This *plan* usually pays a higher level of benefits for covered treatment furnished by a *preferred provider*. Conversely, it usually pays less for covered treatment furnished by a *non-preferred provider*.

When an *employee* enrolls in this *plan*, he or she and his or her dependents receive a dental plan ID card and information about current *preferred* providers.

A covered person must present his or her ID card when he or she uses a preferred provider. Most preferred providers prepare necessary claim forms for the covered person, and submit the forms to us. We send the covered person an explanation of this plan's benefit payments, but any benefit payable by us is sent directly to the preferred provider.

What we pay is based on all of the terms of this *plan*. Please read this *plan* carefully for specific benefit levels, deductibles, *payment rates* and *payment limits*.

A *covered person* may call the Guardian at the number shown on his or her ID card should he or she have any questions about this *plan*.

CGP-3-DGY2K-PPO B498.0151

Covered Charges

Whether a covered person uses the services of a preferred provider or a non-preferred provider, covered charges are the charges listed in the fee schedule the preferred provider has agreed to accept as payment in full, for the dental services listed in this plan's List of Covered Dental Services.

To be covered by this *plan*, a service must be: (a) necessary; (b) appropriate for a given condition; and (c) included in the List of Covered Dental Services.

We may use the professional review of a *dentist* to determine the appropriate benefit for a dental procedure or course of treatment.

When certain comprehensive dental procedures are performed, other less extensive procedures may be performed prior to, at the same time or at a later date. For benefit purposes under this *plan*, these less extensive procedures are considered to be part of the more comprehensive procedure. Even if the *dentist* submits separate bills, the total benefit payable for all related charges will be limited to the maximum benefit payable for the more comprehensive procedure. For example, osseous surgery includes the procedure scaling and root planing. If the scaling and root planing is performed one or two weeks prior to the osseous surgery, we may only pay benefits for the osseous surgery.

We only pay benefits for covered charges incurred by a *covered person* while he or she is insured by this *plan*. A covered charge for a crown, bridge or cast restoration is incurred on the date the tooth is initially prepared. A covered charge for any other *dental prosthesis* is incurred on the date the first master impression is made. A covered charge for root canal treatment is incurred on the date the pulp chamber is opened. All other covered charges are incurred on the date the services are furnished. If a service is started while a *covered person* is insured, *we'll* only pay benefits for services which are completed within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under this *plan* ends.

CGP-3-DGY2K-CC B498.0062

Alternate Treatment

If more than one type of service can be used to treat a dental condition, we have the right to base benefits on the least expensive service which is within the range of professionally accepted standards of dental practice as determined by us. For example, in the case of bilateral multiple adjacent teeth, or multiple missing teeth in both quadrants of an arch, the benefit will be based on a removable partial denture. In the case of a composite filling on a posterior tooth, the benefit will be based on the corresponding amalgam filling benefit.

Proof Of Claim

So that we may pay benefits accurately, the *covered person* or his or her *dentist* must provide *us* with information that is acceptable to *us*. This information may, at *our* discretion, consist of radiographs, study models, periodontal charting, narratives or other diagnostic materials that document *proof of claim* and support the necessity of the proposed treatment. If we don't receive the necessary information, we may pay no benefits, or minimum benefits. However, if we receive the necessary information within 15 months of the date of service, we will redetermine the *covered person's* benefits based on the new information.

CGP-3-DGY2K-AT B498.0002

When the expected cost of a proposed course of treatment is \$300.00 or more, the *covered person's dentist* should send us a treatment plan before he or she starts. This must be done on a form acceptable to *Guardian*. The treatment plan must include: (a) a list of the services to be done, using the American Dental Association Nomenclature and codes; (b) the itemized cost of each service; and (c) the estimated length of treatment. In order to evaluate the treatment plan, dental radiographs, study models and whatever else will document the necessity of the proposed course of treatment, must be sent to *us*.

We review the treatment plan and estimate what we will pay. We will send the estimate to the covered person and/or the covered person's dentist. If the treatment plan is not consistent with accepted standards of dental practice, or if one is not sent to us, we have the right to base our benefit payments on treatment appropriate to the covered person's condition using accepted standards of dental practice.

The covered person and his or her dentist have the opportunity to have services or a treatment plan reviewed before treatment begins. Pre-treatment review is not a guarantee of what we will pay. It tells the covered person, and his or her dentist, in advance, what we would pay for the covered dental services listed in the treatment plan. But, payment is conditioned on: (a) the services being performed as proposed and while the covered person is insured; and (b) the deductible, payment rate and payment limits provisions, and all of the other terms of this plan.

Emergency treatment, oral examinations, evaluations, dental radiographs and teeth cleaning are part of a course of treatment, but may be done before the pre-treatment review is made.

We won't deny or reduce benefits if pre-treatment review is not done. But what we pay will be based on the availability and submission of proof of claim.

CGP-3-DGY2K-PTR B498.0004

Benefits From Other Sources

Other plans may furnish benefits similar to the benefits provided by this *plan*. For instance, you may be covered by this *plan* and a similar plan through your spouse's employer. You may also be covered by this *plan* and a medical plan. In such instances, we coordinate *our* benefits with the benefits from that other plan. We do this so that no one gets more in benefits than the charges he or she incurs. Read "Coordination of Benefits" to see how this works.

CGP-3-DGY2K-OS B498.0005

The Benefit Provision - Qualifying For Benefits

CGP-3-DGY2K-BEN B498.0072

Penalty For Late During the first 6 months that a late entrant is covered by this *plan, we* won't pay for the following services:

All Group II Services.

During the first 12 months a late entrant is covered by this *plan*, we won't pay for the following services:

All Group III Services.

Charges for the services we don't cover under this provision are not considered to be covered charges under this *plan*, and therefore can't be used to meet this *plan*'s deductibles.

We don't apply a late entrant penalty to covered charges incurred for services needed solely due to an *injury* suffered by a *covered person* while insured by this *plan*.

A late entrant is a person who: (a) becomes covered by this dental *plan* more than 31 days after he or she is eligible; or (b) becomes covered again, after his or her coverage lapsed because he or she did not make required payments.

CGP-3-DGY2K-LE B498.0232

Benefits For Group
I, II And III
Non-Orthodontic
Services

How We Pay There is no deductible for Group I services. We pay for Group I covered ts For Group charges at the applicable payment rate.

A benefit year deductible of \$50.00 applies to Group II and III services. Each covered person must have covered charges from these service groups which exceed the deductible before we pay him or her any benefits for such charges. These charges must be incurred while the covered person is insured.

Once a covered person meets the deductible, we pay for his or her Group II and III covered charges above that amount at the applicable payment rate for the rest of that benefit year.

CGP-3-DGY2K-BP-07 B498.3656

All covered charges must be incurred while insured. We limit what we pay each benefit year to \$1,500.00. What we pay for Group I Services is not subject to, nor applied toward, the *benefit year payment limit* shown in the schedule but subject to all of the other terms of this plan.

CGP-3-DGY2K-BP-07 B498.3477

The Benefit Provision - Qualifying For Benefits

A covered person may be eligible for a rollover of a portion of his or her unused benefit year payment limit for Group I, II and III Non-Orthodontic Services. See "Rollover of Benefit Year Payment Limit for Group I, II and III Services" for details.

CGP-3-DG-ROLL-04-2.1 B498.2041

Rollover of Benefit Year Payment Limit for Group I, II and III Non-Orthodontic Services

A covered person may be eligible for a rollover of a portion of his or her unused benefit year payment limit for Group I, II and III Non-Orthodontic Services, as follows:

If a *covered person* submits at least one claim for covered charges during a *benefit year* and, in that *benefit year*, receives benefits that are in excess of any deductible or co-pay fees, and that, in total, do not exceed the *Rollover Threshold*, he or she may be entitled to a Reward.

Note: If all of the benefits that a covered person receives in a benefit year are for services provided by a preferred provider, he or she may be entitled to a greater Reward than if any of the benefits are for services of a non-preferred provider.

Rewards can accrue and are stored in the covered person's Bank. If a covered person reaches his or her benefit year payment limit for Group I, II and III Non-Orthodontic Services, we pay benefits up to the amount stored in the covered person's Bank. The amount of Reward stored in the Bank may not be greater than the Bank Maximum.

A covered person's Bank may be eliminated, and the accrued Reward lost, if he or she has a break in coverage of any length of time, for any reason.

The amounts of this *plan's Rollover Threshold, Reward,* and *Bank Maximum* are:

•	Rollover Threshold	\$700.00
•	Reward (if all benefits are for services provided by a preferred provider)	\$500.00
•	Reward (if any benefits are for services provided by a non-preferred provider)	\$350.00
•	Bank Maximum	1,250.00

If this *plan's* dental coverage first becomes effective in October, November or December, this rollover provision will not apply until January 1 of the first full *benefit year*. And, if the effective date of a *covered person's* dental coverage is in October, November or December, this rollover provision will not apply to the covered person until January 1 of the next full *benefit year*. In either case:

- only claims incurred on or after January 1 will count toward the Rollover Threshold; and
- Rewards will not be applied to a covered person's Bank until the benefit year that starts one year from the date the rollover provision first applies.

If charges for any dental services are not payable for a *covered person* for a period set forth in the provision of this *plan* called Penalty for Late Entrants and Waiting Periods for Certain Services, this rollover provision will not apply to the *covered person* until the end of such period. And, if such period ends within the three months prior to the start of this plan's next *benefit year*, this rollover provision will not apply to the *covered person* until the next *benefit year*, and:

- only claims incurred on or after the start of the next benefit year will count toward the Rollover Threshold: and
- Rewards will not be applied to a covered person's Bank until the benefit year that starts one year from the date the rollover provision first applies.

Definitions of terms used in this provision:

"Bank" means the amount of a covered person's accrued Reward.

"Bank Maximum" means the maximum amount of Reward that a covered person can store in his or her Bank.

"Reward" means the dollar amount which may be added to a covered person's Bank when he or she receives benefits in a benefit year that do not exceed the Rollover Threshold.

"Rollover Threshold" means the maximum amount of benefits that a covered person can receive during a benefit year and still be entitled to receive a Reward.

CGP-3-DG-ROLL-04-2 B498.2037

Non-Orthodontic A covered family must meet no more than three individual benefit year Family Deductible deductibles in any benefit year. Once this happens, we pay benefits for Limit covered charges incurred by any covered person in that covered family, at the applicable payment rate for the rest of that benefit year. The charges must be incurred while the person is insured. What we pay is based on this plan's payment limits and to all of the terms of this plan.

> CGP-3-DGY2K-FL B498.0073

Payment Rates Benefits for covered charges are paid at the following *payment rates*:

Benefits for Group I Services performed by a preferred provider	80%
Benefits for Group I Services performed by a non-preferred provider	80%
Benefits for Group II Services performed by a preferred provider	80%
Benefits for Group II Services performed by a non-preferred provider	80%
Benefits for Group III Services performed by a preferred provider	50%
Benefits for Group III Services performed by a non-preferred provider	50%
CGP-3-DGY2K-PR B49	98.0078

We don't pay for charges incurred after a covered person's insurance ends. But, subject to all of the other terms of this plan, we'll pay for the following if the procedure is finished in the 31 days after a covered person's insurance under this plan ends: (a) a bridge or cast restoration, if the tooth or teeth are prepared before the covered person's insurance ends; (b) any other dental prosthesis, if the master impression is made before the covered person's insurance ends; and (c) root canal treatment, if the pulp chamber is opened before the covered person's insurance ends.

CGP-3-DGY2K-END B498.0234

Special Limitations

CGP-3-DGY2K-LMT B498.0138

By This Plan this plan.

Teeth Lost, A covered person may have one or more congenitally missing teeth or may Extracted Or have had one or more teeth lost or extracted before he or she became Missing Before A covered by this plan. We won't pay for a dental prosthesis which replaces Covered Person such teeth unless the dental prosthesis also replaces one or more eligible Becomes Covered natural teeth lost or extracted after the covered person became covered by

> CGP-3-DGY2K-TL B498.0133

If This Plan This plan may be replacing the prior plan you had with another insurer. If a Replaces The Prior covered person was insured by the prior plan and is covered by this plan on **Plan** its effective date, the following provisions apply to such *covered person*.

- Teeth Extracted While Insured By The Prior Plan The "Teeth Lost, Extracted or Missing Before A Covered Person Becomes Covered By This Plan" provision above, does not apply to a covered person's dental prosthesis which replaces teeth: (a) that were extracted while the covered person was insured by the prior plan; and (b) for which extraction benefits were paid by the prior plan.
- Deductible Credit In the first benefit year of this plan, we reduce a covered person's deductibles required under this plan, by the amount of covered charges applied against the prior plan's deductible. The covered person must give us proof of the amount of the prior plan's deductible which he or she has satisfied.
- Benefit Year Non-Orthodontic Payment Limit Credit In the first benefit year of this plan, we reduce a covered person's benefit year payment limits by the amounts paid or payable under the prior plan. The covered person must give us proof of the amounts applied toward the prior plan's payment limits.

CGP-3-DGY2K-PP B498.0131

Exclusions

We will not pay for:

 Any service or supply which is not specifically listed in this plan's List of Covered Dental Services.

- Any procedure performed in conjunction with, as part of, or related to a procedure which is not covered by this *plan*.
- Educational services, including, but not limited to, oral hygiene instruction, plaque control, tobacco counseling or diet instruction.
- Precision attachments and the replacement of part of a precision attachment, magnetic retention or overdenture attachments.
- Overdentures and related services, including root canal therapy on teeth supporting an overdenture.
- Any restoration, procedure, appliance or prosthetic device used solely to:

 (1) alter vertical dimension;
 (2) restore or maintain occlusion, except to the extent that this plan covers orthodontic treatment;
 (3) treat a condition necessitated by attrition or abrasion; or
 (4) splint or stabilize teeth for periodontal reasons.
- The use of general anesthesia, intramuscular sedation, intravenous sedation, non-intravenous sedation or inhalation sedation, including but not limited to nitrous oxide, except when administered in conjunction with covered periodontal surgery, surgical extractions, the surgical removal of impacted teeth, apicoectomies, root amputations and services listed under the "Other Oral Surgical Procedures" section of this plan.
- The use of local anesthetic.
- Cephalometric radiographs, oral/facial images, including traditional photographs and images obtained by intraoral camera, except when performed as part of the orthodontic treatment plan and records for a covered course of orthodontic treatment.
- Replacement of a lost, missing or stolen appliance or dental prosthesis or the fabrication of a spare appliance or dental prosthesis.
- Prescription medication.
- Desensitizing medicaments and desensitizing resins for cervical and/or root surface.
- Duplication of radiographs, the completion of claim forms, OSHA or other infection control charges.
- Pulp vitality tests or caries susceptibility tests.
- Bite registration or bite analysis.
- Gingival curettage.
- The localized delivery of chemotherapeutic agents.
- Tooth transplants.
- Maxillofacial prosthetics that repair or replace facial and skeletal anomalies, maxillofacial surgery, orthognathic surgery or any oral surgery requiring the setting of a fracture or dislocation.

- Temporary or provisional *dental prosthesis* or *appliances* except interim partial dentures/stayplates to replace *anterior teeth* extracted while insured under this *plan*.
- Any service or procedure associated with the placement, prosthodontic restoration or maintenance of a dental implant and any incremental charges to other covered services as a result of the presence of a dental implant.
- Any service furnished solely for cosmetic reasons. This includes, but is not limited to: (1) characterization and personalization of a *dental* prosthesis; (2) facings on a *dental prosthesis* for any teeth posterior to the second bicuspid; (3) bleaching of discolored teeth; and (4) odontoplasty.
- Replacing an existing appliance or dental prosthesis with a like or un-like appliance or dental prosthesis; unless (1) it is at least 5 years old and is no longer usable; or (2) it is damaged while in the covered person's mouth in an injury suffered while insured, and can't be made serviceable.
- A fixed bridge replacing the extracted portion of a hemisected tooth or the placement of more than one unit of crown and/or bridge per tooth.
- The replacement of extracted or missing third molars/wisdom teeth.
- Treatment of congenital or developmental malformations, or the replacement of congenitally missing teeth.
- Any endodontic, periodontal, crown or bridge abutment procedure or *appliance* performed for a tooth or teeth with a guarded, questionable or poor prognosis.
- Any procedure or treatment method which does not meet professionally recognized standards of dental practice or which is considered to be experimental in nature.
- Any procedure, appliance, dental prosthesis, modality or surgical procedure intended to treat or diagnose disturbances of the temporomandibular joint (TMJ).
- Treatment needed due to: (1) an on-the-job or job-related injury; or (2) a condition for which benefits are payable by Worker's Compensation or similar laws.
- Treatment for which no charge is made. This usually means treatment furnished by: (1) the *covered person's* employer, labor union or similar group, in its dental or medical department or clinic; (2) a facility owned or run by any governmental body; and (3) any public program, except Medicaid, paid for or sponsored by any governmental body.
- Evaluations and consultations for non-covered services; detailed and extensive oral evaluations.
- Orthodontic treatment, unless the benefit provision provides specific benefits for orthodontic treatment.

CGP-3-DGY2K-EXCH B498.0045

The services covered by this plan are named in this list. Each service on this list has been placed in one of three groups. A separate payment rate applies to each group. Group I is made up of preventive services. Group II is made up of basic services. Group III is made up of major services.

All covered dental services must be furnished by or under the direct supervision of a dentist. And they must be usual and necessary treatment for a dental condition.

CGP-3-DNTL-90-13

Group I - Preventive Dental Services

(Non-Orthodontic)

B490.0148

Fluorides

Prophylaxis And Prophylaxis - limited to a total of 1 prophylaxis or periodontal maintenance procedure (considered under "Periodontal Services") in any 6 consecutive month period. Allowance includes scaling and polishing procedures to remove coronal plaque, calculus, and stains.

- Adult prophylaxis covered age 12 and older.

Additional prophylaxis when needed as a result of a medical (i.e., a non-dental) condition - covered once in 12 months, and only when the additional prophylaxis is recommended by the dentist and is a result of a medical condition as verified in writing by the patient's medical physician. This does not include a condition which could be resolved by proper oral hygiene or that is the result of patient neglect.

Fluoride treatment, topical application - limited to covered persons under age 14 and limited to 1 treatment(s) in any 6 consecutive month period.

Examination

Office Visits, Office visits, oral evaluations, examinations or limited problem focused Evaluations And re-evaluations - limited to a total of 1 in any 6 consecutive month period.

> Emergency or problem focused oral evaluation - limited to a total of 1 in a 6 consecutive month period. Covered if no other treatment, other than radiographs, is performed in the same visit.

> After hours office visit or emergency palliative treatment and other non-routine, unscheduled visits. Limited to a total of 1 in a 6 consecutive month period. Covered only when no other treatment, other than radiographs, is performed during the same visit.

> CGP-3-DNTL-90-14 B498.4802

Space Maintainers

Space Maintainers - limited to covered persons under age 16 and limited to initial appliance only. Covered only when necessary to replace prematurely lost or extracted deciduous teeth. Allowance includes all adjustments in the first six months after insertion, limited to a maximum of one bilateral per arch or one unilateral per quadrant, per lifetime.

- Fixed unilateral
- Fixed bilateral
- Removable bilateral
- Removable unilateral

Group I - Preventive Dental Services (Cont.)

(Non-Orthodontic)

Recementation of space maintainer performed more than 12 months after the initial insertion

Fixed And Fixed and Removable Appliances To Inhibit Thumbsucking - limited to Removable covered persons under age 14 and limited to initial appliance only. **Appliances** Allowance includes all adjustments in the first 6 months after insertion.

> CGP-3-DNTL-90-14 B498.0164

Radiographs Allowance includes evaluation and diagnosis.

Full mouth, complete series or panoramic radiograph - Either, but not both, of the following procedures, limited to one in any 60 consecutive month period.

Full mouth series, of at least 14 films including bitewings

Panoramic film, maxilla and mandible, with or without bitewing radiographs.

Other diagnostic radiographs:

Bitewing films - limited to either a maximum of 4 bitewing films or a set (7-8 films) of vertical bitewings, in one visit, once in any 12 consecutive month period.

Intraoral periapical or occlusal films - single films

CGP-3-DNTL-90-14 B498.0165

Dental Sealants

Dental Sealants - permanent molar teeth only - Topical application of sealants is limited to the unrestored, permanent molar teeth of covered persons under age 16 and limited to one treatment, per tooth, in any 36 consecutive month period.

CGP-3-DNTL-90-14 B498.0166

Group II - Basic Dental Services

(Non-Orthodontic)

Diagnostic Services Allowance includes examination and diagnosis.

Consultations - Diagnostic consultation with a dentist other than the one providing treatment, limited to one consultation for each covered dental specialty in any 12 consecutive month period. Covered only when no other treatment, other than radiographs, is performed during the visit.

Diagnostic Services: Allowance includes examination and diagnosis.

Diagnostic casts - when needed to prepare a treatment plan for three or more of the following performed at the same time in more than one arch: dentures, crowns, bridges, inlays or onlays.

Histopathologic examinations when performed in conjunction with a tooth related biopsy.

Restorative Services Multiple restorations on one surface will be considered one restoration. Benefits for the replacement of existing amalgam and resin restorations will only be considered for payment if at least 12 months have passed since the previous restoration was placed if the covered person is under age 19, and 36 months if the covered person is age 19 and older. Also see the "Major Restorative Services" section.

> Amalgam restorations - Allowance includes bonding agents, liners, bases, polishing and local anesthetic.

> Resin restorations - limited to anterior teeth only. Coverage for resins on posterior teeth is limited to the corresponding amalgam benefit. Allowance includes light curing, acid etching, adhesives, including resin bonding agents and local anesthetic. Restorations that do not involve the incisal edge are considered a single surface filling.

Silicate cement, per restoration Composite resin

Stainless steel crown, prefabricated resin crown, and resin based composite crown - limited to once per tooth in any 24 consecutive month period. Stainless steel crowns, prefabricated resin crowns and resin based composite crowns are considered to be a temporary or provisional procedure when done within 24 months of a permanent crown. Temporary and provisional crowns are considered to be part of the permanent restoration.

Pin retention, per tooth, covered only in conjunction with a permanent amalgam or composite restoration, exclusive of restorative material.

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15 B498.1123

Prosthodontic Restorative Services

Crown And Also see the "Major Restorative Services" section.

Crown and bridge repairs - allowance based on the extent and nature of damage and the type of material involved.

Recementation, limited to recementations performed more than 12 months after the initial insertion.

Inlay or onlay Crown Bridge

Adding teeth to partial dentures to replace extracted natural teeth

Denture repairs - Allowance based on the extent and nature of damage and on the type of materials involved.

Denture repairs, metal Denture repairs, acrylic Denture repair, no teeth damaged Denture repair, replace one or more broken teeth Replacing one or more broken teeth, no other damage

Denture rebase, full or partial denture - limited to once per denture in any 24 consecutive month period. Denture rebases done within 12 months are considered to be part of the denture placement when the rebase is done by the dentist who furnished the denture. Limited to rebase done more than 12 consecutive months after the insertion of the denture.

Denture reline, full or partial denture - limited to once per denture in any 24 consecutive month period. Denture relines done within 12 months are considered to be part of the denture placement when the reline is done by the dentist who furnished the denture. Limited to reline done more than 12 consecutive months after a denture rebase or the insertion of the denture.

Denture adjustments - Denture adjustments done within 6 months are considered to be part of the denture placement when the adjustment is done by the dentist who furnished the denture. Limited to adjustments that are done more than 6 consecutive months after a denture rebase, denture reline or the initial insertion of the denture.

Tissue conditioning - Tissue conditioning done within 12 months is considered to be part of the denture placement when the tissue conditioning is done by the dentist who furnished the denture. Limited to a maximum of 1 treatment, per arch, in any 12 consecutive month period.

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15 B498.1122

Endodontic Allowance includes diagnostic, treatment and final radiographs, cultures and Services tests, local anesthetic and routine follow-up care, but excludes final restoration.

> Pulp capping, limited to permanent teeth and limited to one pulp cap per tooth, per lifetime.

Pulp capping, direct

Pulp capping, indirect - includes sedative filling.

Vital pulpotomy, only when root canal therapy is not the definitive treatment

Gross pulpal debridement

Pulpal therapy, limited to primary teeth only

Root Canal Treatment

Root canal therapy

Root canal retreatment, limited to once per tooth, per lifetime

Treatment of root canal obstruction, no-surgical access

Incomplete endodontic therapy, inoperable or fractured tooth

Internal root repair of perforation defects

Other Endodontic Services

Apexification, limited to a maximum of three visits Apicoectomy, limited to once per root, per lifetime Root amputation, limited to once per root, per lifetime Retrograde filling, limited to once per root, per lifetime Hemisection, including any root removal, once per tooth

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15.0 B498.0201

Periodontal Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-treatment Services care. Requires documentation of periodontal disease confirmed by both radiographs and pocket depth probings of each tooth involved.

> Periodontal maintenance procedure - limited to a total of 1 prophylaxis or periodontal maintenance procedure(s) in any 6 consecutive month period. Allowance includes periodontal pocket charting, scaling and polishing. (Also see Prophylaxis under "Preventive Services") Coverage for periodontal maintenance is considered upon evidence of completed active periodontal therapy (periodontal scaling and root planing or periodontal surgery).

> Scaling and root planing, per quadrant - limited to once per quadrant in any 24 consecutive month period. Covered when there is radiographic and pocket charting evidence of bone loss.

> Full mouth debridement - limited to once in any 36 consecutive month period. Considered only when no diagnostic, preventive, periodontal service or periodontal surgery procedure has been performed in the previous 36 consecutive month period.

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15.0 R498 0202

Periodontal Surgery

Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-surgical care. Requires documentation of periodontal disease confirmed by both radiographs and pocket depth probings of each tooth involved.

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following, once per tooth in any 12 consecutive months.

Gingivectomy, per tooth (less than 3 teeth)

Crown lengthening - hard tissue

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following once per quadrant, in any 36 consecutive months.

Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty, per quadrant

Osseous surgery, including scaling and root planing, flap entry and closure, per quadrant

Gingival flap procedure, including scaling and root planing, per quadrant Distal or proximal wedge, not in conjunction with osseous surgery

Surgical revision procedure, per tooth

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following, once per quadrant in any 36 consecutive months.

Pedicle or free soft tissue grafts, including donor site, or subepithelial connective tissue graft procedure, when the tooth is present, or when dentally necessary as part of a covered surgical placement of an implant.

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following, once per area or tooth, per lifetime.

Guided tissue regeneration, resorbable barrier or nonresorbable barrier Bone replacement grafts, when the tooth is present

Periodontal surgery related

Limited occlusal adjustment - limited to a total of two visits, covered only when done within a 6 consecutive month period after covered scaling and root planing or osseous surgery. Must have radiographic evidence of vertical defect or widened periodontal ligament space.

Occlusal guards, covered only when done within a 6 consecutive month period after osseous surgery, and limited to one per lifetime

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15.0 B498.0203

Extractions care.

Non-Surgical Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-treatment

Uncomplicated extraction, one or more teeth Root removal non-surgical extraction of exposed roots

Surgical Extractions Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-surgical care. Services listed in this category and related services, may be covered by your medical plan.

> Surgical removal of erupted teeth, involving tissue flap and bone removal Surgical removal of residual tooth roots Surgical removal of impacted teeth

Procedures

Other Oral Surgical Allowance includes diagnostic and treatment radiographs, the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-surgical care. Services listed in this category and related services, may be covered by your medical plan.

> Alveoloplasty, per quadrant Removal of exostosis, per site Incision and drainage of abscess Frenulectomy, Frenectomy, Frenotomy

Biopsy and examination of tooth related oral tissue Surgical exposure of impacted or unerupted tooth to aid eruption

Excision of tooth related tumors, cysts and neoplasms

Excision or destruction of tooth related lesion(s)

Excision of hyperplastic tissue

Excision of pericoronal gingiva, per tooth

Oroantral fistula closure

Sialolithotomy

Sialodochoplasty

Closure of salivary fistula

Excision of salivary gland

Maxillary sinusotomy for removal of tooth fragment or foreign body

Vestibuloplasty

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15.0

B498.1124

Other Services General anesthesia, intramuscular sedation, intravenous sedation, nonintravenous sedation or inhalation sedation, including nitrous oxide, when administered in connection with covered periodontal surgery, surgical extractions, the surgical removal of impacted teeth, apicoectomies, root amputations, surgical placement of an implant and services listed under the "Other Oral Surgical Procedures" section of this plan.

Injectable antibiotics needed solely for treatment of a dental condition.

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15 B498.0206

Group III - Major Dental Services

(Non-Orthodontic)

Major Restorative Crowns, inlays, onlays, labial veneers, and crown buildups are covered only Services when needed because of decay or injury, and only when the tooth cannot be restored with amalgam or composite filling material. Post and cores are covered only when needed due to decay or injury. Allowance includes insulating bases, temporary or provisional restorations and associated gingival involvement. Limited to permanent teeth only. Also see the "Basic Restorative Services" section.

Single Crowns

Resin with metal

Porcelain

Porcelain with metal

Full cast metal (other than stainless steel)

3/4 cast metal crowns

3/4 porcelain crowns

Inlays

Onlays, including inlay

Labial veneers

Posts and buildups - only when done in conjunction with a covered unit of crown or bridge and only when necessitated by substantial loss of natural tooth structure.

Cast post and core in addition to a unit of crown or bridge, per tooth

Prefabricated post and composite or amalgam core in addition to a unit of crown or bridge, per tooth

Crown or core buildup, including pins

Implant supported prosthetics - Allowance includes the treatment plan and local anesthetic.

Abutment supported crown

Implant supported crown

Abutment supported retainer for fixed partial denture

Implant supported retainer for fixed partial denture

Implant/abutment supported fixed denture for completely edentulous

Implant/abutment supported fixed denture for partially edentulous arch

CGP-3-DNTL-90-16 B498.1126

Prosthodontic Specialized techniques and characterizations are not covered. Allowance Services includes insulating bases, temporary or provisional restorations and associated gingival involvement. Limited to permanent teeth only.

> Fixed bridges - Each abutment and each pontic makes up a unit in a bridge

Bridge abutments - See inlays, onlays and crowns under "Major Restorative Services"

Bridge Pontics Resin with metal Porcelain Porcelain with metal Full cast metal

Dentures - Allowance includes all adjustments and repairs done by the dentist furnishing the denture in the first 6 consecutive months after installation and all temporary or provisional dentures. Temporary or provisional dentures, stayplates and interim dentures older than one year are considered to be a permanent appliance.

Complete or Immediate dentures, upper or lower

Partial dentures - Allowance includes base, clasps, rests and teeth

Upper, resin base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Upper, cast metal framework with resin denture base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Lower, resin base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Lower, cast metal framework with resin denture base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Interim partial denture (stayplate), upper or lower, covered on anterior teeth only

Removable unilateral partial, one piece cast metal, including clasps and teeth

Simple stress breakers, per unit

CGP-3-DNTL-90-16 B498.1132

ELIGIBILITY FOR VISION CARE EXPENSE COVERAGE

B505.0152

Employee Vision Care Expense Coverage

Eligible Employees To be eligible for employee coverage under this plan, you must be an active full-time employee. And you must belong to a class of employees covered by this plan.

Other Conditions

You must enroll and agree to make required payments within 31 days of your eligibility date. If you fail to do so, you can't enroll until this plan's next vision open enrollment period.

This plan's vision open enrollment period occurs from June 1st to June 30th of each year.

Once you enroll in this plan, you can't drop your vision coverage until this plan's next vision open enrollment period. And if you drop your vision coverage, you can't enroll again until the next vision open enrollment period.

If you initially waived vision coverage under this plan because you were covered for vision care benefits under another group plan, and you wish to enroll in this plan because your coverage under the other plan ends, you may do so without waiting until the next vision open enrollment period. However, your coverage under the other plan must have ended due to one of the following events: (a) termination of your spouse's employment; (b) loss of eligibility under your spouse's plan; (c) divorce; (d) death of your spouse; or (e) termination of the other plan. But you must enroll in this plan within 30 days of the date that any of these events occur.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0 B505.0060

Coverage Starts

When Your Your coverage under this plan is scheduled to start on the effective date shown on the sticker attached to the inside front cover of this booklet. But you must be actively at work on a full-time basis on that date. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are not actively at work on that date, we will postpone your coverage until the date you return to active full-time work.

> Sometimes, the effective date shown on the sticker is not a regularly scheduled work day. But your coverage will still start on that date if you were actively at work on your last regularly scheduled work day.

> CGP-3-EC-90-2.0 B505.0075

When Your Your coverage under this plan ends on the last day of the month in which Coverage Ends your active full-time service ends for any reason. Such reasons include disability, retirement, layoff, leave of absence and the end of employment.

Your coverage ends on the date you die.

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for insurance under this plan, or when this plan ends for all employees. And it ends when this plan is changed so that benefits for the class of employees to which you belong ends.

Employee Vision Care Expense Coverage (Cont.)

If you are required to pay part of the cost of this plan and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Read this booklet carefully if your coverage ends. You may have the right to continue vision care benefits for a limited time.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B505.0083

Your Right To Continue Group Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice This section may not apply. You must contact your *employer* to find out if your employer must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

If Your Group Group coverage may normally end for an employee because he or she Coverage Would ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the employee may End continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the employee to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child, or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the employee's own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the employee is on active duty(or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The employee will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

Ends

When Continuation Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period, in the case of an employee who cares for a covered servicemember. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to the employee under this section for all reasons.
- The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in: (a) any 12 month period, in the case of any other employee; or (b) any later 12 month period in the case of an employee who cares for a covered servicemember.
- The date on which your coverage would have ended had you not been on leave.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

> Active Duty: This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.

Your Right To Continue Group Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence (Cont.)

- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- Covered Servicemember: This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- Next Of Kin: This term means the nearest blood relative of the employee.
- Outpatient Status: This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- Serious Injury Or Illness: This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B449.0727

Dependent Vision Care Expense Coverage

CGP-3-DEP-90-1.0 B505.0099

Eligible Dependents For Dependent Vision Care Benefits

Your eligible dependents are: (a) your legal spouse; (b) your unmarried dependent children who are under age 26; and (c) your unmarried dependent children from age 26 until their 26 birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at accredited schools.

An unmarried dependent child who is not able to remain enrolled as a full-time student due to a medically necessary leave of absence may continue to be an eligible dependent until the earlier of: (a) the date that is one year after the first day of the medically necessary leave of absence; or (b) the date on which coverage would otherwise end under this plan. You must provide written certification by a treating physician which states that the child is suffering from a serious illness or injury and that the leave of absence is *medically necessary*.

CGP-3-DEP-90-2.0 B505.0782

And Step-Children

Adopted Children Your "unmarried dependent children" include your legally adopted children and, if they depend on you for most of their support and maintenance, your step-children.

We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in your physical custody for the purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued. We cover your adopted child from the moment of his or her placement if you are already covered for dependent child coverage when the child is placed for adoption. If you do not have dependent coverage when the child is placed for adoption, we cover the child for the first 31 days from the moment of his or her placement. To continue the child's coverage past the 31 days, you must enroll the child and agree to make any required premium payments within 31 days of the date of placement. If you fail to do this, the child's coverage will end at the end of the 31 days, and the child cannot be enrolled for this coverage until the plan's next open enrollment period.

Dependents Not We exclude any dependent who is insured by this plan as an employee. And **Eligible** we exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

> CGP-3-DEP-90-3.1 B505.0537

Handicapped Children

You may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who can't support himself. Subject to all of the terms of this section and the plan, such a child may stay eligible for dependent vision care benefits past this plan's age limit.

The child will stay eligible as long as he stays unmarried and unable to support himself, if: (a) his conditions started before he reached this plan's age limit; (b) he became insured by this plan before he reached the age limit, and stayed continuously insured until he reached such limit; and (c) he depends on you for most of his support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, you must send us written proof that the child is handicapped and depends on you for most of his support and maintenance. You have 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, we can't ask for this proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when yours does.

CGP-3-DEP-90-4.0 B505.0119

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for your dependent coverage to begin, you must already be insured for employee coverage, or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this plan, the date your dependent coverage starts depends on when you elect to enroll all of your initial dependents and agree to make any required payments.

If you do this on or before your eligibility date, your dependent coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the date you sign the enrollment form and the date you become covered for employee coverage.

If you do this after the enrollment period ends, you can't enroll your initial dependents until the next vision open enrollment period.

Once you have coverage for your initial dependents, you must notify us when you acquire any new dependents, and agree to make any additional payments required for the coverage. If you do this within 31 days of the date the newly acquired dependent becomes eligible, the dependent's coverage will start on the date the dependent becomes eligible. If you fail to notify us on time, you can't enroll the newly acquired dependent until the next vision open enrollment period.

Once a dependent is enrolled for vision care expense insurance, the coverage can't be dropped until the next vision open enrollment period. And once coverage is dropped for a dependent, the dependent can't be enrolled again until the next vision open enrollment period.

CGP-3-DEP-90-6.0 B505.0130

Exception If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a hospital or other health care facility; or is home-confined; or is unable to carry out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his dependent benefits would otherwise start, we will postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his discharge from such facility; until home confinement ends; or until he resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

> CGP-3-DEP-90-7.0 B505.0132

Newborn Children

We cover your newborn child from the moment of birth if you are already covered for dependent child coverage when the child is born. If you do not have dependent coverage when the child is born, we cover the child for the first 31 days from the moment of his or her birth. To continue the child's coverage past the 31 days, you must enroll the child and agree to make any required premium payments within 31 days of the date the child is born. If you fail to do this, the child's coverage will end at the end of the 31 days, and the child cannot be enrolled for this coverage until the plan's next open enrollment period.

CGP-3-DEP-90-8.0 B505.0538

When Dependent Coverage Ends

Dependent coverage ends for all of your dependents when your employee coverage ends. But if you die while insured, we'll automatically continue dependent vision care benefits for those of your dependents who are insured when you die. We'll do this for six months at no cost, provided: (a) the group plan remains in force; (b) the dependents remain eligible dependents; and (c) in the case of a spouse, the spouse does not remarry.

If a surviving dependent elects to continue his dependent vision care benefits under this plan's "Federal Continuation Rights" provision, or under any other continuation provision of this plan, if any, this free continuation period will be provided as the first six months of such continuation. Premiums required to be paid by, or on behalf of a surviving dependent will be waived for the first six months of continuation, subject to restrictions (a), (b) and (c) above. After the first six months of continuation, the remainder of the continuation period, if any, will be subject to the premium requirements, and all of the terms of the "Federal Continuation Rights" or other continuation provisions.

Dependent Vision Care Expense Coverage (Cont.)

Dependent coverage also ends for all of your dependents when you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this *plan* ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this *plan* for all employees or for an *employee*'s class.

If you are required to pay part of the cost of dependent coverage, and you fail to do so, your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he stops being an *eligible dependent*. This happens to a child at 12:01 a.m. on the date the child attains this *plan's* age limit, when he marries, or when a step-child is no longer dependent on the *employee* for support and maintenance. It happens to a spouse when a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment.

Read this *plan* carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue vision care benefits for a limited time.

CGP-3-DEP-90-9.0 B505.0139

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

Effective January 1, 2008, this rider amends the dependent coverage provisions as follows:

Your domestic partner will be eligible for coverage under this plan subject to all of the terms of this plan and the limitations below. "Domestic partner" means an adult who has chosen to share his or her life with you in an intimate and committed relationship of mutual caring.

To qualify for such coverage, you and your domestic partner must be either:

- (a) registered domestic partners; or
- (b) non-registered domestic partners.

As used here:

"Registered domestic partners" means an employee and his or her domestic partner who: (a) have filed a Declaration of Domestic Partnership with the California Secretary of State; (b) were registered as a domestic partner in the registry for those partnerships; and (c) were issued a copy of the registered form and a Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership.

"Non-registered domestic partners" means an employee and his or her domestic partner who:

- are 18 years of age or older;
- are unmarried, constitute each other's sole domestic partner, and have not had another domestic partner in the last 12 months;
- share the same permanent address for at least 12 consecutive months and intend to do so indefinitely;
- share joint financial responsibility for basic living expenses including food, shelter and medical expenses;
- are not related by blood to a degree that would prohibit marriage in the employee's state of residence; and

- are financially interdependent which must be demonstrated by at least four of the following:
 - a. ownership of a joint bank account;
 - b. ownership of a joint credit account;
 - c. evidence of a joint mortgage or lease;
 - d. evidence of joint obligation on a loan;
 - e. joint ownership of a residence;
 - f. evidence of common household expenses such as utilities or telephone
 - g. execution of wills naming each other as executor and/or beneficiary;
 - h. granting each other durable powers of attorney;
 - i. granting each other health care powers of attorney;
 - j. designation of each other as beneficiary under a retirement benefit account; or
 - k. evidence of other joint financial responsibility.

Your registered domestic partner, or non-registered domestic partner, will be eligible for vision coverage under this plan.

To cover your non-registered domestic partner, you must complete a "Declaration of Domestic Partnership" attesting to the relationship and forward it to us.

A registered or non-registered domestic partner's dependent children will be eligible for coverage under this plan on the same basis as if the children were your dependent children.

Coverage for a registered domestic partner and his or her dependent children ends when the domestic partnership is dissolved as provided under California law.

Coverage for a non-registered domestic partner and his or her dependent children ends when the domestic partner no longer meets the qualifications of a non-registered domestic partner as described above. Upon termination of a non-registered domestic partnership, a "Statement of Termination" must be completed and filed with the employer. Once you submit a "Statement of Termination", you may not enroll another non-registered domestic partner for a period of 12 months from the date of the previous termination.

A non-registered domestic partner and his or her children will not be eligible for:

- (a) survivor benefits upon your death as explained under the "When Dependent' Coverage Ends" section;
- (b) continuation of vision coverage as explained under the "Federal Continuation Rights" section and under any other continuation rights section of this plan, unless you are also eligible for and elect continuation.

A registered domestic partner will have all of the rights of a spouse under this plan except that the continuation of vision coverage as explained under the "Federal Continuation Rights" section is available to a registered domestic partner and his or her children only if you are also eligible for and elect continuation.

This rider is a part of this plan. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this plan.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuat J Shaw Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

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CGP-3-A-DMST-CA-05

VISION CARE HIGHLIGHTS

CGP-3-VSN-96-BEN3

	This page provides a quick guide to some of the Vision Care Expense Insurance plan features which people most often want to know about. But it's not a complete description of your Vision Care Expense Insurance plan. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit and exclude.
PPO Copayments	Examinations\$10.00Standard Frames and/or Standard Lenses\$25.00Necessary Contact Lenses\$25.00
Non-PPO Cash Deductibles	
Payment Rates	For Covered Charges 100%

B505.0004

VISION CARE EXPENSE INSURANCE

This insurance will pay many of your and your covered dependent's vision care expenses. What we pay and the terms for payment are explained below.

CGP-3-VSN-96-VIS B505.0007

Vision Service Plan -This Plan's Vision Care Preferred Provider Organization

Vision Service Plan This plan is designed to provide high quality vision care while controlling the cost of such care. To do this, the plan encourages a covered person to seek vision care from doctors and vision care facilities that belong to Vision Service Plan (VSP), a vision care preferred provider organization (PPO).

> This vision care PPO is made up of preferred providers in a covered person's geographic area. A vision care preferred provider is a vision care practitioner or a vision care facility that: (a) is a current provider of VSP; and (b) has a participatory agreement in force with VSP.

> Use of the vision care PPO is voluntary. A covered person may receive vision care from any vision care provider. And, he or she is free to change providers at any time. But, this plan usually pays more in benefits for covered services furnished by a vision care preferred provider. Conversely, it usually pays less for covered services not furnished by a vision care preferred provider.

> When an employee and his or her dependents enroll in this plan, they will get an enrollment packet which will tell them how to obtain benefits and information about current vision care preferred providers.

> What we pay is based on all the terms of this plan. The covered person should read this material with care, and have it available when seeking vision care. Read this plan carefully for specific benefit levels, copayments, deductibles, payment rates and payment limits.

> The covered person can call VSP if he or she has any questions after reading this material.

Choice Of Preferred When a person becomes enrolled in this plan, he or she will receive a list of Providers VSP preferred providers in his or her area. A covered person may receive vision services from any VSP preferred provider.

Replacement Of If a preferred provider terminates his or her relationship with VSP for any Preferred Provider reason, VSP shall be responsible for furnishing vision services to covered persons either through that provider or through another VSP preferred provider.

Pre-Authorization Of When a covered person desires to receive treatment from a preferred Preferred Provider provider, the covered person must contact the preferred provider BEFORE Services receiving treatment. The preferred provider will contact VSP to verify the covered person's eligibility and VSP will notify the preferred provider of the 60 day time period during which the covered person may schedule an appointment. If the covered person cancels an appointment and reschedules it, it must be done within those 60 days. If the appointment is not rescheduled during the previously approved time period, the covered person must contact the *preferred provider* again to receive authorization.

What we pay is subject to all the terms of this plan.

CGP-3-VSN-96-PPOA B505.0009

Lenses VSP.

Pre-Treatment Subject to prior approval by VSP consultants, we will pay benefits for Review For Necessary Contact Lenses provided to a covered person. A covered Necessary Contact person's doctor must request approval for Necessary Contact Lenses from

> No benefits will be paid for Necessary Contact Lenses if prior approval is not received from VSP.

> What we pay for Necessary Contact Lenses is subject to all of the terms of this plan.

> CGP-3-VSN-96-PTR2 B505.0014

Arbitration Of Disputes

Claim Appeals And If, under the provisions of this plan, a claim for benefits is denied in whole or in part, a request, in writing, may be submitted to VSP for a full review of the denial.

> The written request must be made to the Plan Administrator within 60 days following the denial of benefits. The request should contain sufficient information to identify the *covered person* whose benefits were denied. This includes the name of the covered person, the employee's social security number and the employee's date of birth. The covered person may state the reasons he or she believes that the denial of the claim was in error and may provide any pertinent documents which he or she wishes to be reviewed. The Plan Administrator will review the claim and give the covered person the opportunity to review pertinent documents, submit any statements, documents or written arguments in support of the claim, and appear personally to present materials or arguments. The determination of the Plan Administrator, including specific reasons for the decision, shall be provided and communicated to the covered person in writing within one hundred twenty (120) days after receipt of a request to review.

> Any dispute or question arising between VSP and any covered person involving the application, interpretation or performance under this plan shall be settled, if possible, by amicable and informal negotiations, allowing such opportunity as may be appropriate under the circumstances for fact finding and mediation. If any issue cannot be resolved in this fashion, it may be submitted to arbitration, if both parties agree.

> The procedure for arbitration shall be conducted pursuant to the rules of the American Arbitration Association.

Vision Service Plan This Plan's Vision Care Preferred Provider Organization (Cont.)

Grievance Procedures

Preferred Provider Grievances are handled by VSP's Professional Relations Vice President for action. The grievance process is designed to address covered persons' concerns quickly and satisfactorily. The following grievance procedures have been established:

- (1) The patient's written complaint will be referred to VSP's Professional Relations Vice President for action.
- (2) The complaint will be evaluated and, if deemed appropriate, the original examining doctor will be contacted.
- (3) If the complaint can be resolved within fifteen (15) days, the disposition of the complaint will be forwarded to the covered person. Otherwise, a notice of receipt of the complaint will be forwarded to the covered person advising the time for resolution.
- (4) Grievance procedures and complaint forms will be maintained in each preferred provider's office.
- (5) All complaints will be retained in the Professional Relations Department.

Complaints and grievances may be sent to the Professional Relations Vice President at:

> Vision Service Plan, Inc. 3333 Quality Drive Rancho Cordova, California 95670 (877) 814-8970 or (800) 877-7195

CGP-3-VSN-96-APP

B505.0015

How This Plan Works

We pay benefits for the covered charges a covered person incurs as follows. The services and supplies covered under this plan are explained in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this plan. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this plan. Read the entire plan to find out what we limit or exclude.

Services or Supplies From a Preferred Provider

If a covered person uses the services of a preferred provider, the preferred provider must receive approval from VSP prior to providing the covered person with any service or supply. See the "Pre-Authorization of Preferred Provider Services" section of this *plan* for specific requirements.

Copayments

The covered person must pay a copayment when he or she receives services from a preferred provider. We pay benefits for the covered charges a covered person incurs in excess of the copayment. This plan's copayments are as follows:

For each vision examination from a preferred provider \$10.00

Services or Supplies From a Preferred Provider (Cont.)

	For each pair of standard frames and/or standard lenses from a preferred provider
	For Necessary Contact Lenses from a preferred provider \$25.00
Payment Limits	Payment limits, durational or monetary, are shown in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this <i>plan</i> . When a monetary payment limit is set for a pair of materials, the limit is automatically halved if only one item is purchased.
Payment Rates	Once a <i>covered person</i> has paid any applicable <i>copayment</i> , we pay benefits for covered charges under this <i>plan</i> as follows. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this <i>plan</i> .
	For covered charges
Discounts	If a covered person receives a vision examination, and lenses or frames from a preferred provider, he or she will receive a discount on the cost of purchasing an unlimited number of prescription glasses and non-prescription sunglasses from the any preferred provider. The covered person may also receive a discount on the costs of evaluation and fitting of contact lenses. No discount applies to contact lenses or materials. The discount is available for 12 months after the initial examination.
	The discounts are:
	For Prescription Glasses 20% off of the <i>preferred provider's</i> usual and customary fee
	For Non-Prescription Sunglasses 20% off of the <i>preferred provider's</i> usual and customary fee
	For Contact Lens Evaluation and 15% off of the <i>preferred provider's</i> Fitting Costs
	If a covered person receives a vision examination, and lenses or frames from a <i>preferred provider</i> , he or she will receive a discount on the cost of purchasing an unlimited number of additional prescription glasses and non-prescription sunglasses from the same <i>preferred provider</i> on the same day.
	The discounts are:
	For Prescription Glasses 30% off of the <i>preferred provider's</i> usual and customary fee
	For Non-Prescription Sunglasses 30% off of the <i>preferred provider's</i> usual and customary fee
CGP-3-VSN-96-BEN1	B505.0934

Services or Supplies From a Non-Preferred Provider

If a covered person uses the services of a non-preferred provider, the covered person must submit the itemized bill to VSP for claims payment. All claims must be sent to VSP within 180 days of the date services are completed or supplies are received. The benefits we pay are subject to all of the terms of this plan.

Cash Deductible There are separate cash deductibles for each covered service provided by a For Services Of A non-preferred provider. These cash deductibles are shown below. The Non-Preferred covered person must have covered charges in excess of the cash deductible **Provider** before we pay him or her any benefits for the service or supply.

For each vision examination provided by a non-preferred provider . . . \$10.00

For each pair of standard frames and/or

standard lenses from a non-preferred provider \$25.00

For each pair of Necessary Contact Lenses from

a non-preferred provider \$25.00

Payment Limits Payment limits, durational or monetary, are shown in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this plan. When a monetary payment limit is set for a pair of materials, the limit is automatically halved if only one item is purchased.

Payment Rates

Once a covered person has met any applicable deductible, we pay benefits for covered charges under this plan as follows. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this plan.

CGP-3-VSN-96-BEN2 B505.0021

Covered Charges

Covered charges are the usual and customary charges for the services and supplies described below. We pay benefits only for covered charges incurred by a covered person while he or she is insured by this plan. Charges in excess of any payment limits shown in this plan are not covered charges.

Covered Services and Supplies

This section lists the types of charges we cover. But what we pay is subject to all of the terms of this plan. Read the entire plan to find out what we limit or exclude.

All covered vision services must be furnished by or under the direct supervision of an optometrist, ophthalmologist or other licensed or qualified vision care provider. The services or supplies must be the usual and customary treatment for a vision condition.

Vision Examinations We cover charges for comprehensive vision care examinations. Such examinations include a complete analysis of the eyes and related structures to determine the presence of vision problems or other abnormalities. When a vision examination indicates that new lenses or frames or both are visually necessary and appropriate for the proper visual health of a covered person, professional services covered by this *plan* include:

- prescribing and ordering of proper lenses;
- assisting in the selection of frames;
- verifying the accuracy of finished lenses;
- proper fitting and adjustment of frames;
- subsequent adjustments to frames to maintain comfort and efficiency; and
- progress or follow-up work as necessary.

We don't cover more than one vision examination in any 12 month period.

And if a covered person uses a non-preferred provider, we limit what we pay for each vision examination to \$46.00.

CGP-3-VSN-96-LIST1 B505.0025

Standard Lenses

We cover charges for single vision, bifocal, trifocal or lenticular lenses. We cover glass, plastic or for dependent children to age 26, polycarbonate lenses.

If a covered person uses a non-preferred provider, we limit what we pay to

- \$47.00 for each pair of single vision lenses
- \$66.00 for each pair of bifocal lenses
- \$85.00 for each pair of trifocal lenses and
- \$125.00 for each pair of lenticular lenses.

CGP-3-VSN-05-SL B505.0453

We do not cover charges for more than one set of standard lenses in any 12 month period.

CGP-3-VSN-05-SL B505.0455

Standard Frames We cover charges for standard frames.

If a covered person uses a preferred provider, we cover charges up to a retail frame allowance of \$120.00, plus 20% of any amount over the allowance.

If a covered person uses a non-preferred provider, we limit what we pay for each set of standard frames to \$47.00.

We don't cover charges for more than one set of standard frames in any 24 month period.

If the covered person chooses elective contact lenses, we do not cover standard frames for 24 months from the date the elective contacts are purchased.

CGP-3-VSN-05-SF B505.1261

Lenses

Necessary Contact We cover charges for Necessary Contact Lenses upon prior approval by VSP. We cover charges, and charges for related professional services, only if the lenses are needed:

- (a) following cataract surgery;
- (b) to correct extreme visual acuity problems that cannot be corrected with spectacle lenses;
- (c) for certain conditions of anisometropia; or
- (d) for keratoconus.

We don't cover charges for more than one pair of Necessary Contact Lenses in any 12 month period.

If a covered person receives Necessary Contact Lenses from a preferred provider, we pay 100% of covered charges. If he or she receives Necessary Contact Lenses from a non-preferred provider, we limit what we pay to \$210.00 in any 12 month period.

CGP-3-VSN-96-LIST7 B505.0028

Lenses

Elective Contact We cover charges for elective contact lenses, but only in lieu of standard lenses and standard frames. We cover charges for hard, rigid gas permeable, soft, disposable, 30-day extended wear, daily-wear and planned replacement elective lenses.

> If we cover charges for elective contact lenses, we will not cover charges for standard lenses for 12 months and standard frames for at least 24 months.

> We limit what we pay for elective contact lenses to \$120.00 once every 12 months.

> CGP-3-VSN-05-ECL B505.0427

Special Limitations

Replaces Another VSP Plan

If This VSP Plan If, prior to being covered under this plan, a covered person was covered by another vision care plan with VSP under which he or she received a covered service within 6 months prior to the effective date of this plan, the date he or she received such a covered service will be used as the last date of service when applying the benefit period limitations under this plan. We apply this provision only if the covered person was enrolled in another VSP plan immediately before enrolling in this plan.

> CGP-3-VSN-96-SL1 B505.0031

- We won't pay for *orthoptics* or vision training and any associated supplemental testing.
- We won't pay for medical or surgical treatment of the eyes.
- We won't pay for any eye examination or corrective eyewear required by an employer as a condition of employment.

CGP-3-VSN-96-EXC1 B505.0034

- We will not pay for plano lenses (lenses with less than a .38 diopter power).
- We will not pay for two sets of glasses in lieu of bifocals.
- We will not pay for replacement of lenses and frames furnished under this plan which are lost or broken, except at normal intervals when services are otherwise available.
- We will not pay for blended lenses.
- We will not pay for oversized lenses.
- We will not pay for the laminating of the lens or lenses.
- We will not pay for a frame that costs more than the plan allowance.
- We will not pay for UV (ultraviolet protected lenses).
- We will not pay for cosmetic lenses or any cosmetic process, unless specifically shown as covered in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section.
- We will not pay for progressive multifocal lenses.
- We will not pay for the coating of the lens or lenses.
- We will not pay for photochromic lenses and tinted lenses, except for pink #1 and pink #2.

CGP-3-VSN-05-EXC B505.0428

Charges not covered due to this provision are not considered covered vision services and cannot be used to satisfy this *plan's copayments* or *deductibles*, if any.

CGP-3-VSN-96-EXC17 B505.0037

(To be attached to certificates issued to employees) The certificate is amended as follows:

This plan's Employee Basic Life "Settlement Option" provision of the Life Certificate is modified as follows:

Settlement Option: Unless otherwise elected by the certificate holder or beneficiary, benefits will be paid in a single lump sum check. We may make other options available in addition to the single check option.

This rider is part of this certificate. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this certificate.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuart J Shaw

Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-1-A B531.0114

(To be attached to certificates issued to employees) The certificate is amended as follows:

This plan's Employee and Dependent Optional Life "Settlement Option" provision is modified as follows:

Settlement Option: Unless otherwise elected by the certificate holder or beneficiary, benefits will be paid in a single lump sum check. We may make other options available in addition to the single check option.

This rider is part of this certificate. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this certificate.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuart J Shaw

Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-1-A B531.0117

The certificate is amended as follows:

The Dental Insurance eligibility provisions applicable to dependent coverage are modified to provide that:

- (a) your dependent child is a child under age 26;
- (b) marital status, residency and financial dependency requirements do not apply to your dependent child; except as stated in item (c);
- (c) your handicapped child can stay eligible for dependent coverage past age 26 if your child is unmarried and is unable to support himself or herself; and
- (d) reference to an individual dependent's coverage ending when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on you for support and maintenance, except as stated for a handicapped child past the age limit, is deleted.

All terms and conditions of your certificate not specifically changed herein remain in full force and effect.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuart J Shaw

Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-A-1 B531.0099

The certificate is amended as follows:

The Vision Insurance eligibility provisions applicable to dependent coverage are modified to provide that:

- (a) your dependent child is a child under age 26;
- (b) marital status, residency and financial dependency requirements do not apply to your dependent child; except as stated in item (c);
- (c) your handicapped child can stay eligible for dependent coverage past age 26 if your child is unmarried and is unable to support himself or herself; and
- (d) reference to an individual dependent's coverage ending when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on you for support and maintenance, except as stated for a handicapped child past the age limit, is deleted.

All terms and conditions of your certificate not specifically changed herein remain in full force and effect.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuart J Shaw

Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-A-1 B531.0101

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

Important Notice This section applies to all group health benefits under this plan; except prescription drug and vision coverage, if any. It does not apply to any death, dismemberment, or loss of income benefits that may be provided under this plan.

Purpose

When a covered person has health care coverage under more than one plan, this section allows this plan to coordinate what it pays with what other plans pay. This is done so that the covered person does not collect more in benefits than he or she incurs in charges.

Definitions

Allowable Expense This term means any necessary, reasonable, and customary item of health care expense that is covered, at least in part, by any of the plans which cover the person. This includes: (a) deductibles; (b) coinsurance; and (c) copayments. When a plan provides benefits in the form of services, the reasonable cash value of each service will be considered an allowable expense and a benefit paid.

> An expense or service that is not covered by any of the plans is not an allowable expense. Examples of other expenses or services that are not allowable expenses are:

- If a person is confined in a private hospital room, the difference between the cost of a semi-private room in the hospital and the private room is not an allowable expense. This does not apply if: (a) the stay in the private room is medically necessary in terms of generally accepted medical practice; or (b) one of the plans routinely provides coverage for private hospital rooms.
- (2) The amount a benefit is reduced by the primary plan because a person does not comply with the plan's provisions is **not** an allowable expense. Examples of these provisions are: (a) precertification of admissions and procedures; (b) continued stay reviews; and (c) preferred provider arrangements.
- If a person is covered by two or more plans that compute their benefit payments on the basis of reasonable and customary charges, any amount in excess of the primary plan's reasonable and customary charges for a specific benefit is **not** an allowable expense.
- (4) If a person is covered by two or more plans that provide benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, an amount in excess of the primary plan's negotiated fees for a specific benefit is **not** an allowable expense.

If a person is covered by one plan that computes its benefits or services on the basis of reasonable and customary charges and another plan that provides its benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, the primary plan's payment arrangements will be the allowable expense for all plans. However, if the provider has contracted with the secondary plan to provide the benefit or service for a specific negotiated fee or payment amount that is different than the primary plan's payment arrangement and if the provider's contract permits, the negotiated fee or payment shall be the allowable expense used by the secondary plan to determine its benefit.

Claim This term means a request that benefits of a plan be provided or paid.

Claim Determination This term means a calendar year. It does not include any part of a year Period during which a person has no coverage under this plan, or before the date this section takes effect.

Coordination Of This term means a provision which determines an order in which plans pay Benefits their benefits, and which permits secondary plans to reduce their benefits so that the combined benefits of all plans do not exceed total allowable expenses.

Custodial Parent This term means a parent awarded custody by a court decree. In the absence of a court decree, it is the parent with whom the child resides more than one half of the calendar year without regard to any temporary visitation.

Plan This term means any of the following that provides benefits or services for health care or treatment: (1) group, blanket or franchise insurance coverage; (2) service plan contracts, group practice, individual practice and other prepayment coverage; (3) any coverage under labor-management trusteed plans, union welfare plans, employer organization plans, or employee benefit organization plans; and (4) governmental benefits, except Medicare, as permitted by law.

This term does not include: (a) individual or family insurance; (b) individual or family subscriber contracts; (c) school-type blanket accident and sickness insurance; (d) blanket accident insurance that is excess to other coverage; (e) medical benefit payments in traditional automobile contracts; or (f) Medicare, Medicaid, and coverage under other governmental plans, unless permitted by law.

This term also does not include any plan that this plan supplements. Plans that this plan supplements are named in the benefit description.

Each type of coverage listed above is treated separately. If a plan has two parts and coordination of benefits applies only to one of the two, each of the parts is treated separately.

Primary Plan

This term means a plan that pays first without regard that another plan may cover some expenses. A plan is a primary plan if either of the following is true: (1) the plan either has no order of benefit determination rules, or its rules differ from those explained in this section; or (2) all plans that cover the person use the order of benefit determination rules explained in this section, and under those rules the plan pays its benefits first.

Secondary Plan This term means a plan that is not a primary plan.

This Plan This term means the group health benefits, except prescription drug and vision coverage, if any, provided under this group plan.

> CGP-3-R-COB-05 B555.0293

Order Of Benefit Determination

The primary plan pays or provides its benefits as if the secondary plan or plans did not exist.

A plan may consider the benefits paid or provided by another plan to determine its benefits only when it is secondary to that other plan. If a person is covered by more than one secondary plan, the rules explained below decide the order in which secondary plan benefits are determined in relation to each other.

A plan that does not contain a coordination of benefits provision is always primary.

When all plans have coordination of benefits provisions, the rules to determine the order of payment are listed below. The first of the rules that applies is the rule to use.

Dependent

Non-Dependent Or The plan that covers the person other than as a dependent (for example, as an employee, member, subscriber, or retiree) is primary. The plan that covers the person as a dependent is secondary.

> But, if the person is a Medicare beneficiary and, as a result of federal law, Medicare is secondary to the plan that covers the person as a dependent; and primary to the plan that covers the person other than as a dependent (for example, as a retiree); then the order of payment between the two plans is reversed. In that case, the plan that covers the person as an employee, member, subscriber, or retiree is secondary and the other plan is primary.

Child Covered Under More Than One Plan

The order of benefit determination when a child is covered by more than one plan is:

- If the parents are married, or are not separated (whether or not they ever have been married), or a court decree awards joint custody without specifying that one party must provide health care coverage, the plan of the parent whose birthday is earlier in the year is primary. If both parents have the same birthday, the plan that covered either of the parents longer is primary. If a plan does not have this birthday rule, then that plan's coordination of benefits provision will determine which plan is primary.
- If the specific terms of a court decree state that one of the parents must provide health care coverage and the plan of the parent has actual knowledge of those terms, that plan is primary. This rule applies to claim determination periods that start after the plan is given notice of the court decree.

In the absence of a court decree, if the parents are not married, or are separated (whether or not they ever have been married), or are divorced, the order of benefit determination is: (a) the plan of the custodial parent; (b) the plan of the spouse of the custodial parent; (c) the plan of the noncustodial parent; and (d) the plan of the spouse of the noncustodial parent.

Active Or Inactive Employee

The plan that covers a person as an active employee, or as that person's dependent, is primary. An active employee is one who is neither laid off nor retired. The plan that covers a person as a laid off or retired employee, or as that person's dependent, is secondary. If a plan does not have this rule and as a result the plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this rule is ignored.

Coverage

Continuation The plan that covers a person as an active employee, member, subscriber, or retired employee, or as that person's dependent, is primary. The plan that covers a person under a right of continuation provided by federal or state law is secondary. If a plan does not have this rule and as a result the plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this rule is ignored.

Length Of Coverage The plan that covered the person longer is primary.

Other If the above rules do not determine the primary plan, the allowable expenses will be shared equally between the plans that meet the definition of plan under this section. But, this plan will not pay more than it would have had it been the primary plan.

CGP-3-R-COB-05 B555.0295

Effect On The Benefits Of This Plan

When This Plan Is When this plan is primary, its benefits are determined before those of any **Primary** other plan and without considering any other plan's benefits.

Secondary

When This Plan Is When this plan is secondary, it may reduce its benefits so that the total benefits paid or provided by all plans during a claim determination period are not more than 100% of total allowable expenses. When the benefits of this plan are reduced, each benefit is reduced in proportion. It is then charged against the applicable benefit limit of this plan.

Right To Receive And Release Needed Information

Certain facts about health care coverage and services are needed to apply these rules and to determine benefits payable under this plan and other plans. This plan may get the facts it needs from, or give them to, other organizations or persons to apply these rules and determine benefits payable under this plan and other plans which cover the person claiming benefits. This plan need not tell, or get the consent of, any person to do this. Each person claiming benefits under this plan must provide any facts it needs to apply these rules and determine benefits payable.

A payment made under another plan may include an amount that should have been paid by this plan. If it does, this plan may pay that amount to the organization that made the payment. That amount will then be treated as though it were a benefit paid by this plan. This plan will not have to pay that amount again.

As used here, the term "payment made" includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

Right Of Recovery

If the amount of the payments made by this plan is more than it should have paid under this section, it may recover the excess: (a) from one or more of the persons it has paid or for whom it has paid; or (b) from any other person or organization that may be responsible for benefits or services provided for the covered person.

As used here, the term "amount of the payments made" includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

CGP-3-R-COB-05 B555.0296

Notwithstanding any provision in the Plan to the contrary, it is hereby agreed that the Group Plan is amended November 1, 2002 so that,

- (A) A Covered Person may select any holder of a license issued under Section 2135, 1000, 1634 or 2948 of the California Business and Professions Code, to perform any Covered service such holder is expressly authorized by law to perform.
- (B) A Covered Person may select a clinical social worker who is the holder of a license issued under Section 9040 of the California Business and Professions Code, to perform any covered service which such social worker is expressly authorized by law to perform, provided such Covered Person is referred to such social worker by a licensed physician or surgeon.
- (C) A Covered Person may select an occupational therapist, regulated under Section 2570 of the California Business and Professions Code to perform any covered service which such Occupational Therapist is expressly authorized by law to perform, provided such Covered Person is referred to such occupational therapist by a licensed physician or surgeon.
- (D) A Covered Person may select a speech pathologist or audiologist, licensed under section 2530 of the California Business and Professions Code, to perform any covered service which such speech pathologist or audiologist is expressly authorized by law to perform, provided such Covered Person is referred to such speech pathologist of audiologist by a licensed physician or surgeon.
- (E) A Covered Person may select a marriage, family, and child counselor, licensed under Section 17805 of the California Business and Professions Code, to perform any covered service which such family, marriage, and child counselor is expressly authorized by law to perform, provided Covered Person is referred to such family, marriage, and child counselor by a licensed physician or surgeon.

This Rider shall form a part of the Policy, Except as stated in this Rider, nothing contained herein shall be held to alter or affect any of the provisions of the policy, including any prior Riders, Amendments, or Endorsements.

All terms and conditions of your certificate, not specifically changed herein, remain in full force and effect.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

Stuart J

CGP-1-A-CAL-PR B590.9027

Shaw

GLOSSARY

This Glossary defines the italicized terms appearing in your booklet.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B900.0118

Anisometropia means a condition of unequal refractive state for the two eyes, one eye

requiring different lens correction than the other.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF1 B750.0457

Anterior Teeth means the incisor and cuspid teeth. The teeth are located in front of the

bicuspids (pre-molars).

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0664

Appliance means any dental device other than a *dental prosthesis*.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0665

Benefit Period with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means the time period beginning

when a covered service is received and extending to the date on which, according to the time limitations contained in this *plan*, the covered service is

again available to a covered person.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0458

Benefit Year means a 12 month period which starts on January 1st and ends on

December 31st of each year.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0666

Blended Lenses mean bifocals which do not have a visible dividing line.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0459

Coated Lenses means substance added to a finished lens on one or both surfaces.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0460

Copayment with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means a charge, expressed as a fixed

dollar amount, required to be paid by or on behalf of a covered person to a

preferred provider at the time covered vision services are received.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0461

Covered Dental means any group of procedures which falls under one of the following **Specialty** categories, whether performed by a specialist *dentist* or a general *dentist*:

categories, whether performed by a specialist *dentist* or a general *dentist*: restorative/prosthodontic services; endodontic services, periodontic services,

oral surgery and pedodontics.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0667

Covered Family means an employee and those of his or her dependents who are covered by

this plan.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0668

Covered Person means an employee or any of his or her covered dependents.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0669

Covered Person with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means an employee or eligible dependent who meets this plan's eligibility criteria and who is covered under this plan.

> CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0462

Customary

with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means, when referring to a covered charge, that the charge for the covered vision condition isn't more than the usual charge made by most other doctors with similar training and experience in the same geographic area.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0484

Deductible

with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means any amount which a covered person must pay before he or she is reimbursed for covered services provided by a non-preferred provider.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0483

Dental Prosthesis

means a restorative service which is used to replace one or more missing or lost teeth and associated tooth structures. It includes all types of abutment crowns, inlays and onlays, bridge pontics, complete and immediate dentures, partial dentures and unilateral partials. It also includes all types of crowns, veneers, inlays, onlays, implants and posts and cores.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0670

Dentist means any dental or medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize who: (a) is properly licensed or certified under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provides services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate and covered by this plan.

> CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0671

Eligibility Date

for dependent coverage is the earliest date on which: (a) you have initial dependents; and (b) are eligible for dependent coverage.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B900.0003

Eligible Dependent is defined in the provision entitled "Dependent Coverage."

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0015

Emergency means bona fide emergency services which: (a) are reasonably necessary to Treatment relieve the sudden onset of severe pain, fever, swelling, serious bleeding, severe discomfort, or to prevent the imminent loss of teeth; and (b) are covered by this plan.

> CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0672

Employee

means a person who works for the employer at the employer's place of business, and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0006

Employer means TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION GROUP.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B900.0051

Enrollment Period with respect to dependent coverage, means the 31 day period which starts on the date that you first become eligible for dependent coverage.

> CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B900.0004

Full-time

means the employee regularly works at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the employer (but not less than 30 hours per week), at his employer's place of business.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0229

Incurred, Or with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means the placing of an order for Incurred Date lenses, frames or contact lenses, or the date on which such an order was placed.

> CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0466

Initial Dependents

means those eligible dependents you have at the time you first become eligible for employee coverage. If at this time you do not have any eligible dependents, but you later acquire them, the first eligible dependents you acquire are your initial dependents.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B900.0006

means all damage to a covered person's mouth due to an accident which occurred while he or she is covered by this plan, and all complications arising from that damage. But the term injury does not include damage to teeth, appliances or dental prostheses which results solely from chewing or biting food or other substances.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0673

Keratoconus means a development or dystrophic deformity of the cornea in which it becomes coneshaped due to a thinning and stretching of the tissue in its central area.

> CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF11 B750.0467

Lenticular Lenses

mean high-powered lenses with the desired prescription power found only in the central portion. The outer carrier portion has a front surface with a changing radius of curvature.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF11 B750.0485

Newly Acquired means an eligible dependent you acquire after you already have coverage in **Dependent** force for *initial dependents*.

> CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B900.0008

Non-Preferred means a dentist or dental care facility that is not under contract with **Provider** DentalGuard Preferred as a *preferred provider*.

> CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0674

Provider

Non-Preferred with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means any optometrist, optician, ophthalmologist, or other licensed and qualified vision care provider who has not contracted with the plan to provide vision care services and/or vision care materials to covered persons of the plan.

> CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF14 B750.0487

Treatment

Orthodontic means the movement of one or more teeth by the use of active appliances. it includes: (a) treatment plan and records, including initial, interim and final records; (b) periodic visits, limited orthodontic treatment, interceptive orthodontic treatment and comprehensive orthodontic treatment, including fabrication and insertion of any and all fixed appliances; (c) orthodontic retention, including any and all necessary fixed and removable appliances and related visits. This plan does not pay benefits for orthodontic treatment.

> CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0685

Orthoptics

means the teaching and training process for the improvement of visual perception and coordination of two eyes for efficient and comfortable binocular vision.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF16 B750.0472

Oversize lenses mean larger than a standard lens blank, to accommodate prescriptions.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0489

Payment Limit means the maximum amount this plan pays for covered services during

either a benefit year or a covered person's lifetime, as applicable.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0676

Payment Rate means the percentage rate that this *plan* pays for covered services.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0677

Photochromic Lenses

mean lenses which change color with the intensity of sunlight.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17

B750.0490

Posterior Teeth

means the bicuspid (pre-molars) and molar teeth. These are the teeth

located behind the cuspids.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0679

Plan means the Guardian group dental plan purchased by the planholder.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0678

Plan Benefits with respect to Vision Care Insurance, mean the vision care services and vision care materials which a covered person is entitled to receive by virtue of coverage under this plan.

> CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0492

Plano Lenses

mean lenses which have no refractive power (lenses with less than a +/- .38 diopter power).

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0491

Preferred Provider

means a dentist or dental care facility that is under contract with DentalGuard Preferred as a preferred provider.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0680

Preferred Provider with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means an optometrist, ophthalmologist or optician or other licensed and qualified vision care provider who has contracted with the plan to provide vision care services and/or vision care materials on behalf of covered persons of the plan.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF14

Prior Plan means the planholder's plan or policy of group dental insurance which was in force immediately prior to this plan. To be considered a prior plan, this plan must start immediately after the prior coverage ends.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B750.0681

Proof Of Claim means dental radiographs, study models, periodontal charting, written narrative or any documentation that may validate the necessity of the proposed treatment.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B750.0682

Proof or Proof of Insurability

means an application for insurance showing that a person is insurable.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B900.0010

B750.0478

Standard Frames

mean frames valued up to the limit published by VSP which is given to preferred providers.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17

Standard Lenses mean regular glass or plastic lenses. See the "Special Limitations" section for what we limit or exclude.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17

B750.0479

Tinted Lenses

mean lenses which have an additional substance added to produce constant

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17

B750.0480

Usual means, when referring to a covered charge, that the charge is the doctor's standard charge for the service furnished. If more than one type of service can be used to treat a vision condition, "usual" refers to the charge for the least expensive type of service which meets the accepted standards of vision care practice.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17

B750.0481

Visually Necessary Or Appropriate

means medically or visually necessary to for the restoration or maintenance of a covered person's visual acuity and health and for which there is no less expensive professionally acceptable alternative.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17

B750.0482

We, Us, Our And Guardian

mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B750.0683

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

As a participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

- Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- (b) Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage

Continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse or dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. You should review this summary plan description and the documents governing the plan on the rules governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights.

Prudent Actions By Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Your Rights

Enforcement Of If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Questions

Assistance with If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Child Support Order

Qualified Medical Federal law requires that group health plans provide medical care coverage of a dependent child pursuant to a qualified medical child support order (QMCSO). A "qualified medical child support order" is a judgment or decree issued by a state court that requires a group medical plan to provide coverage to the named dependent child(ren) of an employee pursuant to a state domestic relations order. For the order to be qualified it must include:

- The name of the group health plan to which it applies.
- The name and last known address of the employee and the child(ren).
- A reasonable description of the type of coverage or benefits to be provided by the plan to the child(ren).
- The time period to which the order applies.

A dependent enrolled due to a QMCSO will not be considered a late enrollee in the plan.

Note: A QMCSO cannot require a group health plan to provide any type or form of benefit or option not otherwise available under the plan except to the extent necessary to meet medical child support laws described in Section 90 of the Social Security Act.

If you have questions about this statement, see the plan administrator.

CGP-3 B800.0048

The dental expense benefits provided by this plan are guaranteed by a policy of insurance issued by The Guardian. The Guardian also supplies administrative services, such as claims services, including the payment of claims, preparation of employee certificates of insurance, and changes to such certificates.

CGP-3 B800.0053

The vision care expense benefits provided by this plan are guaranteed by a policy of insurance issued by The Guardian. The Guardian also supplies administrative services, such as claims services, including the payment of claims, preparation of employee certificates of insurance, and changes to such certificates.

CGP-3 B800.0055

The Guardian is located at 7 Hanover Square, New York, New York 10004.

Disability And Group Health Benefits Claims Procedure

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe the terms of the plan with respect to claims. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA")

Definitions

"Adverse determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit. A failure to cover an item or

service: (a) due to the application of any utilization review; or (b) because the item or service is determined to be experimental or investigational, or not medically necessary or appropriate, is also considered an adverse determination.

"Group Health Benefits" means any dental, out-of-network point-of-service medical, major medical, vision care or prescription drug coverages which are a part of this plan.

"Pre-service claim" means a claim for a medical care benefit with respect to which the plan conditions receipt of the benefit, in whole or in part, on approval of the benefit in advance of receipt of care.

"Post-service claim" means a claim for payment for medical care that already has been provided.

"Urgent care claim" means a claim for medical care or treatment where making a non- urgent care decision: (a) could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the claimant or the ability of the claimant to regain maximum function, as determined by an individual acting on behalf of the plan applying the judgment of a prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine; or (b) in the opinion of a physician with knowledge of the claimant's medical condition, would subject the claimant to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the care.

Note: Any claim that a physician with knowledge of the claimant's medical condition determines is a claim involving urgent care will be treated as an urgent care claim for purposes of this section.

Determination

Timing For Initial The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian Benefit will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Disability Benefits

Disability And Group Health Benefits Claims Procedure (Cont.)

Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 45 days after the date of receipt of a claim. This period may be extended by up to 30 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period. Such notification will include the reason for the extension and a date by which the determination will be made. If prior to the end of the 30-day period Guardian determines that an additional extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant, the time period for making a benefit determination may be extended for an additional period of up to 30 days. Such notification will include the special circumstances requiring the extension and a date by which the final determination will be made.

A notification of an extension to the time period in which a benefit determination will be made will include an explanation of the standards upon which entitlement to a benefit is based, any unresolved issues that prevent a decision of the claim, and the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 45 days after receipt of the claim.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Group Health Benefits

Urgent Care Claims. Guardian will make a benefit determination within 72 hours after receipt of an urgent care claim.

If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim. The claimant will be given not less than 48 hours to provide the specified information.

Guardian will notify the claimant of the benefit determination as soon as possible but not later than the earlier of:

- the date the requested information is received; or
- the end of the period given to the claimant to provide the specified additional information.

The required notice may be provided to the claimant orally within the required time frame provided that a written or electronic notification is furnished to the claimant not later than 3 days after the oral notification.

Disability And Group Health Benefits Claims Procedure (Cont.)

Pre-Service Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 15 days after receipt of a pre-service claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 5 days after receipt of the claim. A notification of a failure to follow proper procedures for pre-service claims may be oral, unless a written notification is requested by the claimant.

The time period for providing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 15-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Post-Service Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 30 days after receipt of a post- service claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 30 days after receipt of the claim.

The time period for completing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 30-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Concurrent Care Decisions. A reduction or termination of an approved ongoing course of treatment (other than by plan amendment or termination) will be regarded as an adverse benefit determination. This is true whether the treatment is to be provided (a) over a period of time; (b) for a certain number of treatments; or (c) without a finite end date. Guardian will notify a claimant at a time sufficiently in advance of the reduction or termination to allow the claimant to appeal.

In the case of a request by a claimant to extend an ongoing course of treatment involving urgent care, Guardian will make a benefit determination as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim.

CGP-3-ERISA B800.0077

Determination

Adverse Benefit If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- the specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- reference to the specific plan provision(s) on which the determination is
- a description of any additional material or information necessary to make the claim valid and an explanation of why such material or information is needed:
- a description of the plan's claim review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement indicating that the claimant has the right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination;
- identification and description of any specific internal rule, guideline or protocol that was relied upon in making an adverse benefit determination, or a statement that a copy of such information will be provided to the claimant free of charge upon request;
- in the case of an adverse benefit determination based on medical necessity or experimental treatment, notice will either include an explanation of the scientific or clinical basis for the determination, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request; and
- in the case of an urgent care adverse determination, a description of the expedited review process.

Determinations

Appeal of Adverse If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days Benefit to make an appeal.

> A request for an appeal of an adverse benefit determination involving an urgent care claim may be submitted orally or in writing. Necessary information and communication regarding an urgent care claim may be sent to Guardian by telephone, facsimile or similar expeditious manner.

> Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- the opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- the opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relating to the claim: and
- a review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will

 provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate:

Disability And Group Health Benefits Claims Procedure (Cont.)

- in deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision regarding review of an appeal as follows:

Disability Benefits

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 45 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination. This period may be extended by an additional period of up to 45 days if Guardian determines that special circumstances require an extension of the time period for processing and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period.

A notification with respect to an extension will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of the time period for review, and the date by which the final determination will be made.

Group Health Benefits

Urgent Care Claims.Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision as soon as possible but not later than 72 hours after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Pre-Service Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 30 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Post-Service Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 60 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Alternative Dispute The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute Options resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

> CGP-3-ERISA B800.0078

Termination of This Group Plan

Your *employer* may terminate this group *plan* at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This *plan* will also end if your *employer* fails to pay a premium due by the end of this grace period.

We may have the option to terminate this *plan* if the number of people insured falls below a certain level.

When this *plan* ends, you may be eligible to continue your insurance coverage. Your rights upon termination of the *plan* are explained in this booklet.

Life And Accidental Death And Dismemberment Insurance Claims Procedure

Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe the terms of the *plan* with respect to claims.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"):

- (a) If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will be notified of the decision within 90 days after Guardian received the claim.
- (b) If special circumstances require an extension of time for processing the claim, written notice of the extension shall be furnished to the claimant prior to the termination of the initial 90-day period. In no event shall such extension exceed a period of 90 days from the end of such initial period. The extension notice shall indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of time and the date by which The Guardian expects to render the final decision.
- (c) If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:
 - (1) the specific reason(s) the claim was denied;
 - (2) specific references to the pertinent *plan* provision on which the denial is based:
 - a description of any additional material or information needed to make the claim valid, and an explanation of why the material or information is needed;
 - (4) an explanation of the *plan*'s claim review procedure.

A claimant must file a request for review of a denied claim within 60 days after receipt of written notification of denial of a claim.

(d) Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision within 60 days of receipt of the request for review. If special circumstances require an extension of time for processing, The Guardian will render a decision as soon as possible, but no later than 120 days after receiving the request. The Guardian will notify the claimant about the extension.

The claims procedures applicable to disability benefits under this plan apply to your application for an extension of life insurance benefits due to total disability under an Extended Life Benefit under this plan.

Termination of This Group Plan

Your *employer* may terminate this group *plan* at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This *plan* will also end if your *employer* fails to pay a premium due by the end of this grace period.

We may have the option to terminate this *plan* if the number of people insured falls below a certain level.

When this *plan* ends, you may be eligible to continue or convert your insurance coverage. Your rights upon termination of the *plan* are explained in this booklet.

YOUR BENEFITS INFORMATION - ANYTIME, ANYWHERE

www.GuardianAnytime.com

Insured employees and their dependents can access helpful, secure information about their Guardian benefits(s) online at:

GuardianAnytime.com - 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Anytime, anywhere you have an internet connection you will be able to:

- Review your benefits
- Look up coverage amounts
- Check the status of a claim
- Print forms and plan materials
- And so much more!

To register, go to www.GuardianAnytime.com



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